## «ALIKHAN BOKEIKHAN UNIVERSITY» EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION

## MODULAR EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

Educational program 6B12330 «Law enforcement»

Discussed and approved at the meeting of the Department: Criminal Law disciplines (Protocol № 5 of 20.01.2023 year)

Reviewed and recommended for approval at a meeting of the Academic Quality Council of the Faculty of Law (Protocol № 2 of 17.02.2023 years ).

Approved at the meeting of the Educational and Methodological Council of the University (Protocol №5 of 25.05.2023 years).

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- Explanatory note
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### **Summary of the sections of the MEP**

### 1. Explanatory note

The modular educational program (MEP) is compiled in accordance with the State Standard of Higher and Postgraduate Education, approved by Order No. 2 of the Minister of Science and Higher Education of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated July 20, 2022; Rules of organization of the educational process on credit technology of education, approved by Order №152 of the Minister of Education and Science of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated April 20, 2011; Standard Rules of Activity organizations of higher and (or) postgraduate education, approved by the Order of the Minister of Education and Science of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated October 30, 2018 № 595.

The modular educational program (MEP) is designed as a set and sequence of training modules for the entire period of study and is aimed at mastering the competencies necessary for awarding the degree «Bachelor of National Security and Military Affairs» according to the educational program 6B12330 – Law Enforcement. The OOD block includes disciplines for all educational programs (56 credits in total), during the study of which the graduate must master the competence of general education.

The BD block includes disciplines of the university component (VC), which is 41 credits and elective components (CV), which is 71 credits. Modules of these disciplines allow forming a complex of system-forming competencies acquired by a graduate.

The PD block includes the disciplines of the university component (VC), which is 27 credits; and the elective component (CV), which is 37 credits. Modules of these disciplines allow you to form a complex of special competencies acquired by a graduate.

Theoretical training -232 kr, FE – 8 credits. In total, a student at the end of the MOS must master 240 credits. In total, the MEP contains 20 modules.

The following social partners took part in the development of the modular educational program: Kangozhina Zh.N. - Lawyer of the Bar Association of the Abai region; Dosmailova L.K., Senior Assistant prosecutor, Prosecutor's office of the Abai region, junior Justice Adviser; Adilbekova S.M - Head of the SU DP of the Abai Region, police colonel; Adilkhanova G.O. – Deputy Director for Judicial-medical issues, Institute of Forensic Examinations in the Abai region of the Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

The purpose of the educational program: to deepen professionally significant knowledge in the field of the future profession, to expand the scope of skills and abilities in the specialty, including solving practical problems in substantive and procedural law and conducting an examination of regulatory documents; to form knowledge, skills and skills in the pre-trial investigation of a criminal case, operational and official activities of law enforcement agencies, judicial review of criminal, civil and administrative affairs.

### **Expected results of the educational program:**

- ON 1 understand, apply and interpret laws and other regulatory legal acts, have a detailed understanding of the legal system, sources and mechanism of legal regulation of public relations, ensure compliance with the national legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the course of activities of state bodies and other subjects of legal relations
- ON 2 –to understand and apply laws and other regulatory legal acts of the Republic of Kazakhstan, on the basis of acquired skills and knowledge, to have a high legal culture and legal awareness, in compliance with the principles and culture of academic integrity, to carry out high-quality professional activities
- ON 3 know the legal characteristics and main functions of the branch of law, describe qualified legal opinions on law enforcement practice, apply acquired skills in the field of civil, environmental, civil procedure, labor, family, and criminal legislation, as well as administrative activities in a professional environment
- ON 4 Demonstrate knowledge of the idea of a modern law state to instill entrepreneurial skills, leadership qualities, receptivity to innovation based on scientific research with integrity, as well as ensuring safety standards.

- ON 5 have a detailed understanding of the science of criminology and criminal law, individual institutions of criminal law, based on theoretical knowledge and be able to correctly qualify the action or inaction of the person who committed an illegal act, know and be able to determine the application and execution of criminal punishment, as well as possess knowledge on determining the basics of prevention of criminal offense.
- ON 6 be able to possess theoretical knowledge and practical skills capable of revealing the essence and content of criminal offenses in the field of healthcare and organized crime, have a full understanding of the criminological characteristics of crimes in the field of healthcare and organized crime, demonstrate the ability to independently determine the qualification of the composition of criminal offenses according to these socially dangerous acts
- ON 7 to study the general provisions of criminal law, to be able to determine the main criteria for the qualification of a crime, to be able to justify and evaluate their point of view in the process of determining the qualification of the actions of a suspect, to study and analyze the identity of the criminal, the causes and conditions of recidivism from the standpoint of criminology
- ON 8 to know and understand the basics of criminal procedural activity as a type of state activity in the Republic of Kazakhstan, to have an idea of the structure of evidence and evidence, to be able to characterize the stages of the criminal process, to logically correctly build their judgments on the production of the main trial and the execution of a court decision
- ON 9 have a detailed knowledge and understanding of the main tasks and functions of the criminal process, as well as be able to construct a model of the relationship of the criminal process with the sciences of criminalistics, the theory of judicial evidence, the theory of HORDES, advocacy, international cooperation in the field of criminal proceedings, forensic expertise based on the cognitive experience gained in the process of studying the SCP
- ON 10 To analyze legal problems of a theoretical and practical nature related to the use of operational-investigative functions in the field of criminal prosecution aimed at identifying and suppressing an illegal act, based on the acquired skills of the ability to effectively comprehend in applied issues the interaction of the investigator and with the bodies of operational-investigative activities
- ON 11 to know and be able to draw up acts of prosecutorial response that ensure supervision of the legality of the activities of pre-trial investigation bodies, to study the main functions of the prosecutor in criminal proceedings, to apply analysis and synthesis of a three-tier model of criminal proceedings with the definition of the role and place of the prosecutor in the system of criminal procedural activity
- ON 12 Possess skills the ability to understand the applied results of forensic expert activity in the field of psychiatry, medicine, analysis of the application of scientific special knowledge by a specialist, expert, evaluation of the provided expert and specialist conclusions from the position of admissibility, relevance, reliability and sufficiency.
- ON 13 Possess techniques and methods of criminalistics techniques and tactics, have applied skills and demonstrate their knowledge in the educational process during the simulation of the investigation of the commission of grave and especially grave types of crime
- ON 14 to know the procedural position of the bodies of inquiry in the criminal process of the Republic of Kazakhstan, to have an idea of the role and place of inquiry in the system of pre-trial investigation, to have the skills to produce secret and public investigative actions, to apply forensic techniques and methods that contribute to the detection and procedural consolidation of evidentiary information
- ON15—to know and be able to characterize the criminalistic characteristics of cybercrime and technogenic crimes. To use modern achievements of science and technology that assist in the establishment of factual data relevant to the criminal case. On the basis of the acquired knowledge and skills acquired by the science of criminalistics, criminal process, be ready to independently make a procedural decision, put forward versions and analyze the information and data obtained during the production of operational investigative measures and investigative actions, be able to take responsibility for the procedural decision or action taken during the investigation of a crime.

In order to create special conditions for people with special educational needs to receive education, the graduate's competence model is supplemented with professional competencies that ensure the adaptive nature of the main educational program. To this end, courses for the formation of the ability of persons with special educational needs to successfully socialize in society and actively adapt to the labor market, taking into account the characteristics of the disease, are introduced into the catalog of courses of the additional educational program «Minor». The university also provides opportunities for people with disabilities to study using distance learning technologies.

## 2. The graduate's competence model

In modern conditions, the key resource of the country's economic growth is the intellectual and educational potential. In this regard, the system of training highly qualified personnel is becoming important in ensuring high competitiveness.

The competitiveness of a specialist is determined by his professional competence, broad social outlook, flexibility of behavior and a high level of individual activity.

The competence-based approach in higher professional education opens up wide opportunities for better training of specialists for real life.

The competence of the graduate is formed taking into account the needs and satisfaction of the labor market.

The graduate is awarded the academic degree «Bachelor of National Security and Military Affairs», according to the educational program 6B12330 – «Law Enforcement»

In order to realize their competitiveness and competence, a student under the educational program 6B12330 «Law Enforcement» receives in the educational institution «Alikhan Bokeikhan University»:

- a) the required amount of basic (theoretical) knowledge for professional suitability;
- b) applied skills for the application of theoretical knowledge in public relations;
- c) application of the acquired knowledge, skills and abilities (during educational, industrial and undergraduate practice, laboratory work, independent research, etc.) in practical activities.

All these separate elements of the results of education together constitute "competence".

Competence is a complex characteristic of a graduate's readiness to apply knowledge, skills and personal qualities in standard and changing situations of professional activity.

A graduate of the educational program 6B12330 «Law Enforcement» is able to conduct professional, analytical, consulting activities in law enforcement agencies.

Bachelors in the educational program 6B12330 «Law Enforcement» are engaged in the study of legal issues and problems of a theoretical and practical nature, as well as the development of recommendations for the reform of the regulatory framework. Bachelors of this profile should analyze individual normative legal acts, contribute to strengthening the quality indicators of the legal services provided.

# Classification of competencies according to the educational program 6B12330 «Law enforcement»:

# Competencies of general education:

- aimed at forming the ideological, civil and moral positions of the future specialist, competitive on the basis of knowledge of information and communication technologies, building communication programs in Kazakh, Russian and foreign languages, orientation to a healthy lifestyle, self-improvement and professional success;
- they form a system of general competencies that ensure the socio-cultural development of the personality of the future specialist on the basis of the formation of his ideological, civil and moral positions;
- develop the ability to interpersonal social and professional communication in Kazakh, Russian and foreign languages;
- contribute to the development of information literacy through the mastery and use of modern information and communication technologies in all areas of their lives and activities;
- form the skills of self-development and education throughout life;
- they form a personality capable of mobility in the modern world, critical thinking and physical self-improvement;

- to evaluate the surrounding reality on the basis of worldview positions formed by knowledge of the fundamentals of philosophy, which provide scientific understanding and study of the natural and social world by methods of scientific and philosophical cognition, to reveal the meaning of the content and specific features of the mythological, religious and scientific worldview;
- to show a civic position based on a deep understanding and scientific analysis of the main stages, patterns, peculiarities of the historical development of Kazakhstan, to use methods and techniques of historical description to analyze the causes and consequences of events in the history of Kazakhstan;
- to assess situations in various spheres of interpersonal, social and professional communication, taking into account basic knowledge of sociology, political science, cultural studies, psychology, arguing their own assessment of everything happening in the social and industrial spheres, as well as synthesize knowledge of these sciences as a modern product of integrative processes;
- to use scientific methods, methods of research of a specific science, as well as the entire socio-political cluster, to choose a methodology, analyze and summarize the results of the study;
- to develop their own moral and civic position on the basis of social, business, cultural, legal and ethical norms of the Kazakh society;
- to put into practice knowledge in the field of social sciences and humanities, which has worldwide recognition, synthesize new knowledge and present it in the form of humanitarian socially significant products;
- to engage in communication in oral and written forms in Kazakh, Russian and foreign languages, using language and speech means based on grammatical knowledge to solve problems of interpersonal, intercultural and industrial (professional) communication, as well as to analyze information, actions and deeds of communication participants in accordance with the communication situation;
- use various types of information and communication technologies in personal activities: Internet resources, cloud and mobile services for the search, storage, processing, protection and dissemination of information;
- to build a personal educational trajectory throughout life for self-development and career growth, to focus on a healthy lifestyle to ensure full-fledged social and professional activities through methods and means of physical culture;
- to know and understand the basic laws of the history of Kazakhstan, the basics of philosophical, socio-political, economic and legal knowledge, communication in oral and written forms in Kazakh, Russian and foreign languages;
- apply the acquired knowledge for effective socialization and adaptation in changing socio-cultural conditions, possess the skills of quantitative and qualitative analysis of social phenomena, processes and problems.

System-forming competencies - the use by students of the acquired theoretical and applied knowledge, skills and abilities in law enforcement

### To know:

- professional terminology, in the field of professional activity, to develop professionally-oriented languages for the implementation of competent document management;
  - mastering the system of knowledge in legal disciplines, subject theoretical foundations of academic disciplines; the normative base of law enforcement and judicial activity;
- the legal basis and procedural procedure for the implementation of prosecutorial supervision in criminal proceedings, in addition, the activities of the defender and his main functions in criminal proceedings;

- fundamental foundations of the national legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the field of administrative, criminal and criminal procedure, civil and civil procedure proceedings;
  - The legal nature of the composition of criminal offenses directed against the individual, society, the state and minors.
- Legal foundations of the Criminal, Penal enforcement legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan «On Combating Corruption».

### Be able to:

- legal analysis of the activities of law enforcement agencies aimed at protecting human and individual rights and freedoms in criminal procedural, administrative and civil legal relations;
  - correctly apply the acquired professional knowledge in law enforcement activities;
  - on the basis of professional to give the correct qualification of illegal acts;
- skillfully apply the norms of the Criminal Code, the Criminal Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the criminal law and criminological characteristics of the fight against crime in practice;
- on the basis of the acquired knowledge, apply the norms of civil and criminal proceedings under the mechanism of implementation of prosecutorial supervision;

#### Own:

- the main and individual properties of the conceptual and categorical apparatus of criminal proceedings of the Republic of Kazakhstan;
- legal knowledge that allows for the analysis and synthesis of criminal law and criminological foundations of a criminal offense;
- professional skills of the criminal and criminal procedure legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as the legal system of national legislation related to the prevention and prevention of criminal offenses;
  - the main conceptual and categorical apparatus of national legislation in the process of prosecutorial supervision;

**Special competencies** - an integral part of professional competence, aimed at studying special legal disciplines, allowing students to apply and use the acquired knowledge in their professional activities.

#### To know:

- the essence and objectives of the criminal process of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the principles of the criminal process, the stages of the criminal process; the ability to work with NPAs in the field of criminal procedure; analysis of legal norms and legal relations included in the field of professional activity;
- features of international cooperation in criminal matters in the process of providing legal assistance to international and foreign law enforcement agencies;
- the procedure for the implementation of criminal prosecution by the bodies of inquiry and the procedure for the supervision of the Prosecutor's office over the execution of laws;
- the basis, procedure and implementation of judicial evidence in administrative, civil and criminal cases, the grounds for conducting a forensic examination and apply the knowledge gained during the court session;
- the basis, procedure and implementation of judicial evidence in administrative, civil and criminal cases, the grounds for conducting a forensic examination and apply the knowledge gained during the court session;
- To know: the procedure and content of the organization of the prosecutor's supervision over the stages of pre-trial and judicial proceedings in criminal cases, as well as the criminal procedure procedure for the interaction of the investigator with the bodies of inquiry and operational investigative activities;

- To know: the scientific basis of forensic tools and methods that contribute to the disclosure and investigation of serious and especially serious crimes, to conduct a criminal procedural analysis of the theory and practice of the institute of concluding a procedural agreement.

#### Be able to:

- analyze and solve legal gaps and theoretical and practical incidents in the field of international legal relations by authorized bodies of the Republic of Kazakhstan and subjects of foreign law enforcement agencies;
- to analyze the status and methods of disclosure and investigation of criminal offenses, as well as to identify persons preparing, committing or committing criminal offenses, in accordance with the functions and tasks of law enforcement;
- it is procedurally correct to involve persons with special knowledge as a specialist and expert in a criminal case, as well as skillfully use the results of the examination as evidence in a criminal case;
  - correctly draw up criminal procedural documents and make decisions on a criminal case at the stage of pre-trial and judicial proceedings;
- to carry out qualified professional activity on the basis of a developed theory of legal awareness, legal thinking and legal culture; to make decisions and perform legal actions in strict accordance with the law;
  - to implement and use the acquired forensic scientific knowledge, skills and abilities in legal practice.

#### Own:

- legal knowledge of international regulations that allow the use of acquired skills in practice in the process of providing legal assistance in criminal cases;
  - the basic concepts and terms of criminal and criminal procedural legislation;
  - skills in identifying, researching and using factual data as evidence in legal law enforcement activities;
- on the basis of the procedural powers of the investigator, the inquirer and the prosecutor, to master the practical skills of the lawful and called production of secret investigative actions (NSD), general and special ORM, the implementation of prosecutorial supervision of the activities of pre-trial investigation bodies and the legality of the decision of the court of first instance and appeal in a criminal case;
- research activities, develop skills in collecting and analyzing and synthesizing judicial practice in the consideration and resolution of criminal cases, processing and forecasting the use of legal expertise and experimental research in forensic and forensic laboratories;
- skills of conducting independent scientific, theoretical and experimental research, optimization of design and legal decisions, generalization of judicial practice.

The result of mastering the program of the professional module is the mastery by students of the type of professional activity in the field of law enforcement: knowledge of the laws of the development of society and its socio-political, legal, economic, environmental foundations, as well as cultural and historical values, the basics of computer science, language communication and understanding of the principles of a healthy lifestyle; possession of information about political life in the Republic of Kazakhstan; to form professional qualities covering deep scientific-theoretical and methodological knowledge, practical skills, skills in historical-theoretical and branch sciences in the field of law enforcement, the ability to analyze and solve problems of a theoretical and practical nature in professional activity; to form professional qualities, including theoretical and empirical knowledge, as well as skills and skills for practical actions; professional use of special equipment, strict compliance with the secrecy regime, the ability to analyze and solve legal gaps of a theoretical and practical nature in the field of operational and official activities of law enforcement agencies.

Table 1. The sequence of mastering disciplines in the process of forming special competencies

№	Competencies	The list of compulsory, elective disciplines and the sequence of their study		Expected results
		List of disciplines	the sequence of their study (sem.)	
1	Special competencies	Law enforcement agencies of Kazakhstan	3rd semester	To know: the system, sources, interdisciplinary relations, the mechanism of law enforcement agencies of the Republic of Kazakhstan. The place occupied by law enforcement agencies in society, personal acquaintance with the composition of law enforcement agencies. These are: court, arbitration Court, Constitutional Court (Constitutional Council in Kazakhstan), prosecutor's Office, internal affairs bodies, state security bodies (National Security in Kazakhstan), customs control, justice. Individual familiarization with the functions, sources and other tasks performed by these bodies.  Be able to: master skills with a full understanding of the main tasks of law enforcement agencies. In accordance with the activities of law enforcement agencies, it is necessary to distinguish from each other. Familiarization with the main governing laws, the competencies of each of the law enforcement agencies (court, arbitration Court, Constitutional Council, Prosecutor's Office, internal affairs bodies, national security bodies, customs control, justice in Kazakhstan), analysis of the places occupied in society. Conduct active research work by students' own efforts, reading legislative and subordinate regulations, special textbooks.  Own: properly discuss and apply the regulatory framework of law enforcement agencies of the Republic of Kazakhstan in professional practice or professional activity; improve the criminal enforcement policy in the fight against crime.
		Forensic technology	4rd semester	<b>To know:</b> to justify and make procedural and tactical decisions; - to organize the work of the investigative task force conducting an inspection of the scene of the incident, including during the production of other investigative and covert investigative actions; - apply technical and forensic methods and means of detecting, fixing and removing trace information and traces of crimes; - study the sources of investigative and evidentiary information and use them in pre-trial disclosure and

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		investigation of crimes; - determine the initial investigative situations,
		analyze and evaluate the factors influencing them; - interact with the
		bodies of inquiry and officials of other law enforcement agencies: the
		court, the prosecutor's office, the police of internal affairs, the economic
		investigation service, the anti-corruption service, national security, etc.
		Be able to: to implement the acquired scientific, technical and
		criminalistic knowledge and skills in the course of criminal proceedings;
		to analyze and evaluate investigative, investigative and evidentiary
		information on unsolved criminal cases; to draw up procedural
		documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal procedural
		legislation and recommendations of criminalistic tactics and
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		methodology.
		Own: forensic techniques and scientific and practical experience in
		identifying, securing and initial investigation of trace information in
		criminal, civil and administrative cases. Including preparing materials,
		documents and items for forensic research in scientific and forensic
		laboratories. To master the basic skills in solving situational issues and
		tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in the legal practice of pre-
		trial investigation bodies.
Fundamentals	4rd semester	<b>To know:</b> methods and means of preliminary verification of facts and
of forensic		events on criminal offenses; to justify and make criminal procedural and
methodology		tactical decisions; to organize the work of the investigative task force
		conducting an inspection of the scene of the incident, including during
		the production of other investigative and covert investigative actions; to
		apply technical and forensic methods and means of detection, fixation
		and seizures of trace information and traces of crimes; sources of
		investigative (secret) and evidentiary information and use them in pre-
		trial disclosure and investigation of crimes; determine the initial typical
		investigative situations, analyze and evaluate the factors influencing
		them; interact with the bodies of inquiry and officials of other law
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		enforcement agencies: the court, the prosecutor's office, the economic
		investigation service, the anti-corruption service, national security and
		other state and non-governmental organizations and institutions.
		Be able to: use the help of citizens, mass media in the pre-trial
		investigation of crimes; analyze and evaluate investigative (secret) and
		evidentiary information on unsolved criminal cases; compile criminal
		procedural documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal

Criminal Procedure Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan( General Part)	4th semester	procedural legislation and recommendations of criminalistics.  Own: basic skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, implement the acquired knowledge in the legal practice of pre-trial investigation bodies. Including the "Fundamentals of Criminalistic Methodology" will also allow you to master practical knowledge that is implemented during the pre-trial investigation of criminal cases during the production of investigative and covert investigative actions, procedural actions and criminal procedural coercive measures using forensic tactics and techniques. The study of the basics of criminalistic methodology will allow students to master the methods of scientific research and academic writing in order to further apply them in legal practice when drafting criminal procedural, civil procedural and administrative procedural documents.  To know; the essence and content of criminal procedural legislation and their legal sources, the legal status of subjects of criminal procedural legal relations, the basic principles of criminal procedure, the legal nature of the function and forms of criminal proceedings.  Be able to: correctly determine the legal mechanisms of the theory of evidence, and its properties, legal criteria for the relevance and admissibility of evidence, correctly determine the grounds and conditions for conducting criminal proceedings, calculating, observing and extending procedural deadlines, correctly apply procedural coercion measures during the investigation and consideration of a criminal case.  Own: procedural skills that contribute to a comprehensive, complete and objective investigation and consideration of a criminal case, a correct understanding of the theoretical foundations of the principle of criminal proceedings and its significance for law enforcement practice. Master the techniques and methods that allow you to skillfully apply the acquired knowledge of the institutional provisions of the general part of the criminal process in investigative and judicial practice.
Criminal	5th semester	To know: the main stages of criminal proceedings related to the
Procedure		investigation and consideration of a criminal case; the essence and
Law of the		content of the conceptual and categorical apparatus of the institute of
Republic of		pre-trial and judicial proceedings; problems of investigative and judicial
Kazakhsta		practice; its patterns and trends in the development of criminal
(special part)		proceedings, its historical and social conditionality.

Operational-search activity	5th semester	criminal proceedings; correctly understand and argue the stages of criminal proceedings; analyze legal facts and related to the emergence of criminal procedural legal relations; independently make procedural decisions and be able to perform investigative and judicial actions in accordance with the law, with strict observance of the rights and interests of persons involved in the field of criminalprocedural legal relations.  Own: legal terms of the language of criminal proceedings; skills of analyzing law enforcement and law enforcement practice, drafting procedural documents of pre-trial and judicial proceedings, resolving legal problems based on investigative and judicial practice, analyzing the norms of substantive and procedural law in the process of investigation and consideration of a criminal case.  To know:- general theoretical provisions of the course "Operational investigative activities", to expand knowledge on the most important issues of operational investigative activities and related disciplines, to have an idea of the system and structure of the ORD and its individual institutions.  Be able to: analyze and systematize the collection of operational-search data and, on their basis, be able to output operationally significant information for processing and using the results of operational-search activities as evidence in criminal cases, on the basis of theoretical research and practical skills, they were able to distinguish special operational-search activities from covert investigative actions.  Own: based on the study of the theoretical provisions of the discipline, students should master the techniques and methods for conducting and critically analyzing operational investigative measures. They could state concretely and clearly about the essence of the production and use of operational-search materials during the investigation of criminal cases, set out their conclusions and proposals on the methodology and tactics of the production of general and special operational-search measures.
Interaction of the investigator with the operational- search	5th semester	To know: general theoretical provisions of the course "Interaction of the investigator with operational search services", the essence of the interaction of the investigator with operational search services and the role of the convestigator of operational search activities in the field of combating crime.  Be able to: Correctly apply the legal norms in the field of interaction of

services		the investigator with the operational search services. Independently supplement and develop their knowledge and skills, taking into account changes in legislation, as well as improve skills in the practical application of legal norms in the field of interaction of the investigator with operational search services.  Own: based on the study of the theoretical provisions of the discipline, students should master the basic skills of drafting procedural documents in the field of interaction of the investigator with operational search services and techniques and methods for conducting and critical analysis during interaction.
Theory of judicial evidence	6th semester	To know:- the fundamentals of the theory of judicial evidence and its significance in establishing objective truth in a case, determine the content of the subject, contributing to the disclosure of the theory of evidentiary law, the conceptual and categorical apparatus of individual institutions of proof and proof.  Be able to: apply the acquired knowledge and practical experience of law enforcement activities in the field of criminal proceedings, independently assess the results of actions and decisions of authorized bodies of pre-trial investigation, the judiciary.  Own: practical skills that allow you to fully use the acquired skills in legal practice. In particular, to conduct a legal analysis of the relevance and admissibility of evidence in criminal cases, to give conclusions on the legality and validity of the production of operational investigative measures, to make a decision on using the results of investigative actions and court decisions as evidence.
The application of the results of unspoken investigative actions as evidence	6th semester	To know: the legal nature, types, grounds, conditions and procedure for the production of secret investigative actions in criminal cases, the main differences between secret investigative actions from special operational investigative measures and other procedural actions. Theoretical and legal foundations of the institute of evidence in criminal procedural activity.  Be able to: correctly determine the legal form and procedural procedure for the production of secret investigative actions. Depending on the investigative situation, be able to correctly recognize the legal criteria of the type of covert investigative action that contributes to the disclosure and investigation of a criminal offense. Professionally competently perform the algorithm of procedural actions that establish the procedure

Criminalistica	6th garagetar	for the production of secret investigative actions with strict observance of the constitutional rights and interests of persons involved in the sphere of criminal procedural legal relations.  Own: on the basis of theoretical knowledge, possess practical skills in the production of secret procedural actions and the use of the results of secret investigative actions as evidence in criminal cases. On the basis of criminal procedure legislation, it is correct to evaluate the results of covert investigative actions that contribute to the establishment of objective truth in a criminal case. Professionally correctly fill out procedural documents related to the production of secret investigative actions.
Criminalistics	6th semester	To know: methods and means of preliminary verification of statements about crimes; substantiate and make procedural and tactical decisions; organize the work of the investigative task force conducting an inspection of the scene of the incident, including during the production of other investigative and covert investigative actions; apply technical and forensic methods and means of detecting, fixing and removing trace information and traces of crimes; study sources of investigative and evidentiary information and use them in pre-trial disclosure and investigation of crimes; determine the initial investigative situations, analyze and evaluate the factors influencing them; interact with the bodies of inquiry and officials of other law enforcement agencies: the court, the prosecutor's office, the economic investigation service, the anti-corruption service, national security, etc.  Be able to: to use the assistance of citizens and mass media in the pre-trial investigation of crimes; to analyze and evaluate investigative and evidentiary information on unsolved criminal cases; to draw up procedural documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal procedure legislation and the recommendations of criminalistics.  The main forms of classes in the study of this course are lectures, laboratory, seminars and practical classes, (trainings, analysis of the educational investigative situation, solving practical problems, etc.)  As a rule, lectures are held on the main topics of the course. The choice of laboratory, seminar and practical classes may vary depending on the degree of preparedness of the trainees and the specific educational objectives of the educational institution. As a result of studying the course, students take an exam.

		<b>Own:</b> the main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in the legal practice of pretrial investigation bodies.
Forensic tools and methods of investigation of crimes	6th semester	To know: methods and means of preliminary verification of statements about crimes; substantiate and make procedural and tactical decisions; organize the work of the investigative task force conducting an inspection of the scene; apply technical and forensic methods and means of detecting, fixing and removing traces of crimes; study the sources of investigative and evidentiary information and use them in the disclosure and investigation of crimes; determine initial investigative situations, analyze and evaluate the factors influencing them; interact with the bodies of inquiry and officials of other law enforcement agencies.  Be able to: to use the assistance of citizens and mass media in the investigation of crimes; to analyze and evaluate investigative and evidentiary information on unsolved criminal cases; to draw up procedural documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal procedure legislation and the recommendations of criminalistics.  The main forms of classes in the study of this course are lectures, seminars and practical classes, (trainings, situation analysis, solving practical problems, etc.)  As a rule, lectures are held on the main topics of the course. The choice of seminars and practical classes may vary depending on the degree of preparedness of the trainees and the specific educational objectives of the educational institution.  Own: the main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in practice.
Investigation of serious types of crimes	6th semester	To know: the doctrine of dialectical-materialistic epistemology; The establishment of signs of a specific type of composition of a criminal offense and a criminal offense as a crime and the time of the occurrence of bringing the subject of the crime to criminal responsibility; Knowledge and procedure for identifying signs and events of criminal offenses, conducting covert investigative actions (operational investigative measures); - methods and means of preliminary verification of statements about crimes; - substantiate and make procedural and tactical decisions; - to organize the work of the investigative task force conducting an inspection of the scene of the incident, including during

	The Workshop on the Investigation of Crimes	6th semester	the production of other investigative and covert investigative actions; apply technical and forensic methods and means of detecting, fixing and removing trace information and traces of crimes; - study the sources of investigative and evidentiary information and use them in pre-trial disclosure and investigation of crimes; - determine the initial investigative situations, analyze and evaluate the factors influencing them; - interact with the bodies of inquiry and officials of other law enforcement agencies: the court, the prosecutor's office, the police of internal affairs, the economic investigation service, the anti-corruption service, national security, etc.  Be able to: to use the assistance of citizens and mass media in the pre-trial investigation of crimes; - to analyze and evaluate investigative and evidentiary information on unsolved criminal cases; - to draw up procedural documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal procedure legislation and the recommendations of criminalistics.  Own: the main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in the legal practice of pre-trial investigation bodies.  To know: a student in the course of studying the discipline "Crime Investigation Workshop" should know the basics of the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan, constitutional laws, regulatory legal acts regulating legal relations in the investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. Methods and methods of detection, suppression, disclosure and investigation of criminal offenses and authorized bodies, as well as it is necessary to know the forms and methods of disclosure and investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. Competently apply criminal procedural legislation and regulatory legal acts during the pre-trial investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. Observe and protect the rights and freedoms of participants in the pre-trial investigation. Be able to identify, prevent, disclose and investigate criminal offenses.
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fenses.
the concept, subject, tasks and methodology of forensic
, the organizational and legal foundations of forensic
the main legislative documents regulating the appointment
action of forensic psychiatric examination, the forms of
on of a forensic psychiatrist in the work of forensic
ve bodies and the limits of his competence in conducting
ychiatric examination
o: draw up the text of the resolution (definition) on the
nt of a forensic psychiatric examination or a reasoned referral
et a psychiatric examination, justify and correctly raise
about the resolution of the forensic psychiatric examination of
d, witness, victim and person serving a sentence, issue a court
conducting a forensic psychiatric examination in relation to
volved in criminal and civil proceedings
lls of drafting the text of a reasoned application for a
e examination, the basics of skills of forensic psychiatric
t of the nature and degree of danger of persons with mental
skills of formulating appropriate and correct questions to an
chiatrist in various legal situations.
methodology of forensic examination, theory of forensic
s and identification in relation to technical and forensic
on; scientific foundations of technical and forensic
on; classification, manufacturing technology and basic
of documents – physical evidence, traditional objects of
and forensic examination; physical evidence; modern
es of scientific methods and technical means, which are
with forensic expert institutions, and the rules of their
in solving the problems of technical and forensic on; modern possibilities of technical and forensic examination;
neans and techniques for fixing, illustrating and examining
methods of production of technical and forensic examination;
o use modern expert technologies in solving diagnostic and
on tasks of technical and forensic examination; to use means
ods of forensic photography to solve problems of fixing the
e; to solve typical expert tasks in the study of typical objects of
nd forensic examination; to be able to correctly and efficiently
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the incoco	Activities of the bodies of aquiry in the course of pretrial investigation of criminal proceedings of judicial proceedings	7th semester  7th semester	draw up an expert opinion on the results of technical and forensic examination of documents and to produce illustrations for this conclusion; interact with the staff of operational, investigative bodies and courts in the preparation of materials for technical and forensic examination, evaluation and use of the results of these examinations;  Own: the conceptual apparatus of technical and forensic expertise and the professional vocabulary of a forensic expert; the rules for conducting forensic records of documents and the use of appropriate reference and information and information search systems for forensic purposes.  To know:- the concept of bodies of inquiry, regulatory legal acts defining the competence of bodies of inquiry, the structure and main activities, forms of pre-trial activity of bodies of inquiry, the relationship of bodies of inquiry with other state bodies  Be able to: work with regulatory legal acts defining the functions and competencies of the bodies of inquiry, independently make legal decisions in protecting the rights of citizens, legally correctly analyze facts and events.  Own: the knowledge gained in theory in the future profession, apply regulatory legal acts in accordance with the law, apply the knowledge gained exclusively for the purposes of law and order, protection and restoration of the rights and legitimate interests of citizens and society.  To know:- legislation in the field of criminal proceedings included in the special course; basic requirements for procedural documents; features of procedural documents for certain categories of cases;  Be able to: analyze the materials of judicial practice; use the knowledge gained in practice; compile and develop basic procedural documents; draft procedural documents emanating from the investigation and inquiry; draft procedural documents emanating from the investigation and inquiry; draft procedural documents emanating from the court;
			documents; conceptual apparatus of criminal procedural law in the field of procedural documents; legal technique of drafting procedural documents.
In	nvestigation	8th semester	To know: methods and means of preliminary verification of statements
	f cybercrime		about crimes; substantiate and make procedural and tactical decisions;
	and man-		organize the work of the investigative task force conducting an
	made	l	inspection of the scene; apply technical and forensic methods and means

		investigative and evidentiary information and use them in the disclosure and investigation of crimes; determine initial investigative situations, analyze and evaluate the factors influencing them; interact with the bodies of inquiry and officials of other law enforcement agencies.  Be able to: to use the assistance of citizens and mass media in the investigation of crimes; to analyze and evaluate investigative and evidentiary information on unsolved criminal cases; to draw up procedural documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal procedure legislation and the recommendations of criminalistics.  Own: the main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in practice.
Procedural agreement on	8th semester	<b>To know:</b> legal grounds and criminal, criminal procedural consequences conclusion of a plea bargain and a cooperation agreement.
criminal		<b>Be able to</b> : correctly interpret and apply the rules of criminal procedure
cases		governing the procedure of proceedings in cases during pre-trial
		investigation and the main trial, for which a procedural agreement has
		been concluded.
		Own: skills of explaining the legal foundations and consequences of
		concluding procedural agreements in criminal cases and drafting them,
		as well as judicial decisions.

Table 2. Sequence of mastering disciplines of social and professional interaction

Курс	Providing disciplines	Competencies	Expected result
1	2	3	4
1	History of Kazakhstan	General education	Know: demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the main stages of history development of Kazakhstan;  Be able to: to correlate the phenomena and events of the historical past with the general paradigm of the world-historical development of human society through critical analysis; be able to objectively and multy-sided comprehend the immanent features of the modern Kazakh model of development;  Own: possess the skills of analytical and axiological analysis in the study of historical processes and phenomena of modern Kazakhstan; systematize and critically evaluate historical phenomena and the processes of the history of Kazakhstan
1	Foreign language	General education	Know: lexical minimum and language material of topics and subtopics in a given discipline (social and social and cultural spheres of communication).  Be able to: understand by ear not only individual phrases and frequently used words, but also more voluminous statements on topics directly related to it, understand the main content of short simple content on the radio, at the airport, at the station; understand when reading the content of short, simple texts, advertisements, brochures, menus, bus and train schedules, short simple personal letters, emails.communicate in simple typical situations that require the exchange of information within the framework of familiar topics and activities, be able to talk about family, living conditions, training sessions.write a simple letter of a personal nature, a note, an autobiography.  Own: understanding of foreign language dialogic and monologue speech within the framework of general cultural and professional topics; a foreign language at a level that allows to carry out the main types of speech activity; different ways of oral and written communication;

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			skills of adequate response in situations of everyday,
			academic and professional communication; skills of
			listening, reading, writing.
		General education	<b>Know:</b> theoretical foundations of the course (language, its
			functions, forms of speech, text, its features, styles of
			speech, functional and semantic types of speech); features
			of dialogic and monologue speech; types of scientific
			information and the specifics of its implementation in a
			scientific text; elements of structural-semantic analysis and
			semantic analysis of a scientific text, components of a
			speech situation, speaker's intentions.
			<b>Be able to:</b> to carry out the correct choice and use of
			language and speech means for solving certain problems of
			communication and cognition based on knowledge of a
			sufficient amount of vocabulary, a system of grammatical
			knowledge, pragmatic means of expressing intentions;
			compose everyday, socio-cultural, official and business
			texts in accordance with generally accepted norms,
	V1-1 (D		functional orientation, using lexico-grammatical and
1	Kazakh (Russian) language		pragmatic material of a certain certification level that is
			adequate to the goal; interpret the information of the text,
			explain in the scope of the certification requirements the
			style and genre specifics of the texts of the socio-cultural,
			socio-political, official business and professional spheres
			of communication; participate in communication in various
			situations in different spheres of communication in order to
			realize their own intentions and needs (everyday,
			educational, social, cultural), declaring them ethically
			correct, meaningfully complete, lexico-grammatically and
			pragmatically adequate to the situation; discuss ethical,
			cultural, socially significant issues in discussions, express
			their point of view, defend it with arguments, critically
			evaluate the opinion of interlocutors; build speech behavior
			programs in situations of personal, social and professional
			communication in accordance with the norms of the
			language, culture, specifics of the sphere of
			communication, certification requirements; request and

			communicate information in accordance with the situation of communication, evaluate the actions and deeds of participants, use information as a tool to influence the interlocutor in situations of knowledge and communication in accordance with certification requirements.  Own: the skills of producing oral and written speech in accordance with the communicative goal and the professional sphere of communication; language skills in various situations of everyday, socio-cultural, professional communication; skills of searching, processing information in Russian; types of speech activity.
1	Information and communication technology	General education	Know: What economic and political factors contributed to the development of information and communication technologies; features of various operating systems, architecture;  Be able to: identify the main trends in the field of information and communication technologies; se information resources to search and store information; work with spreadsheets, perform data consolidation, build graphs; apply methods and means of information Be able to: design and create simple websites; to process vector and bitmap images; to create multimedia presentations; to use various platforms for communication; calculate and evaluate performance indicators of supercomputers; use various forms of e-learning to expand professional knowledge; use various cloud services.  Own: database structure development; designing and creating presentations; receiving data from the server; creating video files; working with Smart applications; working with services on the e-government website
1	Sociology	General education	Know: patterns and stages of the historical process, the main historical facts, dates, events and names of world and domestic historical figures; the main events and processes of national history in the context of world history  Be able to: critically perceive, analyze and evaluate historical information, factors and mechanisms of historical changes; analyze civil and ideological positions in society,

			form and improve their views and beliefs, transfer philosophical worldview to the field of material and practical activities; use various philosophical methods to analyze trends in the development of modern society, philosophical and legal analysis  Own: skills of a holistic approach to the analysis of society's problems; methods of philosophical, historical and cultural studies, techniques and methods of analyzing the problems of society; causal relationships in the development of Kazakhstan society; the place of a person in the historical process and the political organization of society;skills of respectful and careful attitude to the historical heritage
1	Political science	General education	Know: the main stages of the development of political knowledge in the history of civilization; schools and directions of modern political science; political life of society; the political system and its institutions; the essence of political processes in the country and the world.  Be able to: analyze the features of political systems and the functioning of political institutions; critically evaluate the theoretical approaches of political science; identify the interrelationships and patterns of the political process; compare political systems, institutions and actors in the cross-country and subnational context, based on the knowledge gained and the methods mastered.  Own: the skills (gain experience) of working with primary sources on the topics of the course; analysis of regulatory legal acts and other documents; search, processing and analysis of information; solving problems related to the assessment of the political course; working in groups, project activities, business games; public speaking; academic writing. the skills to express their thoughts and opinions in interpersonal and business communication in a foreign language; the skills to extract the necessary information from the original text in a foreign language.
1	Culturology	General education	Know: basic theories of culture, basic concepts of cultural studies; the main directions of the methodology of modern

			cultural analysis; the history of the formation of world culture and civilization, theoretical features of basic cultural concepts, various interpretations of culture and civilization in world and domestic literature; actual problems of the development of modern culture; the idea of culture as a socio-historical phenomenon; patterns of the development of world cultures, as well as the typology of the classification of cultures; basic knowledge about the history of the most important cultures of mankind; about the ways of acquiring, storing and transmitting the basic values of culture - about the diversity and self-worth of various cultures, forms and types of culture, patterns of their functioning and development, the main cultural and historical regions the history of Kazakh culture, its place in the system of world culture and civilization  Be able to: identify the features of this culture, the dominant values in it; explain the specifics of intercultural communication; conduct independent professional activity in a dynamically changing multicultural society; navigate the cultural environment of modern society; explain the phenomenon of culture, its role in human life; navigate cultural issues, independently understand the issues of the influence of cultural factors on the behavior of individuals;  Own: practical skills in the preservation and enhancement of national and world cultural heritage; practical skills of practical use of knowledge and skills in taking into account the specifics of cultural behavior of various individuals and collectives in the modern conditions of the formation of civil society in the Republic of Kazakhstan.
1	Psychology	General education	<ul> <li>Know: the meaning and place of psychology in the system of sciences; the main directions of personality development in modern psychology; personal values and meanings in professional self-determination; the relationship and mutual influence of the psyche and body; techniques and techniques of effective communication.</li> <li>Be able to: interpret basic psychological theories, concepts; use methods and mechanisms of emotion</li> </ul>

			regulation in everyday life; identify patterns of behavior in
			a conflict situation and conduct self-diagnosis.
			Own: determination of individual psychological
			characteristics of personality, value-semantic
			representations in professional self-determination of
			personality; recognition of psychological impact and
			effective communication.
		General education	<b>Know:</b> methods of scientific research in economics, various
			theories about entrepreneurship, financial literacy and
			market economy, types of entrepreneurial activity, spheres
			of entrepreneurship, to master various quantitative and
			qualitative methods for creating the future of your own
			business, entrepreneurial calculations, analytical
			calculations and forecasts, the main provisions of the
			Constitution and the current legislation of the Republic of
			Kazakhstan, the system of public administration bodies and
			their terms of reference, the mechanism of interaction of
			substantive and procedural law, the essence of corruption
			and the reasons for its origin, current legislation in the field
			of anti-corruption.
			<b>Be able to:</b> analyze and justify the reality of business
			plans, market segmentation, competently and
1			professionally assess the market situation for the
			organization of their business,
			creatively approach the solution of various economic tasks,
			possess practical skills of independent economic work in
			the field of entrepreneurship, calculate your personal
			budget, have clear background information and fast and
			correct orientation to economic indicators, analyze events
			and actions from the point of view of the field of legal
			regulation and be able to refer to the necessary regulations,
			navigate the current legislation, using the law to protect
			their rights and interests, to use spiritual and moral
			mechanisms to prevent corruption.
	Fundamentals of economic and legal		Own: acquire practical skills in building graphs and
	knowledge		diagrams illustrating various economic models,
			independent economic work in the field of

			entrepreneurship, quickly and correctly navigate the actual source information and estimated economic indicators, determine the levels of financial security, have the skills to identify problems of an economic nature in the analysis of specific situations and their solutions, taking into account the actions of economic patterns at the micro and macro levels, conducting discussions on legal issues, on the application of norms in the modern period, analysis of the situation of conflict of interests and moral choice.
1	Fundamentals of scientific and environmental knowledge	General education	Know: forms and methods of pre-scientific, scientific and extra-scientific cognition, modern approaches to sociohumanitarian knowledge and their commensurability; basic epistemological models, the nature of transformations of the concept of rationality; fundamentals of ecology and safe human activity in the habitat, environmental factors and their impact on living organisms, methods for identifying, eliminating the influence of harmful factors on the person and the environment, and providing comfortable conditions for human life and activity;  Be able to: formulate and solve problems that arise in the course of research and require in-depth professional knowledge; modify existing and develop new methods based on the tasks of a specific study; choose methods of protection from hazards in relation to the field of their professional activities and choose ways to ensure comfortable living conditions;  Own: the skills of conducting independent research and scientific and pedagogical activities that require extensive education in the appropriate direction; the ability to apply methodological and methodological knowledge in conducting scientific research; skills to ensure the safety of life in professional activities, living conditions and in emergency situations.
1.2	Physical Culture	General education	<b>Know:</b> the role of physical culture in the development and training of a specialist; - fundamentals of the state policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the field of physical culture and sports; - theoretical and methodological foundations of

			physical culture; - the main achievements of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the field of physical culture; - hygienic and organizational bases of physical culture and sports.  Be able to: use practical skills and abilities in life that ensure the preservation and strengthening of health, development and improvement of psychophysical abilities and qualities; - use physical culture, sports and wellness activities to achieve life and professional goals; - apply the rules for the safe conduct of physical exercises and sports.  Own: the skills of organizing mass sports competitions; - exercises for professional and pedagogical physical training, general physical training, special physical training, as well as apply special games in practice; - a system of practical skills that ensure the preservation and strengthening of health, development and improvement of psychomotor abilities and qualities.
2	Philosophy	General education	Know: basic philosophical concepts and categories, patterns of development of nature, society and thinking; the essence of philosophical categories, terminology of philosophy and the structure of philosophical knowledge, functions of philosophy methods of philosophical research; the place and role of philosophy in public life;  Be able to: to use the basics of philosophical knowledge to form a worldview position; - analyze ideological, socially and personally significant philosophical problems; to orient oneself in the system of philosophical knowledge as a holistic view of the foundations of the universe and the prospects for the development of planetary society; to understand the characteristic features of the modern stage of philosophy development  Own: the skills of philosophical analysis of various types of worldview; the skills of philosophical thinking to develop a systematic, holistic view of the problems of society; the skills of analyzing texts with philosophical content
1	Theory of Government and Rights	System - forming	<b>To know</b> the difference between society and the state, the relationship between the state and the political system

			of society; the essence and functions of the state; the modern typology of states; the conditionality of the formation of the rule of law by the degree of maturity of civil society. Skills: the concepts and principles formulated in the TGP make it possible to use them in lawmaking and law enforcement practice.  Be able to express and justify their point of view on statelegal problems, operate with legal concepts and categories, give a general description and comment on the main content of sources on the subject, own the conceptual apparatus of the course.  Own: creatively apply the principles formulated in the TGP to improve domestic legislation.
1	Constitutional Law of RK	System - forming	To know: basic concepts and categories of the science of constitutional law of the Republic of Kazakhstan; basic principles and elements of the foundations of the constitutional system of the Republic of Kazakhstan; the content and principles of the foundations of the legal status of a person and citizen; constitutional principles of the organization and activities of state bodies, their structure, legal status, basic powers; constitutional foundations of local self-government in the Republic of Kazakhstan.  Be able to: be fluent in constitutional and legal concepts and categories; logically express and justify their point of view on constitutional and legal issues; interpret and apply the Constitution and constitutional legal acts; competently assess legally significant circumstances and qualify legal facts; consciously perform a variety of legal actions in accordance with the current constitutional legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan  Own: the skills to interpret and apply national laws and international norms, have a detailed understanding of the legal regulation of a specific legal sphere, as well as ensuring compliance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the activities of state bodies and other subjects of law, as well as the implementation of professional activities based on developed legal awareness,

			legal thinking and legal culture, in compliance with the norms of professional ethics.
2	History of the State and Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	System - forming	To know: to form students' scientific understanding of the relationship between the two most important phenomena – the state and law; to study the main factors determining the development of the state and law, the interdependence of state and legal phenomena from the economy, politics, ideology, culture; the customary law of the Kazakhs, the norms of the Laws of "Zhety Jargy", the Great Yasa of Genghis Khan, etc. Be able to: Form a scientific understanding of the dynamics of legal processes and phenomena in various historical periods. To master the theoretical material on the progressive development of human civilization towards the values of a democratic society and the rule of law.  Be able to: to form a scientific understanding of the dynamics of legal processes and phenomena in various historical periods. To master the theoretical material on the progressive development of human civilization towards the values of a democratic society and the rule of law.  Own: ideas about the events of the history of the state and law of foreign countries; skills of analyzing historical sources; methods of conducting discussions and polemics.
2	Kazakhstan law	System - forming	To know: the history of the formation of states; the history of the development of law; ways and methods of regulating public relations in the context of history.  Be able to: compare certain historical stages in different states; highlight the features of the historical development of different countries; Master theoretical material on the progressive development of human civilization towards the values of a democratic society and the rule of law. to analyze and evaluate historical development.  Own: basic concepts and terms.
2	Criminal Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	System - forming	<b>To know:</b> the procedure for the performance of professional duties, compliance with the principles of ethics of a lawyer; regulatory legal acts, the mechanism for implementing the norms of criminal law in professional

			activity; the legal procedure for the qualification of facts and circumstances; the procedure for the preparation of legal documents.  Be able to: conscientiously perform professional duties, comply with the principles of ethics of a lawyer; make decisions and perform legal actions in strict accordance with the law; apply regulatory legal acts, implement criminal law norms in professional activities; respect the honor and dignity of the individual, observe and protect the rights and freedoms of man and citizen.  Own: the skill and ability to correctly and fully reflect the results of professional activity in legal and other documentation; the skill to faithfully perform professional duties, comply with the principles of ethics of a lawyer and is able to implement it in practice; the skill to comply with the criminal legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, including the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as generally recognized principles, norms of international law and international treaties of the Republic of Kazakhstan and able to do this in practice
2	Professional Kazakh (Russian) language	System - forming	Know: professional vocabulary and terminology; the specifics of oral communication in the professional field; linguistic features of oral and written communication; features of business communication and business etiquette.  Be able to: use the Russian language in interpersonal communication and professional activities; to carry out business communication and conduct business conversations on professional topics; to make out and transfer the necessary information in writing; explain your point of view and critically evaluate the provisions put forward; create your own statements, essays, etc. apply business etiquette in speech.  Own: skills of expressing one's thoughts and opinions in interpersonal and business communication in Russian; professional terms and concepts; analysis of professional

			text; information competence: the ability to work with a
			book, textbook, reference literature, dictionaries, find the
			necessary information.
2	Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	System - forming	To know: to fully understand civil law categories, to understand the system of civil law, to know civil law legislation, to know the basic theories and provisions in the field of the use of private law norms.  Be able to: comprehensively and deeply summarize and analyze the acquired knowledge in the field of civil law, successfully solve legal problems and problems in the field of private law; apply civil law terminology, apply regulatory legal acts, implement the norms of substantive and procedural law in professional activities; legally correctly qualify facts and circumstances.  Own: to provide qualified legal opinions and consultations in the field of civil disputes; preparation of legal documents in the field of private relations; to make decisions and perform legal actions in strict accordance with the law; to ensure compliance with legislation by legal entities.
2	Ecological Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	System - forming	To know: the concept of environmental law, its subject, methods, system, features; the history of the development of environmental relations in the Republic of Kazakhstan; environmental legal relations; sources of environmental law.  Be able to: interpret and apply laws and other regulatory legal acts regulating environmental relations, including in relation to specific situations; select, summarize and analyze law enforcement (including judicial) practice in the field of environmental relations; work with educational and scientific literature, other sources; legally correctly qualify facts and circumstances, analyze actual circumstances of the case; draw up legal documents (statements, statements of claim, draft contracts, conclusions, etc.); to argue their own position, competently express and justify their point of view on topical and controversial issues of environmental law; to analyze the legal consequences of situations; to

			analyze the current legislation, including from the point of view of identifying existing gaps, conflicts and to suggest possible solutions to them.  Own: search, systematization of environmental legislation using legal reference and other information systems; public speaking, including scientific reports, reports on land issues; on the possession of techniques, rules and means of legal technology; on the analysis of various legal situations in the field of land relations; to prepare consultations on environmental issues; to analyze the case, to develop and implement the position on the case.
2	Administrative practice of the internal affairs bodies of the Republic of Kazakhstan	System - forming	To know: the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the theoretical and legal foundations of administrative activity, the norms of professional ethics, law enforcement practice, methods of disclosure and investigation of crimes of certain types and groups, the nature of crime and its main characteristics, and the characteristics of persons who committed crimes.  Be able to: analyze, interpret and correctly apply legal norms, make decisions and perform legal actions in strict accordance with the law, give qualified legal opinions and consultations, operate with legal concepts and categories, analyze legal facts and legal relations arising in connection with them, draw up legal documents, identify circumstances contributing to crime, plan and carry out activities on the prevention and prevention of crimes and other offenses, skills of analysis and evaluation of data on administrative offenses, analyze the individuality of deviant behavior, organization and implementation of preventive activities.  Own: theoretical knowledge, acquisition of practical skills in the organization and implementation of public order protection in the territory of the city (district), understanding the specifics of the work of police units in public security, skills in analyzing various legal phenomena, legal facts, legal norms and legal relations that are objects of professional activity, legal terminology and

			techniques of legal technology, work skills with legislative
			and other regulatory legal acts, skills in analyzing law
			enforcement and law enforcement practice, skills in the use
			of means of prevention and prevention of offenses.
		System - forming	To know: the concept, content, structure of administrative-
	Administrative Responsibility	System - forming	
			legal norms, forms of implementation of administrative-
			legal norms, features of application as a form of
			implementation of legal norms; the concept, content,
			structure of administrative-legal relations, their features
			and classification.
2			<b>Be able to:</b> independently apply administrative and legal
			norms in solving practical problems of state and municipal
			administration in accordance with the most important
			qualification requirements for a modern lawyer-specialist
			with higher education.
			Own: competently implement in practice the substantive
			and procedural norms of administrative law.
	Criminal Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part)	System - forming	To know: To successfully study a special part of criminal
			law, it is necessary to know the basic provisions of
			philosophy, general history, the laws of formal logic, etc.
			When studying the course "Criminal Law" (Special part), it
			is necessary to master the basic, basic, fundamental
			criminal law concepts on the topics studied. At the same
			time, it is necessary to know the basic provisions of the
			theory of qualification of crimes, take into account the
			grounds of criminal responsibility, determine the presence
			of signs of a crime in relation to a specific socially
2			dangerous act, the form of guilt, take into account the role
			of each accomplice in the crime.
			Be able to: delineate adjacent ("borderline", similar)
			elements of criminal offenses. be able to determine the
			range of acts recognized as criminal offenses, correctly
			apply the norms of criminal law in the qualification of
			criminal offenses, identify
			types of exemption from criminal liability and (or) from
			punishment, determine the general principles and rules of
			sentencing, establish the grounds and limits of the

		<u></u>	
			application of criminal law measures that are not a
			punishment.
			<b>Own:</b> The basic skills of the correct qualification of the
			action or inaction of the subject of a criminal offense. In
			the course of solving situational issues and tasks, try to
			implement the theoretical knowledge gained in the future
			legal practice of pre-trial investigation bodies and the main
			court session on a criminal case.
		System - forming	To know: legal concepts in the discipline under study;
	Labor Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	System - forming	state-legal and constitutional development of Kazakhstan at
			the historical stages of labor relations; features of the
			_
			functioning of the legal system and the state mechanism of
			the Republic of Kazakhstan; the content of normative legal
			acts and theoretical approaches in the field of labor-law
			relations, to understand their significance for the realization
			of law in professional activity;
			Be able to: creatively apply the acquired knowledge in
			practice, be able to translate new knowledge into concrete
			proposals; independently improve their qualifications,
			replenish knowledge and acquire new skills and abilities;
			receive and process the necessary information, critically
			analyze it and make conclusions and generalizations; find
2			optimal ways to solve problems and make decisions related
			to the implementation of tasks in professional activity;
			<b>Own:</b> the use of the acquired knowledge and methods of
			the humanities and socio-economic sciences in professional
			activity; research; analysis of legal norms and legal
			relations included in the field of professional activity;
			computer work, search, collection and analysis of legal and
			other information necessary for professional activity,
			including in search engines and the Internet; development
			and preparation of legal documents, preparation of
			reasonable information at the request of legal entities and
			individuals; logical analysis of problematic situations,
			assimilation and memorization of the entire range of
			circumstances and details related to the area of work
			performed, establishing and maintaining relationships with
		l	positioning and manifesting relationships with

			colleagues; establishing and developing interpersonal relationships, taking into account the implementation of professional duties, interviewing and consulting on legal issues;
2	Family law of the RK	System - forming	To know: the subject, method, principles and sources of family law; the concept, content and subject composition of family legal relations, the basis of their origin; the basic concepts and terms used in family law; the current norms of family law on the procedure and conditions for the conclusion and termination of marriage, the rights and obligations of spouses, parents and children, alimony obligations of family members; on the forms of placement of children left without parental care (adoption, guardianship and guardianship, foster family); judicial practice on the topics studied.  Be able to: to qualify facts legally competently; to orient oneself in the legal system; to apply the norms of family law in the process of working in a legal specialty; to give legally competent advice on family law issues  Own: search for solutions to the proposed incidents
2	Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part)	System - forming	To know: a system of acts of civil legislation; key concepts, principles and institutions of sections of the Civil Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan; a system of doctrinal generally recognized (dominant) and legal judgments on civil legislation, principles of civil law, the content of contractual, hereditary and intellectual law; methodological techniques for working with civil law information and solving problems in civil law disputes.  Be able to: analyze the current civil legislation, apply it competently in practice; operate in the context of civil law with legal concepts and categories; analyze legal facts and civil law relations arising in connection with them; analyze, interpret and correctly apply legal norms; make decisions and perform legal actions in strict accordance with the law; carry out legal expertise regulatory legal acts; Own: legal terminology; skills of working with legal acts; skills of analyzing various legal phenomena, legal facts,

			legal norms and legal relations that are objects of professional activity; analysis of law enforcement and law enforcement practice; resolution of legal problems and conflicts; implementation of substantive law; taking necessary measures to protect human and civil rights
2	Contract law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	System - forming	To know: the main legal doctrines in the field of private law; the content of the most significant problems of the application of the norms of civil legislation. the content of the main regulatory legal acts regulating contractual relations; - basic rights and obligations of subjects in the conclusion, amendment and termination of contracts; - features of the content of certain types of contracts.  Be able to: to carry out the correlation between related legal categories regulating private law relations; to logically correctly express a point of view on the application of legislation on various types of contracts; To analyze and solve legal problems in the field of contractual relations;  Own: the main skills of the analysis of doctrinal sources on topical issues of the development of civil law in the Republic of Kazakhstan and foreign countries; skills of legal qualification of public relations.
3	Professionally-oriented foreign language	System - forming	To know: the structure and fundamentals of the construction of written and oral texts on professional topics Be able to: conduct a business dialogue in professional spheres.  Own: the necessary skills of professional communication in a foreign language for use in professional activities
3	Judicial Expertology	System - forming	To know: the content and structure of the course of forensic expertise. The concept of special knowledge and the forms of their use in legal proceedings; the evolution of the use of special knowledge as a scientific and practical activity, an element of the theory of criminal procedure, the institute of criminal procedure law; procedural foundations of forensic examination.  Be able to presentation: about the subject, tasks and

			features of forensic expertise.  Own: to determine the relationship between the concepts of "special knowledge" and "special scientific knowledge".
3	Civil Procedure Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	System - forming	To know: the basics and specifics of the legal regulation of civil procedural and related public relations; the composition and structure of the sources of legislation on civil proceedings; the composition and procedural status of subjects of civil procedural legal relations; the concept of judicial evidence, the procedure for examining judicial evidence; the essence of the claim form of consideration and resolution of civil cases in the court of first instance, the procedure of writ and correspondence proceedings; special and special claim proceedings; the procedure for recognition and enforcement of decisions of foreign judicial and arbitration decisions.  Be able to: to use the acquired knowledge and skills in various life situations requiring the adoption of legally competent decisions, to clothe these decisions in the appropriate organizational and legal form; to navigate the legislation, work with regulatory legal acts, thereby acquire practical skills for their successful application in practice and in legislation; professionally correctly compose the texts of local regulatory legal acts and law enforcement documents, contracts for the provision of legal assistance, and other procedural documents; solve educational tasks on specific types of civil obligations; identify distinctive features of certain types of civil proceedings;  Own: theoretical foundations of knowledge and certain practical skills in the field of civil procedure legislation; fundamentals of the application of theoretical provisions in the trial of specific cases in the framework of educational civil procedure; skills of drafting procedural documents; skills of working with normative material.
3	Oratory in court	System - forming	<b>To know:</b> basic idiomatic expressions, units of speech etiquette, basic norms officially – business style, the specifics of written communication, the basic requirements that ensure the correctness and culture of written and oral

speech, the logical foundations of argumentation, evidence, dispute, industry legislation and other regulatory legal acts adopted on its basis, the practice of applying the provisions of industry legislation, the forms of providing the main types of legal opinions (consultations), the logical foundations of judicial speech, compositions of judicial speech, ethical foundations of judicial debate, speech technique, oral nature of judicial speech, fundamentals of judicial speech, oral nature of judicial speech, dispute as a type of speech activity, norms of official business style, norms of literary language and culture of speech, types of speech, norms of modern literary language, fundamentals of argumentation, to know the basics of speech technique, eloquence, oratory.

Be able to: build monological and dialogical statements, take part in a conversation of a problematic nature and discussions on the topic, analyze statements in accordance with a specific situation, a speech task, interpret professional texts, apply the laws of logic to the construction of oral and written speech, define and concretize the task in a situation requiring a legal opinion, analyze legal facts and emerging in connection with them, legal relations, analyze, interpret and correctly apply legal regulations, analyze and force statements in accordance with the specific situation of communication, independently formulate conclusions, be able to navigate the laws of identity, contradiction, excluded third, sufficient reason.

Own: communication skills, prepared and unprepared monologue and dialogical speech in the conditions of interpersonal communication within the studied material, oral presentation skills, presentation of their thoughts on known issues and new problems, independently formulate conclusions, have the skills of dispute, discussion, polemics, skills of assessment and qualification of legal phenomena, skills of assessment of compliance with the rules of legal techniques in preparing conclusions on the situation, skills in preparing texts of expert opinions,

			providing legal advice, speech skills of speaking to an audience, skills of improving thinking and speech abilities, skills of evaluating and qualifying phenomena, skills of accuracy of word usage, visual and expressive means of language, ennobling speech, skills of using speech formulas of polemics in polemics.
3	Criminology	System - forming	To know: about the main problems of criminology, its subject (crime as a negative social process, its causes, characteristics of persons committing crimes, crime prevention system)  Be able to: work with empirical data, analyze information about crime, determine the causes and conditions of crime, develop measures to prevent and prevent offenses  Own: skills of analysis and evaluation of crime data, forecasting of crime and individual criminal behavior, organization and implementation of preventive activities
3	Criminal law and criminological characteristics of the fight against crime	System - forming	To know: criminal-legal criminological characteristics of certain types and groups of crime; the main directions of combating crime in Kazakhstan.  Be able to: analyze and evaluate both the optimality of criminalization of relevant acts and the effectiveness of the application of criminal law norms in specific criminal cases. Qualify crimes, conduct criminological analysis; interpret and apply the norms of criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan.  Own: the skill and ability to prevent offenses, identify and eliminate the causes and conditions that contribute to their commission; the skills to carry out professional activities for the disclosure and investigation of crimes in strict accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan
3	Criminal and legal protection of the family and minors	System - forming	To know: the legal basis of the current state of protection of the interests of the family and minors in the criminal legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan; The legal mechanism for protecting the rights and legitimate interests of the family and minors of the Republic of Kazakhstan Legal mechanism for the protection of the rights and

legitimate interests of the family and minors of foreign countries; The basis of criminal liability for crimes against the family and minors in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

**Be able to:** determine the essence and interrelation of the interests of the family and minors in criminal criminal procedure legislation; assess the impact of the social functions of the family on the development of individual institutions and norms of criminal procedure law;

to study the state of protection of the interests of the family and minors when applying coercive measures to participants in criminal proceedings; to investigate the state of protection of the interests of the family and minors in the process of collecting evidence in criminal cases; to determine the place of the family in the system of guarantees of protection of the interests of minors in criminal proceedings; to propose a theoretical model of protection of the interests of the family and minors in criminal proceedings, to develop on its basis recommendations for improving legislation and law enforcement practice; to contribute to the identification of shortcomings of the criminal procedure legislation that restrict the implementation of the social functions of the family; to assess the moral content of the interests of the family and minors in the criminal process; To determine the role of criminal legislation in the formation of subjective interests of the individual; To analyze international and foreign experience in protecting the rights and legitimate interests of the family and minors; To apply the acquired theoretical skills in practice

**Own:** Basic skills of applying the relevant norms of criminal law

Professional skills of correct delineation of crimes in accordance with the criminal legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan

The skills to apply the theoretical knowledge gained in the course of training in their professional activities

The main skills in the course of solving situational issues

			and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in practice
		System - forming	To know: the content and basic rules of the legal
			qualification of facts, events and circumstances, the
			consequences of making illegal decisions and committing
			illegal actions, the content of the legal qualification of facts
			and circumstances, its basic rules, the essence and content
			of concepts and institutions of criminal law and criminal –
			legal policy, features of the qualification of certain types of
			crimes, the content of the Plenums of the Supreme Court of
			the Republic of Kazakhstan, which contain explanations
			and basic rules for the qualification of criminal acts, ways
			to inform citizens about the state of crime in the Republic
			of Kazakhstan, the concept, principles, methods, forms of
			implementation of criminal law policy, the main activities
			of state authorities in the field of criminal law politics.
			<b>Be able to:</b> apply the rules of decision–making and legal
			actions under the current legislation of the Republic of
			Kazakhstan, identify facts and circumstances requiring
_	Criminally-legal policy struggle against criminality		legal qualification, correctly determine the range of
3			normative legal acts, the norms of which apply to these
			facts and circumstances, give a legal assessment of the
			situation, apply the norms of criminal law for the
			qualification of crimes, apply methods of criminal – to
			apply the norms of criminal law in practice, to qualify
			certain types of crimes, to explain the procedure for
			sentencing, to analyze and solve legal problems in the field
			of criminal law, to assess practical situations from the
			criminal—legal and criminal—political points of view.
			Own: decision-making skills and legal actions in strict
			compliance with the legislation of the Republic of
			Kazakhstan, legally correct resolution of situations,
			minimization of negative consequences of illegal decisions and illegal actions, methods and mechanisms of their
			prevention, skills of legally correct qualification of facts
			and circumstances, skills of orientation in political, social
			and economic processes, including criminal – political
			nature, structure and levels of criminal policy, goals,

			objectives and principles of criminal – legal policy, skills of legal analysis of legal relations that are objects of professional activity, qualification of facts, events and circumstances, skills of interpretation of normative legal acts in the study of issues of a criminal and political nature, providing for criminal – legal means of combating crime, general characteristics and system of criminal encroachments, skills of challenging official duties to ensure law and order, security of the individual, society and the state, protection of life and health of citizens, protection of public order in their professional activities in the implementation of criminal law means of combating crime.
3	Criminal Executive Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	System - forming	To know: the regulatory framework for the production of Penal enforcement law and criminal law policy of execution of punishments in the Republic of Kazakhstan; the subject and sources of the discipline "Penal Enforcement Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan";  Be able to: regulate the procedure and conditions for the execution and serving of sentences and other measures of criminal legal impact; determine the means of correction of convicts; protect the rights and freedoms of convicts; assist in the social adaptation of convicts.  Own: the skills to properly discuss and apply in professional practice or professional activity the regulatory framework for the production of Penal enforcement law and the criminal law policy of the execution of punishments of the Republic of Kazakhstan; improve the penal enforcement policy in the fight against crime. The main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in practice.
3	Enforcement proceedings	System - forming	Know: Basic concepts of civil procedure Provisions of the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan, laws and other regulatory legal acts related to the application of legislation in the field of enforcement proceedings. The content of the main international and Kazakh legal sources that disclose

			civil procedural activities <b>Be able to:</b> Interpret and apply laws and other normative legal acts in the field of civil procedure and enforcement proceedings, be able to give a legal assessment to various parties to civil proceedings, navigate the specifics of the bailiff's activities. Use legislative sources and materials, including reference manuals and information and reference legal systems of the "Paragraph" type; keep records of practice; work with scientific sources; apply knowledge of related branches of law; organize and plan their activities, choose the most effective ways to solve emerging issues; independently improve their knowledge, including taking into account changes in legislation and taking into account judicial practice <b>Own:</b> the skills of applying the rules of law of a blank nature, the skills of applying the NPA and freely navigate its hierarchy; The skills of analyzing various legal phenomena, legal facts, legal norms and legal relations in the field of civil proceedings; The skills of resolving legal problems and conflicts, as well as the skills of drafting procedural documents
3	Fundamentals of the classification of crimes	System - forming	To know: systematic presentation by students of theoretical knowledge about the principles, categories and provisions of the science of criminal law as the basis for the theory of qualification of crimes, teaching students the correct orientation in the current criminal legislation, the development of the ability to skillfully interpret and apply the norms of General and Special parts of criminal law, to know the rules for the identification of signs of crime and their elements; to know and highlight mandatory and optional signs of elements of the corpus delicti; to know the features of qualification depending on each element of the corpus delicti; to know the features of prevention and prevention of crimes through proper qualification.  Be able to: conduct a criminal law and criminological analysis of crimes, correctly analyze the elements of a crime on mandatory and optional grounds; be able to

			analyze statistical data on crimes, linking them with the qualification process in pre-trial investigation; cultivate a sense of respect for the criminal law as an unshakable means of protecting citizens, their rights, freedoms and legitimate interests, and also the interests of society and the state from criminal encroachments; development of interdisciplinary relations with general theoretical and other legal and special disciplines.  Own: skills to study the problems arising in modern criminal law and criminal procedure, during the formation and construction of the rule of law relations in the Republic of Kazakhstan; acquisition of skills of initial qualification of crimes at the time of registration in the ERDR; identification of qualification problems based on empirical data from investigative practice; analysis of investigative qualification errors in the process of pre-trial investigation; the influence of subjective data on the qualification process, development of ways to improve the quality of criminal investigation through proper qualification.
3	Fundamentals of qualification of criminal offenses in the field of medicine	System - forming	To know: a systematic presentation by students of theoretical knowledge about the principles, categories and provisions of the science of criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan as the basis for the theory of qualification of criminal offenses provided for in Chapter 12 of the Criminal Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan; to correctly navigate the current criminal legislation on medical criminal offenses; to know the signs of a medical criminal offense; to know and identify mandatory and optional signs of elements of the medical criminal offense offenses; to know the features of qualification depending on each element of the composition of a medical criminal offense; to know the features of prevention and prevention of medical criminal offenses.  Be able to: conduct a criminal law and criminological analysis of medical criminal offenses, correctly analyze the elements of a medical criminal offense on mandatory and optional grounds; be able to analyze statistical data on

			medical criminal offenses, linking them with the qualification process in pre-trial investigation; cultivate a sense of respect for the criminal law as an unshakable means of protecting citizens, their rights, freedoms and legitimate interests, as well as the interests of society and the state from criminal encroachments; development of interdisciplinary relations with general theoretical and other legal and special disciplines.  Own: acquisition of skills of initial qualification of medical criminal offenses at the time of registration in the ERDR, skills of qualification of the acts of the subject of medical criminal offenses in determining the status of a suspect; identification of qualification problems based on empirical data from investigative practice; analysis of investigative qualification errors in the process of pre-trial investigation of medical criminal offenses; the influence of subjective data on the qualification process, the development of ways to improve the quality of criminal investigation by properly qualifying medical criminal offenses.
4	Criminal-legal characteristics of offenses in the field of health care	System - forming	To know: a systematic presentation by students of theoretical knowledge about the goals, objectives, principles, categories and provisions of the subject "Criminal law characteristics of offenses in the field of healthcare"; to correctly navigate the current criminal legislation on medical criminal offenses; to know the signs of a medical criminal offense; to know and identify mandatory and optional signs of elements of a medical criminal offense;  Be able to: develop the ability to skillfully interpret and apply the norms of criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, qualify criminal offenses in this area, conduct criminological analysis, compare the opinions of scientists in this area; be able to analyze statistical data on medical criminal offenses, linking them with the qualification process in pre-trial investigation;  Own: study of problems arising in modern criminal law

			and criminology, during the formation and construction of
			the rule of law relations in the Republic of Kazakhstan;
			study of international experience in combating these types
			of criminal offenses; skills of qualification of the acts of
			the subject of medical criminal offenses in determining the
			status of a suspect; identification of qualification problems
			based on empirical data from investigative practice;
			analysis investigative qualification errors in the process of
		G	pre-trial investigation of medical criminal offenses;
		System - forming	<b>To know:</b> the conceptual and terminological apparatus in
			the field of Chapter 18 of the Criminal Code of the
			Republic of Kazakhstan, the characteristics of the current criminal legislation, as well as the practice of its
			application, the characteristics of objective and subjective
			signs of military units of criminal offenses based on the
			methodology of their criminal characteristics, the rules for
			the qualification of criminal offenses and their application
			in the criminal legal assessment of factual circumstances
			established in criminal cases cases, the main law
			enforcement problems in the field of combating military
			criminal offenses, with the most typical judicial and
	Criminally-legal and kriminologicheskaja		investigative errors in the qualification of military criminal
4	the characteristic of struggle against		offenses and ways to overcome them, skills in solving
	military crimes		situational problems. Dynamics, causes and conditions of
			committing criminal offenses by military service, the
			identity of the person who committed a military criminal offense.
			<b>Be able to:</b> apply the criminal law norms of Chapter 18 of
			the Criminal Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan; apply
			the skills and abilities necessary for the qualification and
			differentiation of military criminal offenses; interpret with
			the help of various means and techniques of criminal law
			norms establishing criminality and punishability of military
			criminal acts, the differentiation of related criminal
			offenses, the ability to give qualified legal opinions on the
			presence/absence of composition criminal offense; possess
			the skills of legal argumentation, the resolution of certain

			legal situations.  Own: the ability to carry out legal expertise of normative legal acts, to give qualified legal opinions and consultations; to analyze judicial practice of sentencing for military criminal offenses; to identify and eliminate investigative and judicial errors, violations of the rule of law in the sphere of application of criminal legislation.
4	Functions of the prosecutor in criminal proceedings	System - forming	To know: The student must master the basics of the criminal procedure legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, laws and other regulatory legal acts, and regulating the functions of the prosecutor's office in criminal proceedings.  Be able to: Be able to independently analyze the effectiveness of prosecutorial supervision at the stage of pre-trial investigation and judicial review and resolution of a criminal case based on the study of general and particular theoretical teachings on prosecutorial activity in criminal proceedings.  Own: Practical skills that allow the student to skillfully apply the acquired knowledge in the process of carrying out professional activities. Independently analyze and assess the legality of the pre-trial investigation, on behalf of the prosecutor to make acts of prosecutorial response to violations of the rule of law in the process of pre-trial and judicial proceedings.
4	Supervision of the prosecutor's office for the execution of laws	System - forming	To know: the subject and sources of the discipline "Supervision of the Prosecutor's Office over the execution of the law"; modern problems of the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;  Be able to: apply their knowledge in practice; navigate the system of regulatory legal acts of the Republic of Kazakhstan regulating this industry;  The main forms of classes in the study of this course are lectures, seminars and practical classes, (trainings, situation analysis, solving practical problems, etc.)  As a rule, lecture classes are held on the main topics of the course. The choice of seminars and practical classes may

			vary depending on the degree of preparedness of the trainees and the specific educational objectives of the educational institution.
			Own: The main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in practice.
4	Criminal-legal and criminological characteristics of organized crime and corruption	System - forming	To know: systematic presentation by students of theoretical knowledge about the principles, categories and provisions of the subject "Criminal law and criminological characteristics of organized crime and corruption"  Be able to: development of the ability to skillfully interpret and apply the norms of the criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, to qualify crimes, to conduct criminological analysis;  Own: study of the problems arising in modern criminal law and criminology during the formation and construction of the rule of law relations in the Republic of Kazakhstan
4	Criminally-legal and criminological the characteristic of struggle against economic crimes	System - forming	To know: the concept and general characteristics of economic crimes; criminal-legal characteristics of the subject of crimes against property, crimes in the field of economic activity and crimes against the interests of service in commercial and other organizations; features of criminal liability for mercenary crimes against property related to theft; specifics of criminal liability for mercenary crimes against property not related to theft; features criminal liability for non-profit crimes against property;  Be able to: analyze specific elements of criminal offenses in the field of economic activity; to identify problems of criminal law and find their correct resolution; to make the right legal decisions on the prevention of economic crime; to give qualified legal opinions and consultations; to independently study and critically analyze scientific literature; concerning procedural activities in criminal cases; to apply the acquired knowledge both theoretical and practical in the course of performing procedural actions; to discuss, defend and express their thoughts, substantiate

			their arguments concerning the problems of criminal law and criminology; apply the knowledge gained to understand the patterns of development; use knowledge in the process of law-making and research work; analyze specific criminal situations related to the improper application of the criminal law on the prevention of economic crime.  Own: skills of systematic, structural, historical, sociological analysis of the norms of criminal legislation regulating the activities of criminal cases and the practice of their application to prevent economic crime.
4	Participation of a lawyer in criminal matters	System - forming	To know: the procedural order, the rights and obligations of the defender in the exercise of his functions, knowledge of the legal foundations, principles, areas of activity of the defender and understanding of the appointment of the defender to provide legal assistance to individuals and legal entities on a professional basis; the essence and content of the actions of the defender in the process of criminal proceedings; the organization and tactics of using evidence obtained by the defender in order to mitigate the defendant's guilt on criminal offenses.  Be able to: apply the norms of the CPC in the exercise of the functions of a defender in criminal cases. analyze the criminal procedure legislation; interpret and apply the norms of criminal procedure law in specific life situations (incidents); formulate and legally competently argue their position on the criminal case; methodologically correctly study the materials of the criminal case; perform investigative and other procedural actions.  Own: the main provisions and terms that the CPC faces when performing the functions of a criminal defense lawyer, skills in the field of legal and organizational and tactical bases of the defense in criminal cases, necessary for the performance of professional duties in the field of criminal law relations.
4	Advocacy of the Republic of Kazakhstan	System - forming	<b>To know:</b> Obtaining knowledge about other features of the lawyer's law enforcement activities in the field of

		System - forming	jurisdictional proceedings as a professional representative: obtaining knowledge about the methodology of drafting procedural acts and other documents in the implementation of legal assistance, followed by consolidation in practical skills.  Be able to: Development of the ability to professionally assess a situation that is legally significant for the jurisdictional process and make a law enforcement decision corresponding to it as a professional subject: systematization of knowledge about the organizational and legal foundations of advocacy; analysis of regulations establishing the legal regulation of the lawyer's activities.  Own: Familiarization with the peculiarities of advocacy as a defender, representative of the victim, civil plaintiff, civil defendant, private prosecutor.  To know: general requirements for conducting
4	Production of public and secret investigative actions at the stage of pretrial investigation	System - forming	investigative actions; Theoretical and legal foundations of the institute of evidence in criminal procedural activities.  Be able to: Professionally competently perform the algorithm of procedural actions that establish the procedure for the production of secret investigative actions with strict observance of the constitutional rights and interests of persons involved in the sphere of criminal procedural legal relations, to draw up a protocol of investigative actions and the use of scientific and technical means and methods contributes to expanding the range of sources of evidence, improving the quality and efficiency of pre-trial investigation and judicial review of cases.  Own: to differentiate covert investigative actions with special operational investigative measures. Judicial evidence in legal practice. On the basis of criminal procedure legislation, it is correct to evaluate the results of covert investigative actions that contribute to the establishment of objective truth in a criminal case.
4	International cooperation in criminal matters	System - forming	<b>To know:</b> the basic principles of international law and their application in the criminal process of the Republic of Kazakhstan; legal regulation of international cooperation in

the field of legal assistance. Be able to: solve legal problems arising in the process of interaction with law enforcement agencies of other states in the field of combating crime. Analyze and systematize the collection of operational-search data and, on their basis, be able to output operationally significant information for processing and using the results of operational-search activities as evidence in criminal cases, on the basis of theoretical research and practical skills, they were able to distinguish special operational-search activities from covert investigative actions. Own: interpret and apply the norms of international treaties and Kazakh legislation on legal assistance; assess practical situations on legal assistance in criminal cases; On the basis of studying the theoretical provisions of the discipline, students should master techniques and methods for conducting and critical analysis of operational investigative measures. They could state concretely and clearly about the essence of the production and use of operational search materials during the investigation of criminal cases, set out their conclusions and proposals on the methodology and tactics of the production of general and special operational search measures to analyze law enforcement practice on issues included in the subject of discipline.

## The list of modules studied disciplines

№ module	Name of the module	List of disciplines included in the module	Block	Semester	Number of credits	Form of control	Total credits by module
M.1	Functional literacy	Information and communication technologies	MC GED	1	5	Exam	5
M.2	Foreign language and the basics of linguistic training	Foreign language	MC GED	1,2			20
		Kazakh (Russian) language	MC GED	1,2	10	Exam	
	Socio-political knowledge module	Sociology	MC GED	1	2	Exam	
M.3		Political Science	MC GED	1	2	Exam	
		Cultural studies	MC GED	1	2	Exam	
		Psychology	MC GED	1	2	Exam	
		Philosophy	MC GED	4	5	Exam	18
		Fundamentals of economic and legal knowledge	CCH GED	1	3	Exam	
		Fundamentals of scientific and environmental knowledge	CCH GED	1	2	Exam	
M.4	Theoretical and constitutional aspects of legal knowledge	Theory of State and law	UC BD	1	6	Exam	13
		Educational practice	UC BD	1	1	Differentiated credit	
		Constitutional law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	UC BD	2	6	Exam	
M.5	History of Kazakhstan	History of Kazakhstan	MC GED	2	5	State exam	5
M.6	Professional languages	Professional Kazakh (Russian) language	UC BD	3	3	Exam	

		Professionally-oriented foreign language	UC BD	3	3	Exam	6
M.7	Additional type of training	Physical Culture	MC GED	1,2 ,3, 4	8	Differentiated credit	8
M.8	Historical aspects of the State and law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	History of the State and law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	CCH BD	3	5	Exam	5
M.9	Theory of civil law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	Civil law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	CCH BD	3	5	Exam	13
		Labor law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	CCH BD	4	5	Exam	13
		Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part)	CCH BD	4	3	Exam	
M.10	Legal regulation of the activities of law enforcement agencies of Kazakhstan and Operational investigative activities	Forensic technology	CCH PD	4	3	Exam	
		Operational and investigative activities	CCH PD	5	5	Exam	13
		Administrative practice of the internal affairs bodies of the Republic of Kazakhstan	CCh BD	3	5	Exam	
M.11	Political and legal aspects of the fight against criminal offenses	Criminal legal protection of the family and minors	CCH BD	6	4	Exam	
	Criminal Officials	Criminal and legal characteristics of offenses in the field of healthcare	CCH BD	7	5	Exam	14
		Criminal law and criminological characteristics of organized crime and corruption	CCH BD	7	5	Exam	
M.12	Criminal law and criminological aspect of the execution of criminal penalties	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	UC BD	3	5	Exam	
		Criminal Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part)	UC BD	4	5	Exam	
		Production practice	UC BD	4	2	Exam	

		Criminal executive law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	CCH BD	6	5	Exam	28
		Functions of the prosecutor in criminal proceedings	CCH BD	7	5	Exam	
		Criminology	CCH BD	5	6	Exam	
M.13	Fundamentals of the qualification of crimes and labor offenses	Fundamentals of crime qualification	CCH BD	6	4	Exam	9
	abor offenses	Civil procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	CCH BD	5	5	Exam	
M.14	Production practice	Production practice	UC PD	6	4	Differentiated credit	4
	Criminal Procedure module	Participation of a criminal defense lawyer	CCH BD	7	5	Exam	
M.15		Production of public and secret investigative actions at the stage of pre-trial investigation	CCH BD	8	4	Exam	19
		Law enforcement agencies of the Republic of Kazakhstan	UC PD	3	5	Exam	19
		Criminal Procedure Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	UC PD	4	5	Exam	
M.16	Application of scientific and technological achievements in the investigation of criminal	Forensic expertise	UC BD	5	6	Exam	11
141.10	offenses at the present stage of development	Criminal Procedure Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part)	UC PD	5	5	Exam	
	Criminalistic means and methods of crime investigation	Criminalistics	CCH PD	6	5	Exam	
M.17	investigation	Fundamentals of forensic medicine and forensic psychiatry	CCH PD	7	5	Exam	10
		Theory of judicial evidence	CCH PD	6	5	Exam	18
		Investigation of serious crimes	CCH PD	6	3	Exam	
	General provisions of pre-trial investigation	Investigation of cybercrime and man-made	CCH PD	8	6	Exam	

M.18		disasters					11
		Activities of the bodies of inquiry during the pre-trial investigation	CCH PD	7	5	Exam	
M.19	Professional practice	Production practice	UC PD	8	10	Differentiated credit	12
		Pre-graduate practice	UC PD	8	2	Differentiated credit	
M.20	Final examination	Final examination	ATT	8	8	FE	8