«ALIKHAN BOKEIKHAN UNIVERSITY»

MODULAR EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

Educational program 6B04222 «Investigative and prosecutorial activities»

Discussed and approved at the meeting of the Department: Criminal Law disciplines (Protocol № 7 of 28.03.2024 year)

Reviewed and recommended for approval at a meeting of the Academic Quality Council of the Faculty of Law (Protocol N_{2} 3 of 20.05.2024 years).

Approved at the meeting of the Educational and Methodological Council of the University (Protocol №5 of 28.05.2024 years).

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1. Explanatory note

The modular educational program (MEP) is compiled in accordance with the State Standard of Higher and Postgraduate Education, approved by Order N_2 2 of the Minister of Science and Higher Education of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated July 20, 2022; Rules for organizing the educational process on credit technology of education, approved by Order N_2 152 of the Minister of Education and Science of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated April 20, 2011; Model Rules activities of organizations of higher and (or) postgraduate education, approved by the Order of the Minister of Education and Science of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated October 30, 2018 N_2 595. Prof.standard - Forensic examination of documents PS approval date 23/01/2024 y.

The modular educational program (MEP) is designed as a set and sequence of training modules for the entire period of study and is aimed at mastering the competencies necessary for awarding the degree «Bachelor of Laws»according to the educational program 6B04222 «Investigative and prosecutorial activities». The OOD block includes disciplines for all educational programs (56 credits in total), during the study of which the graduate must master the competence of general education.

The DB block includes disciplines of the university component (VC), which is 41 credits and elective components (CV), which is 71 credits. Modules of these disciplines allow you to form a complex of system-forming competencies acquired by a graduate.

The PD block includes the disciplines of the university component (VC), which is 27 credits and the elective component (CV), which is 37 credits. Modules of these disciplines allow you to form a complex of special competencies acquired by a graduate.

Theoretical training - 232 credits, IA - 8 credits. In total, a student at the end of the MOS must master 240 credits. In total, the MOS contains 20 modules.

The following social partners took part in the development of the modular educational program: R.K. Hamidullin - Deputy Prosecutor of Semey city, Abay region; L.K. Dosmailova - Senior Assistant Prosecutor, Prosecutor's Office of Abay region, Junior Justice Adviser; S.M. Adilbekov - Head of the SU DP of Abay Region of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Kazakhstan, police Colonel; Z.T. Kyzdanaeva – Senior investigator of the SU DP of the Abai region of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Kazakhstan, police Lieutenant colonel; Adilkhanova G.O. – Deputy Director for Forensic Medical Issues of the Institute of Forensic Examinations in the Abai region of the Ministry of Internal Affairs.

The purpose of the educational program: Training of a specialist with professional competencies in the field of investigative and prosecutorial activities

Expected results of the educational program:

ON 1 Demonstrate general theoretical knowledge and understanding in the field of law based on the most advanced knowledge

ON 2 apply knowledge and understanding at a professional level to formulate arguments and solve problems of investigative and prosecutorial activity

ON 3 apply knowledge and understanding at a professional level to formulate arguments and solve problems in related areas of investigative and prosecutorial activity

ON 4 Demonstrate knowledge of the concept of a modern rule of law state in order to instill skills in financial literacy, entrepreneurship, leadership, and receptivity to innovation based on scientific research while adhering to the principles of academic integrity and ensuring safety standards.

ON 5 to collect and interpret information for the formation of judgments in the field of investigative and prosecutorial activities, taking into account social, ethical and scientific considerations;

ON 6 apply theoretical and practical knowledge to solve educational, practical and professional tasks in investigative and prosecutorial activities

ON 7 Analyze and systematize knowledge for acquiring practical skills in the field of pre-trial investigation of criminal cases necessary for independent continuation of further training

ON 8 Analyze and systematize knowledge for the acquisition of practical skills in the field of prosecutorial supervision necessary for independent

continuation of further education

ON 9 To know the methods of scientific research and academic writing and apply them when drafting procedural documents

ON 10 Formulate arguments and solve organizational and managerial problems in the field of professional activity

ON 11 Apply knowledge and understanding of facts and complex interactions between them in the field of crime investigation, as well as know the conditions and requirements for the level of competence of experts with a qualification certificate for the right to conduct forensic examinations.

ON 12 To apply methods of critical analysis and creative thinking when using scientific and technical means, including the use of artificial intelligence, during pre-trial investigation and prosecutorial supervision, as well as taking into account the current level of technology and scientific developments, to know and be able to analyze the current state and prospects for the development of forensic activities.

ON 13 Understand the importance of the principles and culture of academic integrity

To create special conditions for people with special educational needs to receive education, there is a special graduate model supplemented with professional competencies that ensure the adaptive nature of the main educational program. For this purpose, courses for the formation of the ability of persons with special educational needs to successfully socialize in society and actively adapt to the labor market, taking into account the characteristics of the disease, are introduced into the catalog of courses of the additional educational program «Minor»

2. The graduate's competence model

Modern professional legal education is aimed at training highly educated competitive creative specialists capable of solving tasks aimed at building a fair civil society in the Republic of Kazakhstan and forming a mobile highly educated competent graduate.

The professional aptitude of a graduate is determined by a highly intellectual, general cultural level of development ready for activity and professional growth, possessing social and professional mobility, free to adapt in changing socio-economic conditions.

The competence of the graduate is formed taking into account the needs and satisfaction of the labor market.

The graduate is awarded the academic degree «Bachelor of Law» according to the educational program 6B04222 «Investigative and prosecutorial activity»

In order to realize their competitiveness and competence, a student under the educational program 6B04222 «Investigative and prosecutorial activity» receives at the educational institution «Alikhan Bokeikhan University»:

a) the necessary amount of theoretical and legal knowledge for the formation of a personality and his professional suitability;

b) applied skills in the application of theoretical knowledge in law enforcement;

c) taking into account the needs of potential employers, students are given the opportunity to apply the knowledge, skills and abilities acquired during educational, industrial and pre-graduate practices, laboratory work, independent research, in practical activities.

All these separate elements of educational outcomes together constitute «competence».

Competence is the ability of a graduate to skillfully apply acquired knowledge, skills, and personal qualities in professional activities.

Students of the educational program 6B04222 «Investigative and prosecutorial activities» carry out their professional, analytical, consulting activities in the field of law enforcement and the judicial system.

Students enrolled in the educational program 6B04222 «Investigative and prosecutorial activities» study socio-humanitarian and legal disciplines that contribute to the intellectual development of the graduate, as well as contribute to the formation of professional knowledge, skills and abilities that allow them to skillfully apply the acquired knowledge in law enforcement. A graduate of this educational program must have professional knowledge and skills that allow them to independently apply solutions to problematic issues of investigative and judicial practice and prosecutorial supervision, analyze regulatory legal acts, carry out actions aimed at ensuring the rights and interests of the individual, society and the state.

Classification of competencies according to the educational program 6B04222 «Investigative and prosecutorial activity»: Competence of general education:

- aimed at forming the ideological, civil and moral positions of the future specialist, competitive on the basis of knowledge of information and communication technologies, building communication programs in Kazakh, Russian and foreign languages, orientation to a healthy lifestyle, self-improvement and professional success;
- they form a system of general competencies that ensure the socio-cultural development of the personality of the future specialist on the basis of the formation of his ideological, civil and moral positions;
- develop the ability to interpersonal social and professional communication in Kazakh, Russian and foreign languages;
- contribute to the development of information literacy through the mastery and use of modern information and communication technologies in all areas of their lives and activities;
- form the skills of self-development and education throughout life;
- they form a personality capable of mobility in the modern world, critical thinking and physical self-improvement;

- to evaluate the surrounding reality on the basis of worldview positions formed by knowledge of the fundamentals of philosophy, which provide scientific understanding and study of the natural and social world by methods of scientific and philosophical cognition, to reveal the meaning of the content and specific features of the mythological, religious and scientific worldview;
- to show a civic position based on a deep understanding and scientific analysis of the main stages, patterns, peculiarities of the historical development of Kazakhstan, to use methods and techniques of historical description to analyze the causes and consequences of events in the history of Kazakhstan;
- to assess situations in various spheres of interpersonal, social and professional communication, taking into account basic knowledge of sociology, political science, cultural studies, psychology, arguing their own assessment of everything happening in the social and industrial spheres, as well as synthesize knowledge of these sciences as a modern product of integrative processes;
- to use scientific methods, methods of research of a specific science, as well as the entire socio-political cluster, to choose a methodology, analyze and summarize the results of the study;
- to develop their own moral and civic position on the basis of social, business, cultural, legal and ethical norms of the Kazakh society;
- to put into practice knowledge in the field of social sciences and humanities, which has worldwide recognition, synthesize new knowledge and present it in the form of humanitarian socially significant products;
- to engage in communication in oral and written forms in Kazakh, Russian and foreign languages, using language and speech means based on grammatical knowledge to solve problems of interpersonal, intercultural and industrial (professional) communication, as well as to analyze information, actions and deeds of communication participants in accordance with the communication situation;
- to use various types of information and communication technologies in personal activities: Internet resources, cloud and mobile services for the search, storage, processing, protection and dissemination of information;
- to build a personal educational trajectory throughout life for self-development and career growth, to focus on a healthy lifestyle to ensure full-fledged social and professional activities through methods and means of physical culture;
- to know and understand the basic laws of the history of Kazakhstan, the basics of philosophical, socio-political, economic and legal knowledge, communication in oral and written forms in Kazakh, Russian and foreign languages;
- apply the acquired knowledge for effective socialization and adaptation in changing socio-cultural conditions, possess the skills of quantitative and qualitative analysis of social phenomena, processes and problems.

System–forming competencies are an integral part of professional competence, contributing to the formation of personal qualities of students that determine the social significance of future professional activity, the skillful use of theoretical and applied knowledge and skills in law enforcement

To know:

- correctly understand the legal foundations of the conceptual and categorical apparatus, general and particular methods and contents that form an idea of investigative and prosecutorial activity;

- theoretical foundations and practical features of document management, requirements put forward by the legislator to procedural documents of general and separate categories of criminal, administrative, civil cases;

- system-forming legal sources that organize and regulate the activities of the investigative apparatus of law enforcement agencies, as well as the activities of the Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Kazakhstan;

- the legal basis and procedural procedure for the implementation of prosecutorial supervision in criminal proceedings, in addition, the activities of the prosecutor in the field of supervision of operational-investigative, criminal-executive activities;

- correctly understand and have a clear understanding of the fundamental and applied foundations of the national legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the field of criminal, criminal procedure, administrative, civil and civil procedure proceedings;

Be able to:

- on the basis of professional legal awareness and legal culture, correctly understand and apply the norms of the law of professional, law-making and law enforcement activities;

- correctly apply national legislation, international norms, departmental normative legal acts of investigative and prosecutorial and judicial practice;

- on the basis of logical thinking and critical analysis, to make a conclusion on compliance with the rule of law, ensuring the rights and freedoms of the individual by criminal prosecution authorities in the course of professional activity;

- correctly use the acquired theoretical knowledge in the professional field, make decisions independently, draw up procedural documents related to the conduct of the preliminary investigation and prosecutor's office;

- professional activity to correctly interpret and apply the norms of criminal and criminal procedure legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, to conduct a comparative analysis with the norms of national legislation with the norms of foreign countries, to give a legally justified qualification of the composition of a criminal offense for illegal acts, on the basis of statistical data to conduct a criminological analysis of the state of crime in a certain administrative-territorial unit;

- correctly assess and know the purpose of the functions of prosecutorial supervision aimed at observing the rights and freedoms of persons involved in the sphere of criminal procedural legal relations, the legality of the production of operational investigative measures;

- correctly assess and know the purpose of the functions of prosecutorial supervision over the legality of the execution of criminal punishment by convicts in penal institutions, as well as the procedure for the execution of non-custodial sentences;

- on the basis of acquired knowledge, make decisions to identify and eliminate any violations of the rule of law, represent the interests of the state in court and supervise the legality of judicial decisions.

Own:

- techniques and skills, the ability to carry out professional activities based on high legal awareness, legal culture and legal thinking;

- on the basis of theoretical knowledge and acquired practical skills, formed professional logical thinking, possess skills that allow you to adequately perceive the reality of law enforcement practice and successfully carry out work in the bodies of preliminary investigation and prosecutor's office;

- skills in the correct perception, application and interpretation of the norms of law in a professional environment related to the pre-trial investigation of criminal offenses and the function of prosecutorial supervision;

- the ability to develop and execute procedural documents relating to the conduct of investigative and prosecutorial activities;

- the ability to accept and perform legal actions of employees of the prosecutor's office in accordance with the exact observance of laws and other regulatory legal acts;

- techniques and skills for the application of the norms of substantive and procedural law in the professional activities of the investigative apparatus of law enforcement agencies;

- techniques and skills for the performance of official duties of employees of the prosecutor's office, the investigator aimed at ensuring law and order, the security of the state, society and the individual.

Special competencies are an integral part of professional competence aimed at studying special legal disciplines, allowing students to apply and use the acquired knowledge in their professional activities.

To know:

- the essence and main directions of legal disciplines that contribute to the theoretical development and practical consolidation of the activities of the prosecutor's office and the investigative apparatus of law enforcement agencies;

- departmental regulatory legal acts regulating the activities of criminal prosecution and prosecutorial supervision bodies;

- correctly understand the legality and validity of the actions and decisions of the pre-trial investigation bodies in the framework of the investigation of a criminal case;

- effective methods and means of prosecutorial supervision within the competence of professional activity;

- criminal-legal and criminal-procedural bases of criminal prosecution at the stage of pre-trial investigation by the investigator, prosecutor;

- the grounds, conditions and use of forensic methods and techniques during the investigation of a criminal case, including the conditions and features of the production of covert investigative actions;

- theoretical and legal bases of the prosecutor's supervision over the legality of the pre-trial investigation;

- legality and order of serving sentences by convicts in penal institutions, supervision of the execution of sentences of convicts not related to deprivation of liberty, supervision of the legality of operational investigative activities;

- features of the prosecutor's activity in the process of international cooperation in criminal cases related to the provision of legal assistance to international law enforcement organizations and foreign criminal prosecution bodies;

- legal grounds and conditions for the implementation of prosecutorial supervision of legality in administrative proceedings, civil proceedings;

- criminal procedural grounds for conducting a forensic examination during a pre-trial investigation, as well as applying the obtained scientific and special knowledge as evidence in criminal cases;

- features and procedure for organizing the interaction of the investigator with the bodies of inquiry, the bodies of operational investigative activities;

- applied fundamentals of forensic tools and methods that contribute to the disclosure and investigation of criminal offenses;

- criminal procedural features and conditions of special powers of the prosecutor related to the production of a procedural agreement.

Be able to:

- on the basis of a common legal culture and legal awareness, analytical thinking, from the position of civil responsibility and morality, to make legally justified decisions that comply with the letter of the law, the norms of morality and professional ethics;

- on the basis of theoretical knowledge and practical skills to apply forensic technical means, methods and techniques for the detection, consolidation and investigation of material and other evidence in criminal cases;

- on the basis of empirical data, to analyze the state of crime, to identify the causes and conditions that contributed to the commission of criminal offenses, to conduct a legal analysis of the state of crime in an administrative-territorial unit (district, region, republic), to set specific tasks to counteract a criminal offense on law enforcement agencies;

- analyze and evaluate problematic issues of legal practice in the field of cooperation in the field of international criminal justice;

- it is procedurally correct to substantiate and involve persons with special scientific knowledge to assist in the discovery, research and use as evidence of factual data of importance in order to establish objective truth in a criminal case;

- to correctly build their thoughts and justify the procedural decisions taken in a criminal case at the stage of pre-trial investigation;

- from the standpoint of the professional activity of the pre-trial investigation bodies, to carry out organizational and managerial functions related to the procedural features of the use of forensic special scientific knowledge, investigative and prosecutorial practice.

Own:

- techniques and skills of logical thinking and analysis that contribute to the correct perception of the reality of investigative and prosecutorial activities;

- practical skills that allow, on the basis of compliance with the law, independently conduct investigative actions, operational investigative measures, carry out prosecutorial supervision over the legality of pre-trial investigation, the legality of the court verdict;

- special legal skills that allow you to skillfully use the acquired knowledge and skills in criminal, civil and administrative legislation in professional activities;

- communication skills that contribute to the formation of a highly educated specialist who is able to analyze, detail investigative and judicial practice, build forecasts about the state and prevention of crime, make a decision on the facts of a procedural agreement on behalf of the prosecutor;

- organizational and managerial skills that allow you to independently carry out procedural actions aimed at uncovering and investigating a criminal offense, identifying the person who committed the illegal act and bringing him to criminal responsibility;

- practical skills of law enforcement practice of criminal proceedings in the field of international cooperation in providing legal assistance to international law enforcement organizations, foreign criminal prosecution authorities in matters of extradition, extradition of a person for criminal prosecution or serving a sentence in the State of which he is a citizen.

| Nº | Competencies | The list of compulsory, elective disciplines and the sequence of their study | | Expected results |
|----|----------------------|--|--|--|
| | | List of disciplines | the sequence of their study (seminar) | |
| 1 | Special competencies | Law enforcement agencies of Kazakhstan | 3 semester | Know: system, sources, interdisciplinary relations, the mechanism of law enforcement agencies of the Republic of Kazakhstan. The place occupied by law enforcement agencies in society, personal acquaintance with the composition of law enforcement agencies. These are: the court, the arbitration court, the Constitutional Court (the Constitutional Council in Kazakhstan), the prosecutor's office, the internal affairs bodies, the state security bodies (National security in Kazakhstan), customs control, and justice. Individual acquaintance with the functions, sources and other tasks performed by these bodies. Be able to: mastering skills with a full understanding of the main tasks of law enforcement. In accordance with the activities of law enforcement agencies must be distinguished from each other. Familiarization with the main governing laws, the competences of each of the law enforcement agencies (court, arbitration court, the Constitutional Council, the prosecutor's office, internal affairs agencies, national security agencies, customs control, justice in Kazakhstan), analysis of the places occupied in society. Conduct active research work on your own students, reading legislative and by-laws, special textbooks. Own : correctly discuss and apply the regulatory framework of law enforcement agencies of the Republic of Kazakhstan in professional practice or professional activities; to improve the penitentiary policy in the fight against crime. |
| | | Forensic technology | 4 semester | Know: the main forensic technical means and methods in the pre-trial investigation of criminal offenses used to secure trace information. Be able to: to implement the acquired scientific and technical forensic knowledge and skills in the course of a criminal case. Own: forensic techniques and scientific and practical experience in |

Table 1. The sequence of mastering disciplines in the process of forming special competencies

| Fundamentals of forensic methodology | 4 semester | identifying, fixing and initial research of trace information in criminal, civil and administrative cases. Including prepare materials, documents and items for forensic research in forensic science and forensic laboratories. Know: the main forensic technical means and methods in the pre-trial investigation of criminal offenses used to secure trace information. Be able to: to implement the acquired scientific and technical forensic knowledge and skills in the course of a criminal case. Own: forensic techniques and scientific and practical experience in identifying, fixing and initial research of trace information in criminal, civil and administrative cases. Including prepare materials, documents and items for forensic research in forensic science and forensic laboratories. |
|--|------------|---|
| Criminal Procedure Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan(General Part) | 4 semester | Know: the essence and content of the criminal procedural legislation and their legal sources, the legal status of the subjects of criminal procedural legal relations, the basic principles of the criminal process, the legal nature of the functions and forms of criminal proceedings. Be able to: correctly determine the legal mechanisms of the theory of evidence, and its properties, legal criteria for the relevance and admissibility of evidence, correctly determine the grounds and conditions for conducting criminal proceedings, calculating, observing and extending procedural deadlines, procedurally correctly apply measures of procedural coercion during the investigation and consideration of a criminal case. Own: procedural skills that contribute to a comprehensive, complete and objective investigation and consideration of a criminal justice and its significance for law enforcement practice. Perfectly master the techniques and methods that allow you to skillfully apply the acquired knowledge of the institutional provisions of the general part of the criminal process in investigative and judicial practice. |
| Criminal Procedure Law of the Republic of Kazakhsta (special part) | 5 semester | Know: the main stages of criminal proceedings related to the investigation and consideration of a criminal case; the essence and content of the conceptual and categorical apparatus of the institute of pre-trial and judicial proceedings; problems of investigative and judicial practice; its patterns and trends in the development of criminal proceedings, its historical and social conditionality. |

| Interaction of the investigator with the bodies of inquiry | 5 semester | Be able to: analyze and argue the state and prospects for the development of criminal justice; correctly understand and argue the stages of criminal proceedings; analyze legal facts and related to the emergence of criminal procedural legal relations; independently make procedural decisions and be able to perform investigative and judicial actions in accordance with the law, with strict observance of the rights and interests of persons involved in the sphere of criminal procedural legal relations. Own: legal terms of the language of criminal proceedings; skills in analyzing law enforcement and law enforcement practice, drafting procedural documents of pre-trial and trial proceedings, resolving legal problems based on investigative and judicial practice, analyzing substantive and procedural law in the process of investigating and considering a criminal case. Know: Organizational and legal issues of the activities of the bodies of inquiry at the stage of pre-trial investigation, procedural forms of conducting proceedings in a criminal case by the bodies of inquiry in the process of investigating grave and especially grave crimes, as well as the activities of the bodies of inquiry in cases in which preliminary investigation is not necessary. Be able to: Correctly and competently draw up procedural documents establishing the procedure for the interaction of the investigator with the bodies of inquiry. It is logically correct to build the structure of individual instructions and instructions from the investigator to the bodies of inquiry in the process of their interaction during the investigation of a criminal case. |
|---|--------------|---|
| | | analysis of information and other information provided to the bodies of inquiry in the process of interaction of the latter with the investigative units. |
| Digitalization | 5 semester | Know: Criminal procedural order, grounds and conditions for |
| of pre-trial | 5 2011102101 | conducting criminal proceedings in electronic format. Regulatory legal |
| 1 | | |
| investigation | | acts regulating the activities of criminal prosecution authorities in |

| | | conducting electronic pre-trial investigations. Be able to: Conduct a comprehensive analysis of problematic issues and prospects for the digitalization of pre-trial investigations and, on their basis, using scientific and technical means, including the use of artificial intelligence, conduct procedurally correct criminal proceedings in electronic format. Own: Practical skills that allow you to master the techniques and methods of conducting criminal proceedings in an electronic format, as well as master the document flow of an electronic pre-trial investigation and, on their basis, conduct a comparative analysis of the electronic format of a criminal investigation with the classic criminal proceedings. |
|--|------------|---|
| Theory of judicial evidence | 6 semester | Know: the basis, procedure and implementation of judicial evidence in administrative, civil and criminal cases, the grounds for the production of a forensic examination and apply the acquired knowledge during the trial. Be able to: apply the results of the examination in the course of the process. Own: skills of implementation and use of judicial evidence in legal practice. |
| Methods of applying special knowledge | 6 semester | Know: The main forensic tools and methods in the investigation of crimes, as well as cases of concluding a procedural agreement. Be able to: implement the acquired forensic knowledge, skills and abilities in legal practice. Own: research activities, skills in collecting and preparing scientific, forensic materials, processing the results of legal examination of documents and experimental studies in forensic and forensic laboratories |
| Criminalistics | 6 semester | Know: methods and means of preliminary verification of allegations of criminal offenses; substantiate and make procedural and tactical decisions; organize the work of the investigative and operational group that inspects the scene, including during other investigative and covert investigative actions; apply technical and forensic methods and means of detection, fixing and seizing trace information and traces of crimes; Be able to: methods and means of preliminary verification of allegations of criminal offenses; substantiate and make procedural and tactical decisions; organize the work of the investigative and operational group that inspects the scene, including during other investigative and covert |

| Technical and forensic examination | 6 semester | investigative actions; apply technical and forensic methods and means of detection, fixing and seizing trace information and traces of crimes; Own: The main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in the legal practice of pretrial investigation bodies. Know: methodology of forensic examination, the theory of forensic diagnostics and identification in relation to technical and forensic examination; scientific foundations of technical and forensic examination; classification, manufacturing technology and the main properties of documents - material evidence, traditional objects of technical and forensic examination; and forensic examination; - material evidence; modern possibilities of scientific methods and technical means, which are equipped with forensic expert institutions, and the rules for their application in solving the problems of technical and forensic examination; technical means and techniques for fixing, illustrating and researching evidence; methods of production of technical and forensic examination; Be able to: use modern expert technologies in solving diagnostic and identification problems of technical and forensic examination; apply the means and methods of forensic photography to solve problems of fixing appearance; solve typical expert tasks in the study of typical objects of technical and forensic examination; research documents and make illustrations for this conclusion; interact with employees of operational, investigative bodies and courts in the preparation of materials for technical and forensic examination; Own: the conceptual apparatus of technical and forensic examination and the professional vocabulary of a forensic examination |
|--|------------|--|
| | | maintaining forensic records of documents and the use of relevant reference and information and information retrieval systems for forensic |
| | | purposes. |
| Interaction of | 6 semester | Know: the system of law enforcement and judicial bodies, their place in |
| the | | the state apparatus and competence; |
| prosecutor | | Be able to: analyze the norms of the Constitution of the Republic of |
| and the | | Kazakhstan, laws, by-laws regulating the organization and functioning of |
| investigator | | the interaction between the prosecutor and the investigator in the process |
| in the process | | of investigating grave and especially grave types of crimes and give |

| of | | them a legal interpretation; |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| investigating | | Own: legal terminology, skills of working with legal acts; skills in the |
| serious and | | analysis of various legal phenomena, legal facts, legal norms and legal |
| especially | | relations that are objects of professional activity; analysis of law |
| serious types | | enforcement and law enforcement practice; resolution of legal problems |
| of crimes | | and conflicts; |
| Procedural | 6 semester | Know: The legal nature of the procedural agreement from the standpoint |
| agreement in | o sennester | of theory and practice, the experience and prospects for the development |
| criminal | | of the institution of a deal with justice based on international experience, |
| proceedings | | as well as the legal grounds and conditions for the implementation of a |
| proceedings | | procedural agreement in the criminal proceedings of the Republic of |
| | | Kazakhstan. |
| | | Be able to: Correctly build and draw up a procedural agreement based |
| | | on the criminal procedural legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as |
| | | well as be able to determine the algorithm of actions of the criminal |
| | | prosecution authorities and the court at the stages of pre-trial and trial |
| | | proceedings. |
| | | Own: Practical skills and techniques that allow you to analyze the |
| | | actions of authorized bodies and officials constituting a procedural |
| | | agreement, master the skills of drawing up a procedural agreement and |
| | | give a legal opinion on the legality and validity of drawing up a |
| | | procedural agreement. |
| Fundamentals | 7 semester | Know: the basis, procedure and implementation of judicial evidence in |
| of forensic | | administrative, civil and criminal cases, the grounds for the production |
| medicine | | of a forensic examination and apply the acquired knowledge during the |
| | | trial. |
| | | Be able to: apply the results of the examination in the course of the |
| | | process. |
| | | Own: skills of implementation and use of judicial evidence in legal |
| | | practice. |
| Fundamentals | 7 semester | Know: the concept, subject, tasks and methodology of forensic |
| of forensic | | psychiatry, the organizational and legal foundations of forensic |
| psychiatry | | psychiatry, the main legislative documents governing the appointment |
| r · J · · · · J | | and production of forensic psychiatric examination, the forms of |
| | | participation of a forensic psychiatrist in the work of forensic |
| | | investigative bodies and the limits of his competence in conducting |
| | | forensic psychiatric expertise |
| | | Toronsie psychiatrie expertise |

| Features of the office work of the prosecutor's office | 7 semester | Be able to: draw up the text of the resolution (determination) on the appointment of a forensic psychiatric examination or a reasoned referral to conduct a psychiatric examination, substantiate and correctly raise questions about the decision of the forensic psychiatric examination of the accused, witness, victim and person serving a sentence, draw up a court ruling on a forensic psychiatric examination in relation to persons participating in criminal and civil proceedings Own: skills in drafting the text of a motivated application for a psychiatric examination, basic skills in forensic psychiatric assessment of the nature and degree of danger of persons with mental disorders, skills in formulating appropriate and correct questions to an expert psychiatrist in various legal situations. Know: know the subject and sources of the discipline "Peculiarities of office work of the prosecutor's office" - to know perfectly all the legal acts of the prosecutor's office of the Republic of Kazakhstan; Be able to: apply their knowledge in practice; - to form supervisory proceedings; - navigate the system of regulatory legal acts of the Republic of Kazakhstan that regulate this industry; Own: basic skills of registering documents, filling in the correct details of executable documents, writing off documents, including on the basis of IS "Kadagalau" |
|---|------------|--|
| Activities of the bodies of inquiry during the pre-trial investigation | 7 semester | Know: the concept of bodies of inquiry, legal acts that determine the competence of bodies of inquiry, the structure and main areas of activity, forms of pre-trial activities of bodies of inquiry, the relationship of bodies of inquiry with other state bodies Be able to: work with normative legal acts that define the functions and competences of bodies of inquiry, independently make lawful decisions in protecting the rights of citizens, legally correctly analyze facts and events. Own: acquired knowledge in theory in the future profession, apply regulations in accordance with the law, apply the acquired knowledge solely for the purposes of law and order, protection and restoration of the rights and legitimate interests of citizens and society. |
| Investigation of | 7 semester | Know: tasks and system of measures to combat crime; - name and |

| environmenta l crimes | | explain the principles of the methodology for investigating environmental crimes; - explain the concept of forensic characteristics of |
|--------------------------|------------|---|
| | | crimes and its structural elements; - specifics of pre-trial investigation of environmental crimes. |
| | | Be able to: make informed tactical decisions when investigating |
| | | environmental crimes; - appoint certain types of examinations and assess |
| | | the evidentiary value of their conclusions, as well as use the assistance of |
| | | specialists in the process of investigating environmental crimes; use |
| | | various forms of forensic records, sources of search information, |
| | | assistance from citizens and the media in the investigation of |
| | | environmental crimes; draw up procedural documents in accordance |
| | | with the requirements of the Code of Criminal Procedure of the Republic |
| | | of Kazakhstan and forensic recommendations. |
| | | Own: culture of thinking, the ability to generalize, analyze, perceive |
| | | information, set a goal and choose ways to achieve it; skills for solving |
| | | practical problems; - skills in preparing legal documents - various methods and forms of organizing independent work. |
| Cybercrime | 7 semester | Know: methods and means of preliminary verification of allegations of |
| investigation | , semester | crimes. |
| _ | | Be able to: use the help of citizens, the media in the investigation of |
| | | crimes; analyze and evaluate search and evidentiary information on |
| | | unsolved criminal cases; |
| | | Own: The main skills in the course of solving situational issues and |
| | | tasks, to put the acquired knowledge into practice. |

Table 2. The sequence of mastering the disciplines of social and professional interaction

| Well | Supporting disciplines | Competencies | Expected Result |
|------|------------------------|-------------------|---|
| | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1 | History of Kazakhstan | General education | Know: demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the main stages of development of the history of Kazakhstan; Be able to: correlate the phenomena and events of the historical past with the general paradigm of the world-historical development of human society through critical analysis; be able to objectively and comprehensively comprehend the immanent features of the modern Kazakhstan model of development; Own: possess the skills of analytical and axiological analysis in the study of historical processes and phenomena of modern Kazakhstan; systematize and give a critical assessment of historical phenomena and processes in the history of Kazakhstan. |
| 1 | Foreign language | General education | Know: lexical minimum and language material of topics and subtopics in a given discipline (social and social and cultural spheres of communication). Be able to: understand by ear not only individual phrases and frequently used words, but also more voluminous statements on topics directly related to him, understand the main content of short simple messages on the radio, at the airport, at the station. understand when reading the content of short, simple texts, advertisements, brochures, menus, bus and train timetables, short simple personal letters, emails. communicate in simple typical situations that require the exchange of information within the framework of familiar topics and activities, be able to talk about the family, living conditions, training sessions. write a simple letter of a personal nature, a note, an autobiography. Own: understanding of foreign language dialogic and monologue speech within the framework of general |

| | | | cultural and professional topics; a foreign language at a level that allows to carry out the main types of speech activity; various ways of oral and written communication; skills of adequate response in situations of everyday, academic and professional communication; skills of listening, reading, writing. |
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| 1 | Kazakh (Russian) language | General education | Know: theoretical foundations of the course (language, its functions, forms of speech, text, its features, styles of speech, functional and semantic types of speech); features of dialogic and monologue speech; types of scientific information and the specifics of its implementation in a scientific text; elements of structural and semantic analysis and semantic analysis of a scientific text, components of a speech situation, intentions of the speaker. Be able to: to carry out the correct choice and use of language and speech means for solving certain problems of communication and cognition on the basis of knowledge of a sufficient amount of vocabulary, a system of grammatical knowledge, pragmatic means of expressing intentions; compose everyday, socio-cultural, official and business texts in accordance with generally accepted norms, functional orientation, using lexico-grammatical and pragmatic material of a certain certification level that is adequate to the goal; convey the factual content of texts, formulate their conceptual information, describe inference knowledge (pragmatic focus) both the entire text and its individual structural elements; interpret text information, explain in the scope of certification requirements the style and genre specificity of texts of socio-cultural, sociopolitical, official business and professional spheres of communication; participate in communication in order to realize their own intentions and needs (everyday, educational, social, cultural), declaring them ethically correct, meaningfully complete, lexico-grammatically and pragmatically adequate to the situation; discuss ethical, cultural, socially significant issues in discussions, express |

| | | | their point of view, defend it with arguments, critically evaluate the opinion of interlocutors; build speech behavior programs in situations of personal, social and professional communication in accordance with the norms of the language, culture, specifics of the sphere of communication, certification requirements; request and communicate information in accordance with the situation of communication, evaluate the actions and deeds of participants, use information as a tool to influence the interlocutor in situations of cognition and communication in accordance with certification requirements. Own : skills of producing oral and written speech in accordance with the communication; language skills in various situations of everyday, socio-cultural, professional communication; skills of searching, processing information in Russian; types of speech activity. |
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| 1 | Information and communication technology | General education | Know: what economic and political factors contributed to the development of information and communication technologies; features of various operating systems, architecture. Be able to: determine the main trends in the field of information and communication technologies; use information resources to search and store information; work with spreadsheets, perform data consolidation, build graphs; apply methods and means of information protection; design and create simple websites; process vector and raster images; create multimedia presentations; use different communication platforms; calculate and evaluate the performance indicators of supercomputers; use various forms of e-learning to expand professional knowledge; use various cloud services. Own: have skills: development of database structure; designing and creating presentations; receiving data from the server; creating video files; work with Smartapplications; work with services on the e-government website. |

| 1 | Sociology | General education | Know: patterns and stages of the historical process, basic historical facts, dates, events and names of world and domestic historical figures; main events and processes of national history in the context of world history Be able to: critically perceive, analyze and evaluate historical information, factors and mechanisms of historical changes; analyze civil and ideological positions in society, form and improve their views and beliefs, transfer the philosophical worldview to the field of material and practical activity; use various philosophical methods to analyze trends in the development of modern society, philosophical and legal analysis. Own: skills of a holistic approach to the analysis of society's problems; methods of philosophical, historical and culturological research, techniques and methods for analyzing the problems of society; the place of man in the historical process and the political organization of society; skills of respectful and careful attitude to the historical heritage. |
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| 1 | Political science | General education | Know: the main stages in the development of political knowledge in the history of civilization; schools and directions of modern political science; the political life of society; the political system and its institutions; the essence of political processes in the country and the world. Be able to: analyze the features of political systems and the functioning of political institutions; critically evaluate the theoretical approaches of political science; identify interrelations and patterns of the political process; to compare political systems, institutions and actors in a cross-country and sub-national context, based on the knowledge gained and the methods mastered. Own: Have the skills (gain experience) of working with primary sources on the topics of the course; analysis of normative legal acts and other documents; search, processing and analysis of information; solving problems related to the assessment of the political course; group |

| | | | work, project activities, business games; public speaking; academic writing. Possess the skills of expressing one's thoughts and opinions in interpersonal and business communication in a foreign language; the skills of extracting the necessary information from the original text in a foreign language. Know: basic theories of culture, basic concepts of cultural |
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| 1 | Culturology | General education | studies; the main directions of the methodology of modern cultural analysis; the history of the formation of world culture and civilization, the theoretical features of basic cultural concepts, various interpretations of culture and civilization in world and domestic literature; actual problems of the development of modern culture; understanding of culture as a socio-historical phenomenon; regularities in the development of world cultures, as well as the typology of the classification of cultures; basic knowledge about the history of the most important cultures of mankind; about the ways of acquiring, storing and transmitting the basic values of culture - about the diversity and intrinsic value of various cultures, forms and types of culture, patterns of their functioning and development, the main cultural and historical regions - the history of Kazakh culture, its place in the system of world culture and civilization. Be able to : be able to highlight the features of a given culture, its dominant values; explain the specifics of intercultural communication; be able to conduct independent professional activities in a dynamically changing multicultural society; be able to navigate in the cultural environment of modern society; be able to explain the phenomenon of culture, its role in human life; be able to navigate in cultural problems, to independently understand the influence of cultural factors on the behavior of individuals; Own: practical skills in preserving and enhancing the national and world cultural heritage; practical skills in the practical use of knowledge and skills in taking into account |

| |] | | the specifics of the cultural behavior of various individuals |
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| | | | and groups in the current conditions of the formation of |
| | | | civil society in the Republic of Kazakhstan. |
| 1 | Psychology | General education | Know: the meaning and place of psychology in the system of sciences; the main directions of personality development in modern psychology; personal values and meanings in professional self-determination; the relationship and mutual influence of the psyche and body; techniques and methods of effective communication. Be able to: interpret basic psychological theories, concepts; use methods and mechanisms of regulation of emotions in everyday life; identify patterns of behavior in a conflict situation and conduct self-diagnosis. Own: definitions of individual psychological characteristics of a person, value-semantic representations in the professional self-determination of a person; recognition of psychological impact and effective |
| 1 | Fundamentals of economic and legal knowledge | General education | communication. Know: methods of scientific research in economics, various theories about entrepreneurship, financial literacy and market economy, types of entrepreneurial activity, spheres of entrepreneurship, to master various quantitative and qualitative methods for creating the future of your own business, entrepreneurial calculations, analytical calculations and forecasts, the main provisions of the Constitution and the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the system of public administration bodies and their terms of reference, the mechanism of interaction of substantive and procedural law, the essence of corruption and the reasons for its origin, current legislation in the field of anti-corruption. Be able to: analyze and justify the reality of business plans, market segmentation, competently and professionally assess the market situation for the organization of their business, creatively approach the solution of various economic tasks, possess practical skills of independent economic work in |

| | | | the field of entrepreneurship, calculate your personal budget, have clear background information and fast and correct orientation to economic indicators, analyze events and actions from the point of view of the field of legal regulation and be able to refer to the necessary regulations, navigate the current legislation, using the law to protect their rights and interests, to use spiritual and moral mechanisms to prevent corruption. Own: acquire practical skills in building graphs and diagrams illustrating various economic models, independent economic work in the field of entrepreneurship, quickly and correctly navigate the actual source information and estimated economic indicators, determine the levels of financial security, have the skills to identify problems of an economic nature in the analysis of specific situations and their solutions, taking into account the actions of economic patterns at the micro and macro levels, conducting discussions on legal issues, on the application of norms in the modern period, analysis of the situation of conflict of interests and moral choice. |
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| 1 | Fundamentals of scientific and | General education | Know: forms and methods of pre-scientific, scientific and extra-scientific cognition, modern approaches to socio- humanitarian knowledge and their commensurability; basic epistemological models, the nature of transformations of the concept of rationality; fundamentals of ecology and safe human activity in the habitat, environmental factors and their impact on living organisms, methods for identifying, eliminating the influence of harmful factors on the person and the environment, and providing comfortable conditions for human life and activity; Be able to: formulate and solve problems that arise in the course of research and require in-depth professional knowledge; modify existing and develop new methods based on the tasks of a specific study; choose methods of protection from hazards in relation to the field of their |
| | environmental knowledge | | professional activities and choose ways to ensure comfortable living conditions; |

| | | | Own: the skills of conducting independent research and scientific and pedagogical activities that require extensive education in the appropriate direction; the ability to apply methodological and methodological knowledge in conducting scientific research; skills to ensure the safety of life in professional activities, living conditions and in emergency situations. |
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| 1,2 | Physical Culture | General education | Know: the role of physical culture in the development and training of a specialist; - the foundations of the state policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the field of physical culture and sports; - theoretical and methodological foundations of physical culture; - the main achievements of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the field of physical culture; - hygienic and organizational bases of physical culture and sports. Be able to: to use in life practical skills that ensure the preservation and strengthening of health, the development and improvement of psychophysical abilities and qualities; - use physical culture, sports and recreational activities to achieve life and professional goals; - apply the rules of safe conduct of physical exercises and sports. Own: skills in organizing mass sports competitions; - exercises on professional - pedagogical physical training of general physical training, special games; - a system of practical skills that ensure the preservation and strengthening of health, the development as to put into practice special games; - a system of practical skills that ensure the preservation and strengthening of health, the development and improvement and improvement of psychophysical training, as well as to put into practice special games; - a system of practical skills that ensure the preservation and strengthening of health, the development and improvement of psychomotor abilities and qualities. |
| 2 | Philosophy | | Know: basic philosophical concepts and categories, patterns of development of nature, society and thinking; the essence of philosophical categories, the terminology of philosophy and the structure of philosophical knowledge, the functions of philosophy, the methods of philosophical research; the place and role of philosophy in public life; Be able to: use the foundations of philosophical knowledge to form a worldview position; analyze ideological, socially and personally significant philosophical problems; navigate |

| | | General education | the system of philosophical knowledge as a holistic view of the foundations of the universe and the prospects for the development of planetary society; understand the characteristic features of the current stage of development of philosophy. Own: the skills of philosophical analysis of various types of worldview; the skills of philosophical thinking to develop a systematic, holistic view of the problems of society; the skills of analyzing texts that have philosophical content. |
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| 1 | Theory of Government and Rights | System - forming | Know: difference between society and state the relationship between the state and the political system of society; essence and functions of the state; modern typology of states; the conditionality of the formation of a rule of law state by the degree of maturity of civil society. Skills: the concepts and principles formulated in the TGP make it possible to use them in law-making and law enforcement practice. Be able to: express and substantiate their point of view on state-legal problems, operate with legal concepts and categories, give a general description and comment on the main content of sources on the subject, own the conceptual apparatus of the course. Own: creatively apply the principles formulated in the TGP to improve national legislation. |
| 1 | Constitutional Law of RK | System - forming | Know: basic concepts and categories of science of the constitutional law of the Republic of Kazakhstan; basic principles and elements of the foundations of the constitutional order of the Republic of Kazakhstan; the content and principles of the foundations of the legal status of a person and a citizen; constitutional principles of organization and activities of state bodies, their structure, legal status, basic powers; constitutional foundations of local self-government in the Republic of Kazakhstan. Be able to: be fluent in constitutional and legal concepts and categories; logically competently express and justify their point of view on constitutional and legal issues; interpret and apply the Constitution and constitutional legal acts; competently assess legally significant circumstances |

| | | | and qualify legal facts; consciously perform various legal actions in accordance with the current constitutional legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan. Own: skills to interpret and apply national laws and international norms, to have a detailed understanding of the legal regulation of a particular legal area, as well as ensuring compliance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the activities of state bodies and other subjects of law, as well as the implementation of professional activities based on a developed sense of justice, legal thinking and legal culture, in compliance with the norms of professional ethics. |
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| 2 | Criminal Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part) | System - forming | Know: the procedure for the performance of professional duties, compliance with the principles of ethics of a lawyer; regulatory legal acts, a mechanism for implementing the norm of criminal law in professional activities; the legal procedure for qualifying facts and circumstances; the procedure for preparing legal documents. Be able to: conscientiously perform professional duties, observe the principles of ethics of a lawyer; make decisions and take legal actions in strict accordance with the law; apply regulatory legal acts, implement the norms of criminal law in professional activities; respect the honor and dignity of the individual, observe and protect the rights and freedoms of man and citizen. Own: the skill and ability to correctly and fully reflect the results of professional activity in legal and other documentation; the skill to conscientiously perform professional duties, observe the principles of ethics of a lawyer and is able to put it into practice; the skill to comply with the criminal legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as generally recognized principles, norms of international law and international treaties of the Republic of Kazakhstan and is able to implement this in practice. |
| 2 | Professional Kazakh (Russian) language | System - forming | Know: professional vocabulary and terminology; the |

| | | | specifics of oral communication in the professional field; language features of oral and written communication; features of business communication and business etiquette. Be able to: use the Russian language in interpersonal communication and professional activities; to carry out business communication and conduct business conversations on professional topics; prepare and transmit the necessary information in writing; explain your point of view and critically evaluate the provisions put forward; create your own statements, essays, etc. apply business etiquette in speech. Own: skills of expressing one's thoughts and opinions in interpersonal and business communication in Russian; professional terms and concepts; professional text analysis; information competence: the ability to work with a book, textbook, reference literature, dictionaries, find the necessary information. Know: clarification of the main provisions of the Concept |
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| 2 | International public law | System - forming | Know: clarification of the main provisions of the Concept of the legal policy of the state, the main constituent elements of the theory of public service - the concept and essence of modern public service, their types, tasks and functions. Be able to: interpret and apply national laws and international norms, have a detailed understanding of the legal regulation of a specific legal area, as well as ensure compliance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the activities of state bodies and other subjects of law, as well as the implementation of professional activities based on a developed sense of justice, legal thinking and legal culture, in compliance with the norms of professional ethics. Own: correctly explain and evaluate the foreign policy positions and actions of the Republic of Kazakhstan in relations with the European Union; thirdly, to acquire, on the basis of the studied legal and scientific literature, modern computer technologies and Internet resources, the skills and abilities to search, select, analyze and apply EU |

| | | | acts to address specific legal issues in their professional practice. |
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| 2 | Customary law | System - forming | Know: customs, their relationship with other sources of law is important for understanding the historical process of the emergence of law, as well as continuity in the development of legal norms. Be able to: to distinguish between the role and importance of customary law in undifferentiated legal systems, where custom, doctrine and law often compete with each other. Own: in legal science, both domestic and foreign, customary law has been and is being studied in the historical aspect and in terms of comparing the customary norm with other social norms. Customs (customary norms) are recognized as sources of law not in all states, and only in a limited circle of legal relations. |
| 2 | Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part) | System - forming | Know: As a result of studying the discipline, students should know: civil law regulation of commodity-money and personal non-property relations, the legal status of subjects of civil law, civil law contracts, transactions, legal obligations. Be able to: operate with civil law concepts and categories; analyze legal facts and civil legal relations arising in connection with them; analyze, interpret and correctly apply civil law norms; make decisions and perform legal actions in strict accordance with civil law, correctly draw up and execute civil law documents. Own: skills of working with normative legal acts and literature. Acquisition of skills in the analysis of the current civil legislation. |
| 2 | Ecological Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | System - forming | Know: the essence and content of the basic concepts and categories of environmental law, its goals and basic principles, as well as to know the current state of the natural environment, its development trends, the level of theoretical research in the field of environmental law science in our country, the essence of the right of citizens to a favorable environment and management in the field of the environment. |

| | | | Be able to : interpret and correctly apply laws and other regulatory legal acts in the field of environmental protection; analyze and evaluate situations in the field of nature management and environmental protection in order to find and apply the necessary legal norm, including in case of gaps in the legislation; to investigate the types and composition of environmental offenses; operate with concepts and categories of environmental law; navigate environmental legislation and be able to delimit from the norms of land law and the norms of other related branches of law. Own: legal terminology, skills in working with environmental legislation and regulations of other industry sectors; the skills of analysis of law enforcement practice in order to identify and correct tactical and procedural errors in the detection of offenses in the field of environmental law. |
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| 2 | Administrative law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | System - forming | Know: the concept, meaning and features of administrative law as a branch of law; the subject and method of administrative-legal regulation, as well as the subject and methodology of administrative-legal science; concept, content, structure of administrative and legal norms, forms of implementation of administrative and legal norms; features of application as a form of implementation of legal norms; concept, content, structure of administrative-legal relations, their features and classification; the system of executive authorities and government bodies, the content of the administrative and legal status of executive authorities, the procedure for organizing and operating the Republic of Kazakhstan; requirements for legal acts of management, the consequences of their non-compliance. Be able to: independently apply administrative and legal norms in solving practical problems of state and municipal government, competently apply the main legal categories of administrative law; analyze law enforcement practice and propose ways to solve urgent problems of implementation of administrative and legal norms; conduct |

| | | | a legal examination of normative legal acts of administrative regulation, including for their effectiveness, compliance with legal techniques and for the presence of a corruption component in them. Own: skills in performing administrative and procedural actions related to the activities of executive authorities. The ability to identify, stop, disclose and investigate crimes and other offenses, eliminate the causes and conditions that contribute to their commission. Be able to justify bringing to responsibility for environmental and administrative offenses. |
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| 2 | Public service and the foundations of local self-government | System - forming | Know: apply national laws and international norms, have a detailed understanding of the legal regulation of a specific legal area, as well as ensure compliance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the activities of state bodies. Be able to: interpret and apply national laws and international norms, have a detailed understanding of the legal regulation of a specific legal area, as well as ensure compliance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the activities of state bodies. Be able to: interpret and apply national laws and international norms, have a detailed understanding of the legal regulation of a specific legal area, as well as ensure compliance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the activities of state bodies and other subjects of law, as well as the implementation of professional activities based on a developed sense of justice, legal thinking and legal culture, in compliance with the norms of professional ethics. Own: system of knowledge in the field of theory of public administration and organization of public |
| 2 | Criminal Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part) | System - forming | Know: system of knowledge in the field of theory of public administration and organization of public Be able to: to distinguish between adjacent ("borderline", similar) elements of criminal offenses. be able to determine the range of acts recognized as criminal offenses, correctly apply the norms of criminal law in the qualification of criminal offenses, highlight types of exemption from criminal liability and (or) from punishment, determine the general principles and rules for imposing punishment, establish the grounds and limits for the application of |

| | | | measures of a criminal law nature that are not punishment. Own: The main skills of the correct qualification of the action or inaction of the subject of a criminal offense. In the course of solving situational issues and tasks, try to implement the theoretical knowledge gained in the future legal practice of the pre-trial investigation bodies and the main court session in a criminal case. |
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| 2 | Labor Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | System - forming | Know: bases and specifics of legal regulation of public relations in the sphere of labor and social security; bases of legal support of labor relations and social work. Be able to use the acquired knowledge and skills in various life situations that require the adoption of legally competent decisions, clothe these decisions in an appropriate organizational and legal form; professionally correctly prepare the necessary documents; to form professional thinking, to develop skills and abilities for the implementation of the rights of citizens to social security, the preparation of basic legal and procedural documents necessary to ensure and protect the social rights of citizens. Own: ability to analyze the current legislation in the field of labor relations and social security. |
| 2 | Family law of the RK | System - forming | Know subject, method, principles and sources of family law; the concept, content and subject composition of family legal relations, the grounds for their occurrence; the main concepts and terms used in family law; current norms of family law on the procedure and conditions for concluding and terminating a marriage, on the rights and obligations of spouses, parents and children, maintenance obligations of family members; on the forms of placement of children left without parental care (adoption, guardianship and guardianship, foster family); judicial practice on the topics studied. Be able to: legally competently qualify the facts; navigate the system of law; apply the rules of family law in the process of working in the legal specialty; give legally competent advice on family law issues Own: search for solutions to the proposed incidents |

| 2 | Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part) | System - forming | Know: system of acts of civil legislation; key concepts, principles and institutions of the sections of the Civil Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan; a system of doctrinal generally recognized (dominant) and legal judgments about civil legislation, the principles of civil law, the content of contractual, inheritance and intellectual law; methodological techniques for working with civil law information and solving problems in civil law disputes. Be able to: analyze the current civil legislation, competently apply it in practice; operate in the context of civil law with legal concepts and categories; analyze legal facts and civil-legal relations arising in connection with them; analyze, interpret and correctly apply legal norms; make decisions and take legal actions in strict accordance with the law; carry out legal expertise of normative legal acts; Own: legal terminology; skills in working with legal acts; legal norms and legal relations that are objects of professional activity; analysis of law enforcement and law enforcement practice; resolution of legal problems and conflicts; implementation of substantive law; taking the necessary measures to protect human and civil rights. |
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| 2 | Business Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | System - forming | Know: provisions of the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan regulating entrepreneurial activity in various sectors of the economy; - other laws and regulations related to the application of civil and business legislation; the main provisions, system, structure, elements and functions of business law as a new complex (complex) branch of law - the essence and content of the basic concepts, categories, institutions, legal statuses of subjects, legal relations of business law. Be able to: operate with legal concepts and categories; analyze legal facts and legal relations arising in connection with them; - analyze, interpret and correctly apply legal norms; - make decisions and take legal actions in strict accordance with the law; - to give qualified legal opinions |

| | | | and consultations; - correct preparation and execution of legal documents; - understand modern theories of business law and its development at the present stage. Own: analysis of the basic concepts used both in business law and in related branches of law; collection and generalization of information relevant for the implementation of legal norms in the field of business relations; judicial practice research; analysis of scientific literature devoted to the problems of development and improvement of entrepreneurial activity; implementation of the norms of substantive and procedural law in the field of entrepreneurship. |
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| 3 | Professionally-oriented foreign language | System - forming | Know: lexical material on the topics of this discipline; regulatory requirements for registration (official letter, essay, etc.). improve pronunciation skills; develop productive and receptive lexical and grammatical skills; improve the skills of dialogic speech of a general nature related to situations of everyday and professional communication; develop listening skills (with a full understanding of what was heard); develop and improve writing skills; improve the skills of introductory, studying, viewing and searching reading. Be able to: automate the technical skills of silent reading; develop the ability to transmit scientific information and literature of a socio-political nature; develop the skills of monologue (prepared) speech - the deployment of the thesis; to master reversed reading aloud of a prepared message; to teach abstracting skills. Own: complexity in solving practical, educational, educational and developmental goals (while practical goals act as leading); communicative orientation of the learning process. |
| 3 | Judicial Expertology | | Know: content and structure of the course of forensic expertology. The concept of special knowledge and forms of their use in legal proceedings; the evolution of the use of special knowledge as a scientific and practical activity, an element of the theory of criminal procedure, an institution of criminal procedure law; procedural foundations of forensic examination. |

| | | System - forming | Be able to: determine the type of assigned forensic examination; formulate questions to the expert when appointing a forensic examination; draw up a decision on the appointment of a forensic examination; select objects for the appointment of expertise; determine the type of expert study, its tasks; independently qualify the facts and circumstances, applying the knowledge of substantive law; highlight legally significant circumstances, analyze the rules of law, make decisions in the current investigative situations; correctly assess the emerging investigative situations at the initial and subsequent stages of the investigation. Own: determine the relationship between the concepts of "special knowledge" and "special scientific knowledge"; the main methods, ways and means of obtaining and processing legal information; the skills of analyzing a specific situation and making decisions in accordance with the law; skills in using the main technical means of forensic examination; the main methods of disclosure and investigation of certain types and groups of crimes; practical recommendations and skills for formulating questions when appointing various types of forensic examination; selection of objects for expert research. |
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| 3 | Civil Procedure Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | System - forming | Know: the main categories and institutions of the civil process, the practice of applying the norms of civil procedural law, the source of regulation of civil procedural legal relations, the procedure for litigation; theoretical foundations and patterns of administration of justice in civil cases; basic rules for preparing legal documents. Be able to: use the acquired knowledge in the application of the rules of civil procedural law, analyze disputed legal relations, correctly formulate the requirement, determine the subject of proof and identify the range of evidence in the case; choose the best way and form of protection of the rights and freedoms of man and citizen. Own: taking the necessary measures to protect the violated |

| | | | rights and legitimate interests of subjects of civil procedural legal relations, the correct and complete reflection of the results of professional activity in legal and other documentation. provision of qualified legal opinions and consultations in specific types of legal activities. |
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| 3 | Arbitration process in the Republic of Kazakhstan | System - forming | Know: know the sources of law governing the extrajudicial form of protection of rights (the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the Constitutional Laws, the Code of Civil Procedure of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the laws establishing and regulating arbitration and arbitration proceedings, the provision of notary services, the production of mediation, the Regulatory Resolutions of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Kazakhstan and other regulations in the field of civil proceedings); Be able to: have a clear understanding of the role, legal status of each subject of a disputed legal relationship and persons authorized to resolve the dispute that has arisen (arbitrator, arbitrator, notary, mediator); solve practical problems based on the analysis of the norms of the current legislation, as well as theoretical knowledge. Own: the ability to collect and analyze the necessary information in the field of non-judicial resolution of civil disputes; personal and professional development needs. |
| 3 | Criminology | System - forming | Know: about the main problems of criminology, its subject (crime as a negative social process, its causes, characteristics of persons committing crimes, crime prevention system) Be able to: work with empirical data, analyze information about crime, determine the causes and conditions of crime, develop measures to prevent and prevent crime Own: skills in analyzing and evaluating data on crime, predicting crime and individual criminal behavior, organizing and implementing preventive activities. |
| 3 | Modern criminal policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan | | Know: the content and significance of criminal law regulation in the structure of criminal policy; factors in the formation of the main directions for the implementation of criminal law, criminal procedure and penitentiary policy; |

| | | System - forming | directions for the implementation of criminal law, criminal procedure and penitentiary policy; features of the construction of the norms of modern criminal, criminal procedural and criminal executive legislation. Be able to: identify key issues in the development of criminal law; identify key problems in the development of criminal procedure legislation; identify key problems in the development of criminal procedure legislation; identify key problems in the development of penitentiary legislation; analyze, interpret and correctly apply modern criminal law norms. Own: skills in drafting normative legal acts; skills in analyzing the norms of the current criminal, criminal procedural and penitentiary legislation; the skills of generalizing the practice of applying. |
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| 3 | Prosecutor's supervision of the Republic of Kazakhstan | System - forming | Know: know the subject and sources of the discipline "Prosecutor's supervision of the RK by the application of the law"; know the current problems of the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan; Be able to: apply their knowledge in practice; navigate the system of legal acts of the Republic of Kazakhstan that regulate this industry; Own: The main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks are to put the acquired knowledge into practice. |
| 3 | Fundamentals of operational and investigative activities | System - forming | Know: General and particular methods of the course "Fundamentals of operational-search activity", to have a clear understanding of the conceptual apparatus of individual elements of the operational-search activity, systems and structures, as well as the mechanisms for conducting operational-search activities and the use of operationally significant information as evidence in criminal cases. Be able to: Analyze and systematize the collection of operational-search data and, on their basis, be able to derive operationally significant information for processing and using these results as evidence in criminal cases, based on theoretical research and practical experience, be able to distinguish between the grounds and conditions for |

| | | | conducting special operational-search activities from undercover investigations. Own: Based on the study of the theoretical provisions of the discipline, students must master special techniques and methods for critical analysis of the production of operational-search activities in criminal cases. On the basis of theoretical data, they could logically correctly build the conduct of operational-search activities that contribute to the establishment of objective truth in criminal cases, and also owned the techniques and methods for the production of general and special operational-search activities |
|---|---|------------------|---|
| 3 | Criminal Executive Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | System - forming | Know: the subject and sources of the discipline "Criminal Executive Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan"; to know the current problems of the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan; Be able to: apply their knowledge in practice; navigate the system of regulatory legal acts of the Republic of Kazakhstan that regulate this industry; As a rule, lectures are held on the main topics of the course. The choice of seminars and practical classes may vary depending on the degree of preparedness of the trainees and the specific educational objectives of the educational institution. At the end of the course, students take an exam. Own: The main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks are to put the acquired knowledge into practice. |
| 3 | Enforcement proceedings | System - forming | Know: Basic concepts of civil process Provisions of the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan, laws and other regulatory legal acts related to the application of legislation in the field of enforcement proceedings. The content of the main international and Kazakhstani legal sources that reveal civil procedural activities. Be able to: Interpret and apply laws and other normative legal acts in the field of civil procedure and enforcement proceedings, be able to give a legal assessment of various aspects of the civil process, navigate the specifics of the activities of a bailiff. Use legislative sources and materials, |

| | | | including reference manuals and information and reference legal systems such as "Paragraph"; keep records of practice; work with scientific sources; apply knowledge of related branches of law; organize and plan their activities, choose the most effective ways to solve emerging issues; independently improve their knowledge, incl. taking into account changes in legislation and taking into account judicial practice. Own: the skills to apply the norms of law of a blanket nature, the skills to apply legal acts and freely navigate in its hierarchy; Skills in the analysis of various legal phenomena, legal facts, legal norms and legal relations in the field of civil proceedings; Skills in resolving legal problems and conflicts, as well as skills in drafting procedural documents. |
|---|---|------------------|---|
| 3 | Fundamentals of the qualification of offenses | System - forming | Know: systematized presentation by students of theoretical knowledge about the principles, categories and provisions of the science of criminal law as the basis for the theory of qualification of crimes, teaching students the correct orientation in the current criminal legislation, developing the ability to skillfully interpret and apply the norms of criminal law, qualify crimes. Be able to: fostering students' respect for the criminal law as an unshakable means of protecting citizens, their rights, freedoms and legitimate interests, as well as the interests of society and the state from criminal encroachments. An important aspect of teaching the course of the basics of qualification of crimes is the active development of intersubject relations with general theoretical and especially with other legal and special disciplines. Own: study of problems arising in modern criminal law and criminal procedure, in the course of the formation and construction of a legal state of relations in the Republic of Kazakhstan. The relevance of this problem is due to such factors as a decrease in the quality of the investigation, the |

| 3 | Medical crimes | System - forming | observance and provision of equal rights to all participants in the criminal process. The state of society, the assessment of the activities of law enforcement agencies and, as a result, the authority of law enforcement as a guarantor of the rights and freedoms of a person, citizen and society, depends on how correctly the criminal law norm is applied. All this puts forward the problem of scientific study and practical application in life. Know: a systematic presentation by students of theoretical knowledge about the goals, objectives, principles, categories and provisions of the subject "Criminal and legal characteristics of offenses in the field of healthcare"; - teaching students the correct orientation in the current criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan and criminology, delimitation from related elements of criminal offenses, search for answers to solve situational problems; Be able to: development of abilities to skillfully interpret and apply the norms of the criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, to qualify criminal offenses in this area, to conduct criminological analysis, to compare the opinions of scientists in this area; interests, as well as the interests of society and the state from criminal encroachments; - active development of interdisciplinary connections with general theoretical and especially with other legal and special disciplines; Own: the study of problems arising in modern criminal law and criminology, in the course of the formation and construction of a legal state of relations in the Republic of Kazakhstan; - study of international experience in the fight against these types of criminal law systemic violations; |
|---|---|------------------|--|
| 4 | Organization of prosecutor's supervision at the pre-trial stage | | Know: the subject and sources of the discipline "Organization of prosecutor's supervision at the pre-trial stage", - to know perfectly all the instructions of the Prosecutor General of the Republic of Kazakhstan, regulating the powers of the prosecutor during the pre-trial investigation, as well as the Regulatory Resolutions of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Kazakhstan, regulating |

| | | System - forming | the procedure for applying the norms of the Code of Criminal Procedure of the Republic of Kazakhstan during the pre-trial investigation. Be able to: apply their knowledge in practice; - navigate the system of regulatory legal acts of the Republic of Kazakhstan that regulate this industry; Own: basic skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks arising from the implementation of supervision over the legality of pre-trial investigation, including during participation in investigative actions and conducting inspections of compliance with the constitutional rights of citizens during their detention and detention in temporary detention facilities. |
|---|--|------------------|--|
| 4 | International cooperation in the field of criminal proceedings | System - forming | Know: Theoretical and legal foundations, the criminal procedural order of providing legal assistance in criminal cases to foreign and international law enforcement agencies. Be able to: Argue and correctly design the solution of problems of an organizational and managerial nature in the process of international cooperation and the provision of legal assistance by the criminal prosecution bodies of the Republic of Kazakhstan with law enforcement agencies of foreign states. Own: Practical skills, on the correct preparation of procedural documents contained in the materials of the criminal case on extradition, the production of investigative and operational-search activities of the territories of the Republic of Kazakhstan, procedurally correctly and legally justified skills on the procedure for extraditing citizens to serve a criminal sentence in the state of which he is a citizen. |
| 4 | Participation of the prosecutor of the judicial instance | | Know: Law On the Prosecutor's Office, other legislative acts regulating the activities of the Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Kazakhstan.Be able to: oversee the precise and uniform implementation of laws, decrees of the President of the Republic of Kazakhstan and other regulatory legal acts on |

| | | System - forming | the territory of the republic, oversee the legality of |
|---|---|------------------|--|
| | | | operational-search activities, inquiries and investigations, |
| | | | take measures to identify and eliminate any violations of |
| | | | the law, represent the interests of the state in court and |
| | | | supervise the legality of judicial acts, carry out criminal prosecution in cases, in the manner and within the limits |
| | | | established by law. |
| | | | Own: carry out its tasks of supervising the precise and |
| | | | uniform execution of laws in the state. |
| | | | Know: know in perfection all the legal acts of the |
| | | | Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Kazakhstan, |
| | | | regulating the conduct of inspections and the preparation of |
| | | System - forming | acts of the prosecutor's response. |
| 4 | Acts of prosecutor's response | System forming | Be able to: apply their knowledge in practice; - navigate the system of regulatory legal acts of the Republic of |
| | | | the system of regulatory legal acts of the Republic of Kazakhstan that regulate this industry. |
| | | | Own: basic skills for conducting inspections and drawing |
| | | | up acts of prosecutorial response. |
| | | | Знать: a systematic presentation by students of theoretical |
| | | | knowledge about the principles, categories and provisions |
| | | System - forming | of the subject "Criminal-legal and criminological |
| | | | characteristics of organized crime and corruption" |
| | Criminal-legal and criminological | | Be able to: development of abilities to skillfully interpret |
| 4 | characteristics of organized crime and | | and apply the norms of the criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, qualify crimes, conduct criminological |
| | corruption | | analysis; |
| | | | Own: study of problems arising in modern criminal law |
| | | | and criminology, in the course of the formation and |
| | | | construction of a legal state of relations in the Republic of |
| | | | Kazakhstan. |
| | | | Know: the concept and general characteristics of economic |
| | | | crimes; criminal and legal characteristics of the subject of |
| | Criminally-legal and criminological the | | crimes against property, crimes in the field of economic activity and crimes against the interests of service in |
| 4 | characteristic of struggle against economic | | commercial and other organizations; features of criminal |
| | crimes | | liability for acquisitive crimes against property related to |
| | | | theft; specifics of criminal liability for mercenary crimes |
| | | | |

| | | System - forming | against property not related to theft; features of criminal liability for non-profit crimes against property; Be able to: analyze specific compositions of criminal offenses in the sphere of economic activity; identify problems of criminal law and find their correct solution; make the right legal decisions to prevent economic crime; give qualified legal opinions and consultations; independently study and critically analyze scientific literature relating to procedural activities in criminal cases; apply the acquired knowledge, both theoretical and practical, in the course of performing procedural actions; discuss, defend and express their thoughts, substantiate their arguments regarding the problems of criminal law and criminology; apply the acquired knowledge to understand the patterns of development; use knowledge in the process of lawmaking and research work; analyze specific criminal law to prevent economic crime. Own: the skills of systemic, structural, historical, sociological analysis of the norms of criminal legislation governing the activities of criminal cases and the practice of their application to prevent economic crime. |
|---|---|------------------|---|
| 4 | Participation of a lawyer in criminal matters | System - forming | Know: essence of activity of the defender in criminal process; tasks, principles, rules for the activities of the defense in criminal proceedings; the main problems and directions for the development of the activities of the defense counsel in criminal proceedings; legal regulation of the activities of the defense counsel in criminal proceedings; Be able to: creatively use the acquired knowledge, skills, abilities in solving specific problems in practical activities for the official purpose; independently systematically improve their professional qualifications, study new ways of providing qualified legal assistance; The student must be able to: creatively use the acquired knowledge, skills, abilities in solving specific problems in practical activities for the official purpose; independently systematically improve their professional qualifications, study new ways of providing qualified legal assistance; The student must be able to: creatively use the acquired knowledge, skills, abilities in solving specific problems in practical activities for the official purpose; independently systematically improve their professional qualifications, study new ways of providing qualified legal assistance; The student must be able to: creatively use the acquired knowledge, skills, abilities in solving specific problems in practical activities for the official purpose; independently systematically |

| | | | improve their professional qualifications, study new ways of providing qualified legal assistance; analyze the practice of applying legislation; navigate in the specialized literature; Own: independent work with educational and scientific literature, be fluent in legal concepts and categories; |
|---|---|------------------|--|
| 4 | Advocacy of the Republic of Kazakhstan | System - forming | Know: Gaining knowledge about other features of the law enforcement activities of a lawyer in the field of jurisdictional proceedings as a professional representative: gaining knowledge about the methodology for drafting procedural acts and other documents in the provision of legal assistance, followed by consolidation in practical skills. Be able to: Developing the ability to professionally assess a situation that is legally significant for the jurisdictional process and make an appropriate law enforcement decision as a professional subject: systematization of knowledge about the organizational and legal foundations of advocacy; analysis of the regulations that establish the legal regulation of the activities of a lawyer. Own: Acquaintance with the peculiarities of advocacy as a defender, representative of the victim, civil plaintiff, civil defendant, private prosecutor. |
| 4 | Workshop on conducting criminal proceedings | System - forming | Know: A student in the course of studying the discipline "Practicum on the investigation of crimes" should know the basics of the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan, constitutional laws, normative legal acts that regulate legal relations in the investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. Methods and methods for detecting, suppressing, disclosing and investigating criminal offenses and authorized bodies, as well as it is necessary to know the forms and methods for disclosing and investigating certain types of criminal offenses. Know the forensic tactical operations used in the course of pre-trial investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. Be able to: competently apply criminal procedural legislation and regulatory legal acts in the course of pre- |

| | | | trial investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. Respect and protect the rights and freedoms of participants in the pre-trial investigation. To be able to identify, stop, disclose and investigate criminal offenses. Own: the ability to make decisions and perform legal actions in strict accordance with the constitutional and criminal procedural legislation in the investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. Own methods of detection, suppression, disclosure and investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. |
|---|--|------------------|--|
| 4 | Production of public and secret investigative actions | System - forming | Know: The legal nature, types, grounds, conditions and procedure for the production of public and covert investigative actions in criminal cases, the main differences between covert investigative actions and special operational-search measures. Be able to: Correctly determine the legal form and procedure for the production of investigative actions (public and covert). Depending on the investigative situation, be able to correctly determine the type of investigative action that contributes to the disclosure and investigation of a criminal offense. Professionally competently carry out the algorithm of procedural actions that establish the procedure for the production of covert investigative actions in compliance with the constitutional rights and interests of persons involved in the sphere of criminal procedural legal relations. Own: On the basis of theoretical knowledge, possess practical skills in the production of overt and covert procedural actions that contribute to the establishment of objective truth in a criminal case. Develop skills in studying and analyzing information obtained during the production of overt and covert procedural of investigative actions and using this information as evidence in criminal cases. Professionally correctly fill out procedural documents related to the production of overt and covert investigative actions. |

List of modules, disciplines studied

| Nº module | Name of the module | List of disciplines included in the module | Block | Semester | Amount of credits | form of control | Total credits modulo |
|------------|---|--|-----------|----------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| M.1 | Instrumental and communication module | Information and Communication Technologies | MC GED | 1 | 5 | Exam | |
| | | Foreign language | MC GED | 1,2 | 10 | Exam | 25 |
| | | Kazakh (Russian) language | MC GED | 1,2 | 10 | Exam | |
| | Socio-Political Knowledge Module | Sociology | MC GED | 1 | 2 | Exam | |
| M.2 | | Political science | MC GED | 1 | 2 | Exam | 8 |
| | | Culturology | MC GED | 1 | 2 | Exam | |
| | | Psychology | MC GED | 1 | 2 | Exam | |
| M.3 | Module of economic, legal and environmental knowledge | Fundamentals of economic and legal knowledge | UC GED | 1 | 3 | Exam | 5 |
| | | Fundamentals of scientific and environmental knowledge | UC GED | 1 | 2 | Exam | |
| M.4 | Theoretical and constitutional aspects of legal knowledge | Theory of Government and Rights | UC BD | 1 | 6 | Exam | 13 |
| | linowieuge | Educational practice | UC BD | 1 | 1 | Differential standings | |
| | | Constitutional law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | UC BD | 2 | 6 | Exam | |
| M.5 | The module of historical and philosophical knowledge | History of Kazakhstan | MC GED | 2 | 5 | ГЭ | 10 |

| | | Philosophy | MC GED | 4 | 5 | Exam | |
|-------------|---|---|-----------|-----------------|---|------------------------|----|
| M.6 | Professional languages | Professional Kazakh (Russian) language | UC BD | 3 | 3 | Exam | 6 |
| | | Professionally oriented foreign language | UC BD | 3 | 3 | Exam | |
| M.7 | Health Promotion Module | Physical education | MC GED | 1,2 ,3, 4 | 8 | Differential standings | 8 |
| M.8 | International aspects of the state and law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | International public law | CCH BD | 3 | 5 | Exam | 5 |
| M.9 | Theory of Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | Civil law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part) | CCH BD | 3 | 5 | Exam | 15 |
| | | Labor Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | CCH BD | 4 | 5 | Exam | |
| | | Civil law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part) | CCH BD | 4 | 5 | Exam | |
| | Legal regulation of the activities of law enforcement agencies of Kazakhstan and | Forensic technology | CCH PD | 4 | 3 | Exam | |
| M.10 | Interaction of the investigator with the bodies of inquiry | Interaction of the investigator with the bodies of inquiry | CCH PD | 5 | 5 | Exam | 18 |
| | | Administrative law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | CCH BD | 3 | 5 | Exam | |
| | | Law enforcement agencies of the Republic of Kazakhstan | UC PD | 3 | 5 | Exam | |
| M.11 | Prosecutorial supervision of the Republic of | Prosecutor's supervision of the Republic of Kazakhstan | CCH BD | 6 | 4 | Exam | |
| | Kazakhstan and Criminal-legal and criminological characteristics of organized crime | instance | CCH BD | 7 | 5 | Exam | 14 |
| | and corruption | Criminal-legal and criminological characteristics of organized crime and corruption | CCH BD | 7 | 5 | Exam | |

| M.12 | Criminal-legal and criminological aspect of the execution of criminal penalties | Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part) | UC BD | 3 | 5 | Exam | 28 |
|-------------|---|--|--------|---|---|------------------------|----|
| | | Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part) | UC BD | 4 | 5 | Exam | |
| | | Internship | UC BD | 4 | 2 | Exam | |
| | | Criminal Executive Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | CCH BD | 6 | 5 | Exam | - |
| | | Organization of prosecutorial supervision at the pre-trial stage | CCH BD | 7 | 5 | Exam | - |
| | | Criminology | CCH BD | 5 | 6 | Exam | |
| M.13 | Fundamentals of qualification of crimes and civil offenses | Fundamentals of qualifications of offenses | CCH BD | 6 | 4 | Exam | 9 |
| | | Civil Procedural Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | CCH BD | 5 | 5 | Exam | |
| M.14 | Internship | Internship | UC PD | 6 | 2 | Differential standings | 2 |
| | Criminal procedure module | Participation of a criminal defense lawyer | CCH BD | 7 | 5 | Exam | 14 |
| M.15 | | Workshop on criminal proceedings | CCH BD | 7 | 4 | Exam | |
| | | Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part) | UC PD | 4 | 5 | Exam | |
| M.16 | Application of the achievements of science and technology in the investigation of criminal | Forensic Expertology | UC BD | 5 | 6 | Exam | 11 |
| | offenses at the present stage of development | Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part) | UC PD | 5 | 5 | Exam | |
| | Forensic means and methods of investigating | Criminalistics | CCH PD | 6 | 5 | Exam | |

| M.17 | crimes and Interaction between the prosecutor and the investigator in the process of investigation | Fundamentals of Forensic Medicine | CCH PD | 7 | 5 | Exam | |
|------|---|--|--------|---|----|------------------------|-----|
| | | Theory of forensic evidence | CCH PD | 6 | 5 | Exam | 18 |
| | | Interaction between the prosecutor and the investigator in the process of investigating grave and especially grave types of crimes | CCH PD | 6 | 3 | Exam | |
| M.18 | General Provisions Peculiarities of Office Work of the Prosecutor's Office and Investigation of | 6 | CCH PD | 7 | 6 | Exam | 11 |
| | Environmental Cri | Peculiarities of office work of the prosecutor's office | CCH PD | 7 | 5 | Exam | |
| M.19 | Professional practice | Internship | UC PD | 8 | 10 | Differential standings | 12 |
| | | Undergraduate practice | UC PD | 8 | 2 | Differential standings | |
| M.20 | Final examination | Final examination | FE | 8 | 8 | FE | 8 |
| | Total credit: | · | | | • | | 240 |