«ALIKHAN BOKEIKHAN UNIVERSITY» Faculty of Humanitarian Department of history and social and humanitarian Sciences

THE CATALOGUE OF ELECTIVE SUBJECTS 6B01606 – «**History**» Year revenue - 2021

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Reviewed and approved at the meeting of the Faculty 's Educational and Methodological Council

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Elective course Nº	The name of subject	Num ber of credit s	Pre requisites	Post requisites	Short description of the content, the aims of education, expected results
				BASIC DISC	CIPLINES
	Γ	1	I	Elective cou	
1	History of the Ancient World	6	The basis for the stories obscheobro zovatelnyh schools	History of the Middle Ages,	Contents: This discipline develops principles and methods for ensuring the optimal state of the environment – natural, man-made, socio- economic, and cultural-for human health and life. The discipline examines the principles and rules of environmental protection and the rational use of its resources, as well as environmental awareness Expected result: To know: the main stages and patterns of development of society in the period of antiquity, the chronological framework of the era of the ancient world, the criteria of scientific periodization of the world historical process, the basic terminology of historical science, the main approaches to understanding the essence of historical processes and phenomena of antiquity; the main stages of the history of primitiveness, the genesis of economic, political and cultural development in the ancient world; driving forces and patterns the historical process, the most important achievements of the culture of the ancient era; apply knowledge and understanding of the civilizational approach to the study of the historical process, identify a system of complex dependencies and continuity of various types of civilizations, explain the mechanisms of formation and development of historical forms of statehood, the evolution of state-legal institutions; Be able to: analyze historical processes and events; be able to select, analyze and interpret historical sources, historical process and interpret historical sources, historical facts, historical information when solving problems in the field of professional activity; Own: skills of studying and researching the main stages of historical development in the epochs of

					primitiveness; skills of identifying common and special in the history of Eastern and Western civilizations; comparative and systematic analysis of the historical process; research activities to study the main stages and patterns of development of society of the ancient world. Competence: Special competencies
1	History of the Ancient East	6	The basis for the stories obscheobro zovatelnyh schools	History of the Ancient World	Content: The history of the Ancient East is an integral part of the course of the history of the Ancient world, which forms students 'understanding of the causes of the crisis of the primitive communal system and the transition of the ancient Eastern population to a slave-owning state and socio-economic formation. The course also shows various aspects of the spiritual culture of Ancient Eastern society in the context of mythology, literature, architecture, religious teachings, etc. Expected result: To know: the main stages and patterns of development of society in the period of antiquity, the chronological framework of the era of the ancient world, the criteria of scientific periodization of the world historical process, the basic terminology of historical science, the main approaches to understanding the essence of historical processes and phenomena of antiquity; the crisis of the era of primitiveness and the transition of the ancient Eastern population to slave-owning statehood; the main patterns of the origin and development of Eastern civilizations; historical facts, events, content of society; explain the mechanisms of formation and development of historical process, identify a system of complex dependencies and continuity of various types of Eastern civilizations; Be able to: analyze historical phenomena and processes in their economic, political, cultural manifestations; analyze the problems of the history of the Ancient East, present and critically analyze information about the historical sources, be able to select, analyze and interpret historical sources, historical facts, historical and cultural development of the ancient East and individual countries (regions); apply theoretical knowledge and understanding of the facts of the development of the historical process, be able to select, analyze and interpret historical sources, historical facts, historical process, be able to select, analyze historical sources, be able to select, analyze historical sources, bistorical facts, historical formation in

					field of professional activity; to identify cause- and-effect relationships, common features and differences of compared historical processes and events; to carry out a comparative analysis of historical facts, events and phenomena of public life of ancient Eastern states on the basis of historical sources; Own: possess the categorical and conceptual apparatus of historical disciplines (Oriental studies); the skills of using knowledge on current problems of the development of the ancient East; the skills of research activities to study the main stages and patterns of development of Eastern societies; the skills of identifying common and special in the history of Eastern and Western civilizations; the skills of comparative and systematic analysis of the historical process; the ability to critically comprehend events and phenomena of eastern historical epochs; the skills of studying scientific literature and its use in specific research; the ability to critically comprehend the events and
			The basis for the stories obscheobro zovatelnyh schools		 phenomena of the ancient period of history. Competence: Special competencies Content: The course of ancient history of Kazakhstan examines the formation and development of primitive society, the origin of the producing economy, changes in social relations, the organization of society, the development of cultural and economic ties of tribes, the action of factors that determined the progress of the Bronze Age, the history of the origin and community of tribes that left an original culture, the origin and development of nomadism, Scythian-Saka culture, the history of early state formations, Turkic states on the territory of Kazakhstan. Expected result: To know:
2	Ancient History of Kazakhstan	nistory of	Medieval History of Kazakhstan	formation and development of archaeological cultures on the territory of ancient Kazakhstan, the origin of the producing economy, changes in social relations, the origin and development of nomadism, Scythian-Saka culture, the history of early state formations and Turkic states on the territory of Kazakhstan; basic terminology of historical science, basic approaches to understanding the essence of historical processes and phenomena of antiquity; knowledge and understanding of the civilizational approach to the study of the historical process, the system of complex dependencies and the continuity of various types of civilizations, explain the mechanisms of formation and development of historical forms of statehood, the evolution of	

					state and legal institutions; historical facts, events, the content of socio-political and socio-economic processes in the ancient history of Kazakhstan; Be able to: analyze the problems of the ancient period of the history of Kazakhstan; analyze and compare the forms of organization and the evolution of the state and social structure at various stages of the ancient period of development of Kazakhstan; carry out a comparative analysis of historical facts, events and phenomena of public life based on historical sources; apply theoretical knowledge and understanding of the facts of the development of the historical process, be able to select, analyze and interpret historical sources, historical facts, historical information when solving problems in the field of professional activity; Own: categorical and conceptual apparatus of historical disciplines; skills of analysis of the main stages of the historical development of Kazakhstan in the ancient period of history; identification of common and special in the ancient history of Kazakhstan; comparative and systematic analysis of the historical process; research skills to study the main stages and patterns of development of society; the study of scientific literature and its use in educational and research work; Competence: Special competencies
2	Ancient civilizations in world history	6	The basis for the stories obscheobro zovatelnyh schools	History of the Ancient World,	Content: The course introduces the processes of the emergence and development of civilizations, the main theoretical problems of the history of the ancient world, the main historical facts, personalities, events and processes; key concepts and phenomena that characterize the historical originality of these epochs; the main trends of historical development and the specifics of the historical development of various regions of the world. Expected reschultat: To know: the historical the formation and development of civilizations, the main historical facts, events and processes; key concepts, phenomena characterizing the historical originality of ancient civilizations; the main trends of historical development of various regions of the world; criteria for scientific periodization of the world historical process, the basic terminology of historical science, the main approaches to understanding the essence of historical and methodological foundations of world historical and methodological foundations of world historical

					science; the general picture of the world historical process with its regional and local features in the most ancient period; the driving forces and patterns of the historical process; the main facts and phenomena characterizing the integrity of the historical process, Be able to: to show and explain the history of the formation and development of civilizations, historical facts, events and processes that characterize the historical originality of ancient civilizations; to reveal historical phenomena and processes in their economic, political, cultural manifestations. to carry out a comparative analysis of historical facts, events and phenomena of public life on the basis of historical sources; to carry out the selection, analysis and interpretation of historical sources, historical facts, historical information in solving problems in the field of professional activity; Own: fundamentals of the analysis of the main stages of the historical development of ancient civilizations; identification of the common and special in the history of Eastern civilizations; comparative and systematic analysis of the study of the main stages and patterns of development of society of the ancient world; the study of scientific literature and its use in educational and scientific activities; possess the basics and systematization of scientific research and publications;
3	Archeology	5	The basis for the stories obscheobro zovatelnyh schools history of Kazakhstan	Medieval History of Kazakhstan Auxiliary historical disciplines	Content: The course of archeology as an academic discipline considers the concept of the subject and the methodology of studying the historical past of mankind from material sources. Students study a complex of material sources, which in archaeology include tools of production and material goods created with their help: buildings, weapons, household items, various jewelry and works of art - everything that is the result of human labor activity Expected result: To know: the main stages and patterns of development of society in the ancient and medieval historical periods, chronological framework of historical epochs, criteria for scientific periodization of the world historical process; basic terminology of historical science, basic approaches to

					understanding the essence of historical processes and phenomena; the history of formation and development, tasks and methods of archaeology as a science, the place of archaeological periodization of historical sciences, archaeological monuments, the main stages of archaeological monuments, the main stages of archaeological research, methods of study and research of archaeological monuments; Be able to: analyze and explain meaningfully historical phenomena and processes in their economic, political, cultural manifestations; apply knowledge and understanding of the civilizational approach to the study of the historical process, identify a system of complex dependencies and continuity of various types of civilizations, explain the mechanisms of formation and development of historical forms of statehood, the evolution of state-legal institutions, sedentary and nomadic civilizations; apply knowledge of theoretical aspects of archaeological practice, methods of field research, identify and recognize archaeological monuments, draw up field documentation, date archaeological monuments; Own: possess the categorical and conceptual apparatus of historical disciplines; methods of historical analysis of the main stages and patterns of development of society in different historical sources and documents, possess the basics and systematization of scientific research and publications; terminology of archaeological sources and documents, possess the basics and systematization of scientific research and publications; terminology of archaeological sources and documents, possess the basics and systematization of scientific research and publications; terminology of archaeological sources and documents, possess the basics and systematization of scientific research and publications; terminology of archaeological science, excavation research techniques, skills of working with tools, field camp arrangement, collection and processing, preservation
					archaeological finds, measurement and mapping of achaeological monuments, reconstruction of the past;
3	Archaeology Of Kazakhstan	5	The basis for the stories obscheobro zovatelnyh schools history of Kazakhstan	Medieval History of Kazakhstan Auxiliary historical disciplines	Competence: Special competencies Content: The discipline examines the formation and development of the archeology of Kazakhstan, which was founded by V. V. Barthold, V. V. Radlov, Ch. Ch. Valikhanov, who made a scientific contribution to the study of Kazakh archaeological sites. The article also considers the Kazakh archeology in the Soviet period, when A. H. Margulan was the head of the Department of Archeology in the system of the Academy of Sciences of the Kazakh SSR. The modern Kazakh archaeological school is characterized by the results of its research in the context of the history

of the material culture of the Great Steppe.
Expected result:
To know:
to know the main stages and patterns of
development of society in the most ancient period
of the history of Kazakhstan, the chronological
framework of historical epochs, criteria for
scientific periodization of the world historical
process; basic terminology of historical science,
basic approaches to understanding the essence of
historical processes and phenomena; the history of
formation and development, tasks and methods of
archeology as a science, the place of archeology
of Kazakhstan in the system of historical sciences,
the history of the study of archaeological
monuments of Kazakhstan, archaeological
periodization of the history of ancient and
-
medieval Kazakhstan, to know the typology of
archaeological monuments in Kazakhstan, the
main stages of archaeological research, methods
of study and research of archaeological
monuments;
Be able to:
analyze and explain meaningfully historical
phenomena and processes in their economic,
political, cultural manifestations; apply knowledge
and understanding of the civilizational approach to
the study of the historical process on the territory
of Kazakhstan, identify a system of complex
dependencies and continuity of various types of
civilizations on the territory of Kazakhstan and
Central Asia, explain the mechanisms of
formation and development of historical forms of
statehood, the evolution of state-legal institutions,
settled and nomadic civilizations; apply
knowledge of theoretical aspects of archaeology in
the process of educational archaeological practice,
methods of field and laboratory research, identify
and recognize archaeological monuments, draw up
field documentation, date archaeological
monuments of Kazakhstan;
Own:
possess the categorical and conceptual apparatus
of historical disciplines; methods of historical
analysis of the main stages and patterns of
development of society in the ancient and
medieval periods of Kazakhstan; fundamentals of
analysis of historical sources and documents,
possess the basics and systematization of scientific
research and publications; the terminology of
archaeological science, the technique of
excavation research, the skills of working with
tools, arranging a field camp, collecting and
processing, preserving archaeological finds,
processing, preserving archaeological illius,

					 measuring and mapping achaeological monuments on the territory of Kaazakhstan, reconstructing the past Competence: Special competencies Content: It highlights the main periods and features of the historical process of the Middle Ages, shows the indissoluble connection between
4	Medieval History of Kazakhstan	5	Ancient history of Kazakhstan	New history of Kazakhstan,	the ethno-political development of Kazakhstan in the late Medieval period with the previous Turkic period, with the process of Kazakhstan's entry into the Mongolian statehood, the formation of post- Mongolian state formations, shows the historical paths of the Kazakh people, its place in the world and Eurasian historical and cultural integration processes, features of the national culture of the Kazakhs. Expected result: To know: the main stages and patterns of development of society in the medieval period of Kazakhstan, the chronological framework of the Middle Ages, to know the basic terminology of historical science, the main approaches to understanding the essence of historical processes and phenomena of medieval history of Kazakhstan; the overall picture of the world historical process with its regional and local features during the Middle Ages; apply knowledge and understanding of the civilizational approach to the study of the historical process, identify a system of complex dependencies and continuity of various types of civilizations, explain the mechanisms of formation and development of historical forms of statehood, the evolution of state-legal institutions, settled and nomadic civilizations; the processes of Kazakhstan's entry into the Mongolian statehood, the history of post-Mongolian state formations, the problems of the ethnogenesis of Kazakhs and the peculiarities of the formation of the Kazakh nationality and statehood, its place in the world and Eurasian historical and cultural integration processes, the specific features of the formation of the national culture of the Kazakh people; Be able to: to show the inextricable link between the ethnopolitical development to analyze the historical past on the basis of the principle of historicism; to have an idea of the sources on the medieval history of Kazakhstan; to put into practice the knowledge gained on the socio- economic, political and cultural development of

					medieval Kazakhstan; to apply knowledge and understanding of the civilizational approach to the study of the medieval historical process, to identify a system of complex dependencies and continuity of various types of civilizations, to explain the mechanisms of formation and development of historical forms of statehood, the evolution of state-legal institutions, settled and nomadic civilizations; to select, analyze and interpret historical sources, historical facts, historical information when solving problems in the field of professional activity; Own: skills of applying the scientific categorical and conceptual apparatus of historical science; skills of identifying common and special in the history and development of nomadic civilizations; methods of historical description and analysis of causes and consequences of events in the history of medieval Kazakhstan, methods of historical analysis of the main stages and patterns of development of society during the Middle Ages; fundamentals of analysis of historical sources and documents, fundamentals of systematization of scientific research and publications; skills of comparative and systematic analysis of the historical process; the basics of research activity on the study of the main stages and patterns of development of Kazakh society, selection and study of scientific literature and its use in
4	History of the Kazakh Khanate	5	Ancient History of Kazakhstan	New history of Kazakhstan, Actual problems of national history	educational and research activities; Competence: Special competencies Content: Highlights the events in the dynamics of the main stages of the history of the Kazakh khanates, in the context of new conceptual approaches to the study of the history of the Kazakh Khanate, traces the stages of the formation of the Kazakh nation, socio-economic, political, cultural processes, reveals the role and place of the Kazakh people in the system of nomadic civilization; shows the evolution of the spiritual world of nomads and their contribution to the civilization of the Eurasian world. Expected result: To know: the main stages and patterns of development in the history of the Kazakh Khanate, in the context of new conceptual approaches, the stages of the formation of the Kazakh nation, socio-economic, political, cultural processes, the political history of the Kazakh Khanate, the role and place of the Kazakh Khanate, the role and place of the Kazakh Khanate, the role and place of the Kazakh people in the system of nomadic civilization; the processes of the colonization movement of Russia, the results of colonization

					its consequences; the evolution of the spiritual
					world of nomads and their contribution to the
					civilization of the Eurasian world; apply
					knowledge and understanding of the civilizational
					approach to the study of the historical process,
					explain the mechanisms of formation and
					development of historical forms of statehood, the
					evolution of state-legal institutions.
					Be able to:
					analyze the historical past on the basis of the
					principle of historicism, apply in practice the
					knowledge gained on the socio-economic,
					political and cultural development of Kazakhstan,
					identify cause-and-effect relationships of events;
					carry out a comparative analysis of historical
					facts, events and phenomena of public life based
					on historical sources; navigate in modern
					historical literature, characterize the principles and
1					guidelines of new methodological approaches; to carry out the selection, analysis and interpretation
					of historical sources, historical facts, historical
					information when solving problems in the field of
					professional activity; to compare and analyze
					historical facts in their connection with the world-
					historical process.
					Own:
					skills of applying the scientific categorical and
					conceptual apparatus of historical science; skills
					of identifying common and special in the history
					and development of nomadic civilizations;
					methods of historical description and analysis of
					causes and consequences of events in the history
					of the Kazakh Khanate, methods of historical
					analysis of the main stages and patterns of
					development of Kazakh societies; fundamentals of analysis of historical sources and documents,
1					fundamentals of systematization of scientific
					research and publications; skills of comparative
					and systematic analysis of the historical process;
					fundamentals of research activity on the study of
					the main stages and patterns of development of
					Kazakh society, selection and study of scientific
					literature and its use in educational and research
					activities; skills of independent and research
					activities using the latest theoretical, conceptual
					and methodological approaches;.
					Competence: Special competencies
					Content: He gives an idea of the genesis of
					feudalism in the Middle Ages, its disintegration
_	History of the	_	Ancient	Th. 1. '	and information about the development of
5	Middle Ages	5	world	The history	capitalist relations, examines the political
	_		history	of the countries	development, social system and culture of states from the 5th to the 17th centuries. The history of
				of the East	from the 5th to the 17th centuries. The history of medieval Europe forms an understanding of the
				of the East	memeral Europe forms an understanding of the

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and West in modern times,	laws of the historical process and the cause-and- effect relations of the genesis of feudal society and the state after the collapse of the Roman Empire in 476 and the formation of national European states, which passed through the stages of feudal fragmentation, centralization, class monarchy and absolute monarchy from the 5th to the 17th centuries. Expected result: To know: the periodization of the history of the Middle Ages and the main directions of the development of medieval studies; the terminological apparatus used by medieval studies; the main types of medieval historical sources; to understand the specifics of working with them; the main facts of the history of the Middle Ages, the processes of the origin, formation, flowering and decomposition of feudal relations, the emergence of nationalities and nations, states of modern Europe, the genesis of capitalism and the preparation of the basis of Christian doctrine and organization of Roman Catholic, Orthodox and Protestant churches; the most important achievements of medieval history; names and biographical information about outstanding historical figures; the main trends of the processes that took place in society, political institutions, economy, religion, culture, the development of structures of everyday life; to understand the historical and cultural originality of medieval civilization to represent its place and significance in the general historical process, the influence of the Middle Ages on modern socio-political realities; the main methodological concepts and research schools in the history of the Middle Ages. Be able to: to orient oneself in the main, most significant, modern methodological approaches to medieval history; to describe historical events, cultural monuments, comment on the main content of individual factors and phenomena of the history of
	economy, religion, culture, the development of structures of everyday life; to understand the historical and cultural originality of medieval civilization to represent its place and significance in the general historical process, the influence of the Middle Ages on modern socio-political realities; the main methodological concepts and
	to orient oneself in the main, most significant, modern methodological approaches to medieval history; to describe historical events, cultural monuments, comment on the main content of
	the western European Middle Ages, to work with chronology;- work with a historical map; independently pose a research problem; demonstrate the ability and willingness to work with various types of historical sources, educational, methodological and scientific literature on the problems of the course, the performance of educational and research tasks, independent search, processing and use of various

					types of information.
					types of information. Own: possess the categorical and conceptual apparatus of the historical discipline; competently reproduce scientific information about the subject of study, trace the cause-and-effect relationships of historical events and processes, identify the main trends of social development, determine their specifics, give an objective assessment taking into account the latest achievements of historical science; the basics of systematization of scientific research and publications; skills of comparative
					and systematic analysis of the historical process; the basics of research activity on the study of the main stages and patterns of development of medieval society, the selection and study of scientific literature and its use in educational and research activities
					Competence: Special competencies
5	History of the Middle Ages of Europe	5	History of the Ancient East	History of East and West countries in modern times,	Content: The history of medieval Europe forms an understanding of the laws of the historical process and the party-and-effect relations of the genesis of feudal society and the state after the collapse of the Roman Empire in 476 and the formation of national European states, which passed through the stages of feudal fragmentation, centralization, class monarchy and absolute monarchy from the 5th to the 17th centuries. Expected result: To know: the main periods of European medieval history; the main facts and phenomena characterizing the integrity of the historical process, the driving forces and patterns of the historical process in Europe in the Middle Ages; the content of the evolution of Western European civilization in the Middle Ages based on the achievements of modern historical knowledge; the place of medieval man in the historical process, the most important parameters of his spiritual culture and value system formed in the course of historical development; to understand the significance of the spiritual heritage of medieval civilization. Be able to: to orient oneself in the issues of periodization and chronology of the Middle Ages, economic, social and political history; to analyze historical events, establish cause-and-effect relationships; to identify common features and differences of historical phenomena and processes being compared; to draw lessons from historical events; to formulate and justify one's position on the key problems of the development of world civilizations during the Middle Ages; to orient

				oneself in specialized literature on the profile, competently refer the educational and scientific literature on the subject; apply the acquired knowledge in solving pedagogical, educational, methodological and scientific tasks; Own: to identify the civilizational features of the development of Western European countries in the V–XVII centuries; to comprehend the place and role of the medieval civilization of Western Europe in the history of mankind; to possess a system of knowledge about the main stages of development and the most important events of world history in the Middle Ages; to realize the place and role in the world history of Western European civilization, to understand the general and special in their development, the main complexes of historical sources on the history of individual countries and regions in the Middle Ages; the basics of systematization of scientific research and publications; the skills of comparative and systematic analysis of the historical process; the basics of research activities for the study of the main stages and patterns of development of medieval society, the selection and study of scientific literature and its use in educational and research activities
6	Auxiliary historical discipline	Archaeolog y	Fundamenta ls of scientific research	Competence: Special competencies Contents: Auxiliary historical disciplines combine sciences that help to comprehensively study the historical source, to give maximum information about its origin. Each has its own field of research and develops specific methods and techniques in order to solve the problems of mainly external criticism of a certain type of source. They have both an independent value in the study of the historical process, and help to solve the problems of source criticism. Expected result: To know: the history of the emergence and development of special historical disciplines, the stages of their formation and modern state; the basic concepts of the studied disciplines, their specifics and application in the learning process; the subject of research of each special historical discipline, the features of the disciplinary structure of modern historical science and the place of special historical disciplines in it; Be able to: apply basic research methods of special historical disciplines in the process of working on sources; analyze the information obtained in the study of special historical disciplines and link them with

				the real historical process, analyze historical problems, establish cause-and-effect relationships; identify common features and differences of historical processes and events being compared; historical sources, establish cause-and-effect relationships; work with paleographic, metrological and chronological material. Own: general professional knowledge of the theory and methods of historical research; the ability to understand, critically analyze and present basic historical information; skills of working with educational and methodical literature, with historical sources (material and written); necessary theoretical knowledge for the passage of archaeological, archival and museum practices; principles and methods of selection and systematization of archival documents;
6	Historical geography	History of the Ancient World Ancient History of Kazakhstan	Nomadism in the context of world history	Competence: Special competencies Content: Historical geography is a branch of historical science that studies the main characteristic features of the geographical, spatial side of the historical process. It concretizes our ideas about historical events and phenomena, connects them with certain territories, studies the geography of the historical past of humanity, including in terms of interaction and mutual influence of nature and society. In other words, historical geography is the geography of a certain territory at a certain stage of the historical development of its population Expected result: To know: the main stages of the development of historical geography and modern problems of its development; the place of historical and geographical research in historical and geographical science; patterns of spatial and historical development, the problems of the main branches of historical geography, directions of practical use of historical and geographical research; stages of the development of the earth's territory by human society, the formation of the world map in various historical epochs; the history of the formation and the development of human society in close connection with the geographical, climatic and economic environment. Be able to: make historical and geographical characteristics of regions; carry out historical and geographical studies of territories; explain the reasons for the revaluation of the territory; take inventory of historical and cultural landscapes for the purpose of protection and museification; make historical

					and geographical reviews; critically approach the content of sources and scientific literature on the discipline; Own: general professional knowledge of the theory and methods of historical and geographical research; methodology of historical and geographical zoning and compilation of historical and geographical maps; methods of reconstruction of the past interaction of society and nature; methodology of inventory and museification of historical and cultural landscapes Competence: Special competencies
7	Basics of museology and archival studies	5	Archeology	Fundamenta ls of scientific research	Content: Studies museum business, history and formation of archival business. The purpose of the discipline is to study the features of the functioning of museums and archives as a socio- cultural phenomenon of human society. Students study the development of museums and archives as a social institution in foreign and domestic culture. Students are also introduced to the main stages of practical work in museums and archives. Expected result: To know: to master the basics of archival science and museology; the history and organization of archival and museum business, principles, methods of research work in archives and museums; theory and methodology of archival and museum sums; basic methods, tools for organizing and conducting research in the field of archival science and museology and methods of professional activity of an archivist and museologis; use fundamental knowledge of archival and museology, know methods of information protection; basic concepts and theoretical research in archival science and museology; fundamentals of museology; fundamentals of methodological work in the field of analysis and classification of conceptual and theoretical research in museology; fundamentals of methodological work in the field of archival science and museology; fundamentals of methodological work in the field of archival and museology; the main stages and events of the world and national history of museology; fundamentals of methodological work in the field of archival affairs and; to use in professional activity the conceptual apparatus of archival science and museology; to conduct an examination of the value of documents, prepare them for archival storage or destruction; to identify, select materials

					for compiling collections of historical documents; to communicate professional information to specialists and consumers of services; to use theoretical knowledge and research methods on practice; design, construct professional activities, carry out diagnostics, evaluate and adjust the results. to use archive materials in the process of
					scientific research; to apply knowledge about the basics of modern museology, to use knowledge of the main stages of the development of museology; knowledge about the processes of formation and development of the main trends in the field of
					museology; to use in practice knowledge of techniques and technologies for the design of exhibitions and art expositions; interpret information obtained as a result of their own observations or their own search activities in the field of museology via the Interpret
					field of museology via the Internet; Own: methods of information protection; examination of the value of documents, research work in archives; methods of archival work; diagnostics and evaluation of documents; methods of work in
					archives of republican, regional and local significance; skills of analysis of museum artifacts (in written and oral form); presentation of research results in the form of a report, abstract; techniques of presentation of research results; independent
					acquisition of new knowledge in the field of museology; analysis of significant problems of modern museology; comparison and evaluation of domestic and foreign samples of museum material; Competence: Special competencies
7	History of museums in the world	5	Archeology	Fundamenta ls of scientific	Content: It provides information on the formation of museum studies, theoretical and practical information about the museum collections and exhibits of the world's leading museums. Studies museum business, history and evolution of museum business. Students receive information about museums in the context of the history of national and world culture. The role of museum artifacts as objective sources in the reconstruction of historical events and facts is also shown. Expected result:
	ule wond		History of the Ancient World	research	To know: the main stages and patterns of the emergence and development of the world's leading museums in the context of global trends, the dynamics of the formation of the museum as a cultural form in a set of countries, the patterns of formation and evolution of the museum as a socio-cultural institution from ancient times to the present; the main prerequisites and conditions and components

					of the process of formation of museums; the typology of museums in their historical dynamics; the stages of formation and collection the composition of the largest museum collections in the world (Europe, Asia, Africa, America), the purpose of the museum and its functions in different eras; the processes of formation and dynamics of the main directions of museum activity (preservation, educational, educational, etc.), the social functions of museum institutions as institutions of social memory and storage of cultural experience, carrying out specific activities for the acquisition, storage, restoration and publication of cultural monuments; Be able to: to orient oneself in the diversity of cultural and historical epochs; to orient oneself in the typological features of the museums of the world; in the activities of the leading museums of the world, their specifics, diversity of forms of cultural contacts; to apply the knowledge gained in the development of socio-cultural projects; to show the importance of historical experience for improving the modern theory and practice of domestic museum business; to analyze the facts of the history of museums of the world from the standpoint of patterns of the world from the standpoint of new knowledge in the field of museology; analysis of significant problems of museum and oral foreign samples of museum artifacts (and cultural and museology; analysis of significant problems of modern museology; comparison and evaluation of a museum and the study of modern museology; analysis of significant problems of museum and interest of museum and istorical endered for a museulation of a museum and problems of museum and problems of museum and problems of museum and istorical and cultural and museological knowledge in the study of modern museology; comparison and evaluation of domestic and foreign samples of museum and evaluation of domestic and foreign samples of museum and problems and museological knowledge in the study of modern museological knowledge in the study of modern museol
					museums and objects of cultural and natural heritage;
					Competence: Special competencies
8	Fundamental s of scientific research	5	Archeology, the basics of museology and archivistics	Historiogra phy and source study of the history of Kazakhstan	Content: The discipline "Fundamentals of Scientific Research" involves familiarizing students with the specifics of research work, understanding the logic of the research process, mastering the methods of research work, and developing skills in working with scientific literature. The discipline forms the students ' system of theoretical and practical knowledge, skills and abilities necessary for use in the process of scientific research.

To know: the logic of scientific research, procedures and levels of scientific work; methods of scientific research, the scope and features of their application, the importance of ideological positions in scientific research; the essence of science, scientific directions and scientific results; basic theoretical provisions, laws, principles, terms, concepts, processes, methods, technologies, tools, operations for the implementation of scientific standards and regulations for the design of research results, preparation of scientific reports, publications for seminars and conferences; general methodology of scientific design and creativity; procedures for testing the results of scientific research. Be able to: to designate the object and subject of scientific research, to pose problems, to find facts, to build hypotheses and their proofs; to orient oneself in the main methodological and ideological problems; to perform the procedure of setting and solving scientific problems; to be able to justify the relevance of the chosen topic, to formulate and solving scientific rosearch, to make an individual work plan; to carry out the selection of material for scientific research (thesis, systemaize literature, work with various sources of information, compile bibliographic lists, apply theoretical knowledge. to build the structure of scientific work (thesis), set tasks and find ways to solve them, perform computer layout of scientific work (thesis), implement verbal speech. Own: the skills of choosing a scientific literature, the methodology of conducting scientific research topic, collecting and processing information, the basic rules for taking notes of scientific literature, the methodology of conducting scientific research; professional vocabulary; conceptual and categorical apparatus, the culture of presentation of the material and the skills of scientific						Expected result
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publications.						
Competence: Special competencies						-
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8 methodology 5 Archeology, studies and development and current state of world and	8	methodology	5	Archeology,	studies and	
of science the basics of historiograp domestic science in theoretical and		of science		the basics of	historiograp	domestic science in theoretical and

museology and archivistics	hy	methodological, methodological and historiographical dimensions; prepares for research and pedagogical work in the field of the history of science, source studies and methods of scientific research, helps to master the techniques and methods of scientific knowledge, the results of enriching methodological ideas and expanding the source base of science. Expected result: To know: theoretical and methodological, methodological and organizational aspects of the implementation of research activities; the main stages of the historical development of science; the specifics and foundations of the formulation of the problem of the development of science in the XX - early XXI centuries; the main strategies for describing the study of science as a socio-cultural phenomenon, its functions, laws of development and functioning; ethical problems and aspects science and scientific activity; basic concepts and concepts of the philosophy of science, the history of the development of scientific knowledge, the history of the formation and development of the scientific picture of the world; ontological, epistemological, social and axiological aspects of the philosophy of science, various methods of scientific cognition of the world.
		trends of modern science, identify promising areas of scientific research in the subject area of professional activity, the composition of research papers, their determining factors; use experimental and theoretical research methods in professional activities; adapt modern achievements of science and high-tech technologies to the educational and self-educational process; to work with scientific
		literature of various levels (popular science publications, periodicals), including in foreign languages; to comprehend the dynamics of scientific and technological development in a broad socio-cultural context. use the knowledge of the philosophy of science to evaluate and analyze various methodological, interdisciplinary ethical, social, cultural trends, facts and phenomena. Own:
		culture of thinking, methods and techniques of logical analysis, oral and written presentation of basic philosophical and scientific knowledge, skills of analysis of philosophical and scientific texts, methods of discussion and polemics, public

					speech and written presentation of one's own point of view; modern methods of scientific research in the subject area; ways of understanding and critical analysis of scientific information; improvement and development their scientific potential; apply the knowledge gained in conducting and organizing research activities; Competence: Special competencies
9	The history of the countries of the East and West in modern times	5	History of the middle ages	History of the countries of the East and West in modern times	Contents: A holistic view of the political and socio-economic development of the states and peoples of Asia and Africa, the formation of students ' modern concept of the historical development of the countries of the West and East in the XVII-early XX centuries., ideas about the essence and features of the economic, political and social development of the countries of Asia, Africa, Europe and America, as well as the role of bourgeois revolutions in the elimination of feudal relations. Expected result: To know: the main stages of the historical development of the East and the West, its place in world history; patterns of the historical path of the East and the West; the genesis of the countries of the 17th century to the beginning of the First World War; key problems in the history of the West and the East in modern times; historical causes and prerequisites of the crisis of feudal relations and the formation of capitalist relations in Western and Eastern societies, features of the development of the capitalist order in the economies of the East and West, the essence and patterns of evolution of the most important political institutions and state institutions, types and methods of colonial expansion; the main processes of social development of the Countries of the West and East in modern times; ideological and spiritual and moral foundations of social models that have developed in the course of historical development in the countries of modern times; to analyze individual problems, identify typological features and features of similar phenomena of the historical process, to distinguish the actions of objective and subjective factors; to take into account and compare different points of view on the key problems of the historical development of the countries of the West and East in modern times; to analyze individual problems, identify typological features and features of similar phenomena of the historical development of the countries of the West and East in modern times; to analyze individual problems of the

					reveal the connection of actual problems the history of the countries of the West and the East in modern times and trends in the evolution of the modern world; analyze historical problems, establish cause-and-effect relationships; characterize the politics, economy and culture of the countries of the West and East in modern times and the main trends of its development; use the whole set of available historical sources, educational and scientific literature, electronic resources for the reconstruction of the new history of foreign countries; Own: identify common features and differences of historical processes and events being compared; work with information (information complexes, sources) to solve educational, professional and social problems; skills in analyzing socially significant processes and problems using basic material on the new history of the East and West; culture of historical thinking, the ability to generalize, analyze, and perceive information methods of historical description and analysis of the causes and consequences of events, methods of historical analysis of the main stages and patterns of development of the countries of the East and West Competence: Special competencies
9	History of Asia and Africa in modern times	5	Histor y of Europe, America, and Asia in the middle ages	Modern history of Asia and Africa	Content: Political and socio-economic development of the states and peoples of Asia and Africa, paying special attention to the relativity of a number of well-established concepts in Russian historiography and the limitations of the Eurocentric approach. The course on the modern history of Asia and Africa covers the history of this region for two and a half centuries (from the mid - 20th century to the tenth years of the twentieth century). Expected result: To know: the main events, phenomena, processes of the history of Asian and African countries in the New Time period; the causes, course and consequences of the main events of the history of Asia and Africa in the New time period; assessments of the main source database of information about the events of the history of countries in the New Time period; basic material on the history of Asia and Africa in the period in historical information; basic material on the history of Asia and Africa in the period of Modern times in historical research, in assessing current problems of modernity;

					Be able to: to carry out the selection of sources on the history of Asia and Africa in the period of Modern times; to analyze and interpret events, phenomena, processes on the history of countries in the period of Modern times when solving problems in the field of professional activity; to analyze the main historiographical concepts; to identify the main mechanisms, factors and trends in the development of Asian and African states in the period of Modern times; to understand the events, phenomena, processes of the history of countries in the period of Modern times; to give a critical assessment of historical data, to conduct a discussion on the topic of historical research. Own: identify common features and differences of historical processes and events being compared; work with information (information complexes, sources) to solve educational, professional and social problems; skills in analyzing socially significant processes and problems using basic material on the modern history of Asian and African countries; culture of historical thinking, the ability to generalize, analyze, perceive information, goal setting and the choice of ways to achieve it; the basics of systematization of scientific research and publications; skills of comparative and systematic analysis of the historical process; the basics of research activities to study the main stages and patterns of development of Asian and African countries;
10	The New History of Kazakhstan	5	Medieval History of Kazakhstan	Modern history of Kazakhstan, Source studies and historiograp hy of the history of Kazakhstan	Competence: Special competencies Contents: Studies the process of transformation of the Kazakh Khanate into a colonial appendage of the Russian Empire, highlights the most important problems of socio-political development in the new period of history, class stratification, the economy of Kazakh society, the development of spiritual culture, historical events that took place on the territory of Kazakhstan in the relationship and interaction with the history of the peoples of Eurasia, determines the place of Kazakhstan in the system of international relations of the XIII-XIX centuries, Expected result: To know: the main stages and patterns of development of the Kazakh society in the period of modern history, the chronological framework of the historical era, the criteria of scientific periodization of the world historical process; the overall picture of the world historical process with its regional and local features in the new period of history; problems

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					socially – political development of Kazakhstan in
					a new period of history, class stratification,
					economy of Kazakh society, the development of
					spiritual culture, the processes of transformation
					of the Kazakh Khanate into a colonial appendage
					of the Russian Empire, historical events that took
					place on the territory of Kazakhstan in
					interrelation and interaction with the history of the
					peoples of Eurasia, the place of Kazakhstan in the
					system of international relations of the XIII-XIX
					centuries, the main facts and phenomena,
					characterizing the integrity of the historical
					process, the driving forces and patterns of the
					historical process on the territory of Kazakhstan in
					the new period of history;
					Be able to:
					analyze and explain historical phenomena and
					processes on the territory of Kazakhstan in their
					economic, political, cultural manifestations in a
					new period of history; carry out a comparative
					analysis of historical facts, events and phenomena
					of public life based on historical sources; carry out
					selection, analysis and interpretation of historical
					sources, historical facts, historical information
					when solving problems in the field of professional
					activity; apply at a basic level knowledge of the
					theory and methodology of historical science in
					professional activities; be able to analyze the
					historical past on the basis of the principle of
					historicism;
					Own:
					the skills of applying the scientific categorical and
					conceptual apparatus of historical science;
					identifying the common and special in the history
					and development of Kazakhstan of the new
					period; methods of historical description and
					analysis of causes and consequences of events,
					methods of historical analysis of the main stages
					and patterns of development of Kazakh societies;
					fundamentals of analysis of historical sources and
					documents, fundamentals of systematization of
					scientific research and publications; skills of
					comparative and system analysis of the historical
					process; the basics of research activity on the
					study of the main stages and patterns of
					development of Kazakhstan, the selection and
					study of scientific literature and its use in
					educational and research activities;
				A / 1	Competence: Special competencies
	Current			Actual	Content: Studies the actual content of the history
10	problems of	E	Medieval	problems of	of Kazakhstan of the New Time, highlights the
10	Kazakhstan a	5	states on the	modern history of	integrity of the historical process within the
	new period of		territory of Kazakhstan	history of Kazakhstan	territory of Kazakhstan, Kazakhstan's entry into
	history		Kazakhstan	Nazaknstan	the world stream of New history; reveals the range

		of priority problems: the mentality of the Kazakhs,
		the evolution of traditions, mores, the
		transformation of the law, law, and power, the
		society of the Kazakhs in the New time; the
		transformation of Kazakhstan into a continental
		colony, reveals how Kazakhstan, the Kazakh
		people lost their state independence.
		Expected result:
		To know:
		the main stages and patterns of development of
		Kazakh society in a new period of history, the
		basic terminology of historical science, the main
		approaches to understanding the essence of
		historical processes and phenomena; current
		problems in the study of the history of Kazakhstan
		of modern times, the integrity of the historical
		process within the territory of Kazakhstan,
		Kazakhstan's entry into the world stream of New
		history; the range of priority problems: the
		mentality of Kazakhs, evolution traditions, mores,
		transformation of law, law, and power, Kazakh
		society in modern times; transformation of
		Kazakhstan into a continental colony, to know.
		how Kazakhstan, the Kazakh people lost their
		state independence; apply knowledge and
		understanding of the civilizational approach to the
		study of the historical process, identify a system of
		complex dependencies and continuity of
		civilization, explain the mechanisms of formation,
		development of historical forms of statehood, the
		evolution of state-legal institutions, nomadic
		civilizations;
		Be able to:
		analyze the historical past on the basis of the
		principle of historicism, scientific; analyze and
		explain historical phenomena and processes in
		their economic, political, cultural manifestations;
		carry out a comparative analysis of historical
		facts, events and phenomena of public life based
		on historical sources; identify current problems
		and concepts in the field of national history of the
		new period, carry out selection, analysis and
		interpretation historical sources, historical facts,
		historical information in solving problems in the
		field of professional activity;
		Own:
		fundamentals of research activity on the study of
		the main stages and patterns of development of
		Kazakh society in a new period of history; skills
		of selection and study of scientific literature and
		its use in educational and research activities;
		fundamentals of analysis of historical sources and
		documents, fundamentals and systematization of
		scientific research and publications; skills of

11 The history of the countries of the sast and th
International modern times History of the middle ages, History of the East and West in modern times Final contrise of the time of the main cultural and histori achievements in the world; the main stages, eve of social development of countries in the world; the main stages, eve of social development of the main stages, ever of social development of the stages and the stages and the the the stage and the the the the the the thex
I1Content: The subject of the modern history of countries of the East and the West as an acaden discipline is the study in the context of wo development of the main events that occurred the countries of the West and the East in period from 1918 to the beginning of the X century. The formation of students ' object knowledge about the main socio-economic a political processes that took place in this period, well as the creation of scientific ideas about development of international relations in t historical period of time.11The history of the countries of the East and West in modern timesHistory of the final certification11History of the East and West in modern timesFinal certification
11The history of the countries of the East and West in modern timesHistory of the East and the West in modern timesFinal certificationcountries of the East and the West as an academ discipline is the study in the context of wo development of the main events that occurred the countries of the Bast and the East in the period from 1918 to the beginning of the X century. The formation of students ' object knowledge about the main socio-economic a political processes that took place in this period, well as the creation of scientific ideas about the development of international relations in thistorical period of time. Expected result: To know: the driving forces and patterns of the histori process; the place of man in the historical proces the state, socio-economic and military-politi organization of the XXI century; the diversity of cultures a civilizations of the East and West in the interaction; the nature of the struggle around problems of historical choice and the reasons the victory of certain forces in a particular perior of history of the East and West in modern
times times

			History of		documents, the basics of and systematization of scientific research and publications; skills of comparative and systematic analysis of the historical process in the recent period of time; Competence: Special competencies Content: The subject of the modern history of the countries of Asia and Africa is the study of cause- and-effect relations and patterns of the historical process, events and facts of the history of the countries of Asia and Africa in modern times. The study of this discipline forms students ' understanding of the unity and specificity of world history in the context of the analysis of the main directions of development of the Eastern countries in the XX-XXI centuries. Expected result: To know: basic material (concepts, names, dates) on the modern history of Asian and African countries; the content and nature of the process of breaking the old socio-economic structure and its transformation; current problems of Modern history of the XX – early XXI centuries, the main patterns of development of the leading countries of Asia and Africa; their similarities and differences; the causes and process of modernization of traditional societies of the East;
11	Modern history of Asia and Africa	4	History of the middle ages, History of Asia and Africa in modern times	Current problems of World history	differences; the causes and process of modernization of traditional societies of the East; definition of general patterns of historical development of the leading Eastern countries (Japan, China, Korea, India, Iran, Turkey, Arab countries); the consequences of the decolonization of the countries of the East in the twentieth century, the choice of ways of development in the postcolonial period and the current state of the leading states of the East and Africa in the context of globalization; options for political, socio- economic development and modernization renewal of developing states; basic techniques for reconstructing historical reality using historical sources and research results; debatable and unresolved problems the modern history of mankind and the history of Asian and African countries. Be able to: evaluate and operate on the facts of the modern history of Asian and African countries; work with a map; characterize and evaluate the activities of subjects of the modern history of the East and Africa; formulate judgments based on the analysis of available evidence and the study of a wide range of scientific views; evaluate the main historiographical problems of the course studied; analyze historical information about countries, compare, analyze and to design models of the

					historical development of African and Eastern countries, to identify the features of the development of countries in modern times; to select, analyze and objectively interpret material for seminars, research activities. Own: methods of selecting sources on the history of Asian and Eastern countries in the modern period of history; skills of analysis and interpretation of events, phenomena, processes in the history of Asian and African countries in the period of modern times when solving problems in the field of professional activity; analysis of historiographical concepts, identification of the main mechanisms, factors and trends in the development of states; evaluation of historical data (events, phenomena, processes); skills of complex work with various types of historical sources; the ability to understand, analyze and present historical information on the recent history of Asia and Africa. Competence: Special competencies
12	The recent history of Kazakhstan	5	Medieval History of Kazakhstan, New History of Kazakhstan	Source studies and historiograp hy of the history of Kazakhstan Current problems of National history	Content: Studies historical processes, events of the XX-beginning.XX1bv. in the context of modern methodological approaches of historical science; the processes of development and crisis of the Soviet system in Kazakhstan, reveals a complex and contradictory, but unified and inseparable in the historical movement of the process of independence, the formation of an independent Kazakhstan, its place in the world community, the main directions of political modernization, the evolution of the political system, the leading directions of socio-economic and cultural policy. Expected result: To know: the main stages and patterns of development of Kazakh society in the modern period of history, the main approaches to understanding the essence of historical processes and phenomena; the general picture of the world historical process with its regional and local features in the modern period; the main facts and phenomena characterizing the integrity of the historical process, the driving forces and patterns of the historical process in the modern period of the historical process of the kortical process of the historical process of the historical process of the historical process of the historical process of the modern period of the historical process of historical science, the processes of development and crisis of the Soviet system in Kazakhstan, the formation of an independent Republic of Kazakhstan, the main directions of political modernization, the evolution

					of the political system, the leading directions of socio-economic and cultural policy of a sovereign state; Be able to: analyze and explain historical phenomena and processes in their economic, political, cultural manifestations in the recent period of the history of Kazakhstan, apply knowledge and understanding of the civilizational approach to the study of the historical process, explain the mechanisms of formation and development of independent statehood, the evolution of state-legal institutions, identify cause-and-effect relationships, common features and differences of the compared historical processes and events; to carry out the selection, analysis and interpretation of historical sources, historical facts, historical information in solving problems in the field of professional activity; to carry out a comparative analysis of historical facts, events and phenomena of public life on the basis of historical sources; Own: categorical and conceptual apparatus of historical discipline; methods of historical analysis of historical sources and events, fundamentals and systematization of scientific research and publications; skills to identify common and special in the history and development of Kazakhstan in the recent period of history; skills of comparative analysis of the state of scientific research and publications; skills to identify common and special in the history and development of Kazakhstan in the recent period of history; skills of comparative and systematic analysis of the special in the history and development of Kazakhstan in the recent period of history; skills of comparative and systematic analysis of the special in the history and development of Kazakhstan in the recent period of history; skills of the special in the history and development of Kazakhstan in the recent period of history; skills of comparative and systematic analysis of the special in the history and development of Kazakhstan in the recent period of history; skills of comparative and systematic analysis of the special in the h
					historical process; fundamentals of research activities on to study the main stages and patterns of development of Kazakhstan society; skills of selection and study of scientific literature and its use in educational and research activities;
12	Actual problems of modern history of Kazakhstan	5	Current problems of the history of Kazakhstan in modern times	The Republic of Kazakhstan in the world community	Competence: Special competencies Content: The course examines the current content of the modern history of Kazakhstan, highlights new conceptual positions, a new vision of the historical process; integration of the event history of modern Kazakhstan into the global historical context; studies the phenomena of non-event history (mentality, spiritual life, legal consciousness), the problems of "power and culture"; the relationship between politics and economics; reveals the ethno-social processes, social policy, directions and mechanisms of its transformation; features of the daily life of the city and village. Expected result: To know: priorities of national history, issues of

				actualization of the problems of national history, the main methods of studying the modern history of Kazakhstan, new conceptual approaches in the study of the history of modern Kazakhstan; to understand the processes of transformation of Kazakh society under the influence of the Soviet system, its socio-political transformations, historical foundations and periods and problems of the formation of independent Kazakh statehood in the context of the world and Eurasian historical process, the evolution of forms of statehood, the content of the Kazakh model of development in the period of accelerated modernization, the continuity and continuity of historical and cultural development, ethnosocial processes, social politics, directions and mechanisms of its transformation; features of the daily life of the city and village; a new vision of the historical process; integration of the global historical context; Be able to: to reveal the historical content of the foundations of the laws of political, socio-economic, cultural processes at the stages of the formation of an independent state; to form objectively and comprehensively comprehend the inherent advantages, features and significance of the Kazakh model of development; to develop the ability to analyze socio-political processes and give them an objective assessment; to evaluate the history of modern Kazakhstan in the context of world-historical processes; identify the most pressing problems, determine the place of Kazakhstan in the global social space and historical time: be able to correlate individual
				politics, directions and mechanisms of its
				U
				•
				independent state; to form objectively and
				<u> </u>
				historical time; be able to correlate individual
				phenomena and events of the historical past with the general paradigm of the world-historical
				development of human society through analysis,
				comparative historical and other methods of
				scientific research.
				Own:
				analytical and axiological analysis skills in the
				study of complex historical processes, phenomena
				and historical personalities of modern Kazakhstan; scientific method of historical cognition, skills
				with historical sources, educational and scientific
				literature, Internet sources, extract and interpret
				information from them; skills of comparative and
				systematic analysis of the historical process;
				ability to critically comprehend historical events
				and phenomena of modernity
13	Historiograph	5	Fundamenta	Competence: Special competencies Content: The discipline examines the process of
13	rnstonograph	J	runuamenta	Content. The discipline examines the process of

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	y and source	ls of		the emergence of historical knowledge, formation,
	study of the	scientific		development of historical science, historical
	history of	research		thought in different periods of the history of
	Kazakhstan			Kazakhstan; includes an analysis of the main
	Kuzuklistuli			
				stages of the formation and development of
				historical science in Kazakhstan, acquaintance
				with the historical concepts of leading historians;
				contributes to the formation of students ' ideas
				about the typology and evolution of the corpus of
				historical sources, about the method of their
				source analysis.
				Expected result:
				To know:
				the basics of the theory and methodology of
				source studies, the basics of classification and
				systematization of historical sources, the main
				complexes of sources on the history of
				Kazakhstan, the interdependence of the method of
				research of historical sources from general
				scientific and historical methodology; the
				formation and stages of development of national
				historiography, the level of development of
			Actual	historical knowledge in different periods of
				e 1
			problems of	history, the basic concepts of historiography; the
			National	main directions in modern historiography, features
			history	their theoretical foundations and methods,
			-	traditions and problems of historical science of
				Kazakhstan
				Be able to:
				effectively use the methods of source analysis in
				research work, effectively use the methods of
				historiographical analysis in research work,
				analyze historical research based on scientific
				methodology and methods of historiographical
				analysis; freely operate with the basic theoretical
				1 , 2
				historiographical facts and form reasoned
				conclusions on this basis; use interdisciplinary
				approaches in the process of studying the process
				of formation of historical schools and trends; on
				the basis of a comprehensive analysis of the
				evolution of historical science and socio-political
				development of Kazakhstan, to determine the
				significance of the historical concept of a
				historian, to use basic knowledge of this discipline
				in future professional activity;
				Own:
				the scientific approach to the selection of
				historical literature, the skills of internal and
				external criticism of sources on the history of
				Kazakhstan, the skills of analyzing
				historiographical facts, the skills of independent
				historiographical analysis of historical literature,
				the skills of identifying both general trends and
L				the skins of rucharying boar general actions alla

					idiosyncrasies in approaches to assessing certain historical processes in historical concepts of historians, the skills of interpretation and analysis of historiographical languages, skills of collecting and analyzing information on the history of historical science, acquired knowledge in educational, teaching and research activities. Competence: Special competencies
13	Source studies and historiograph y	5	Fundamenta ls of scientific research	Current problems of World history	Content: The discipline is focused on a comprehensive study of the theory and methodology of source studies as a science of historical sources, its place in the system of humanities; the most important component of the discipline is historiography, which comprehends the process of accumulating knowledge about the development of human society, the evolution of historical thought, the works of historians, concepts, their justification and argumentation, the conditions for the existence of historical knowledge, the organization of scientific research, the influence of state policy on the development of historical science. Expected result: To know: the basics of the theory and methodology of source studies, the basics of classification and systematization of historical sources, the main complexes of sources on history, the interdependence of the method of research of historical sources from general scientific and historical methodology; the formation and stages of development of historical knowledge in different periods of history, the basic concepts of historiography, the peculiarities of their theoretical foundations and methods, traditions and problems of historical science at different stages of its development, the place of historiography and source studies in the development of historical sources and historiographical literature in the field of history and related fields of social and humanities, history formation of scientific historiographical literature and historical sciences on the studies problem, to determine the place of historical sources on the studies of social and source studies in the development of social and humanities, history formation of scientific historiographical literature and historical sources on the studied problem, to determine the place of historical sources on the studies problem, to determine the place of historical sources on the studies of social and humanities, history formation of scientific historiographical literature and historical sources on the studies problem, to det

					development of historical science, to identify and analyze socio-economic, political-ideological and cultural-mental determinants, to evaluate the development of historical thought in different periods of history, to determine the ratio of internal and external factors of evolution and transformation of historical thoughts; identify and trace the relationship of historiography and source studies with the development of historical knowledge in the sciences related to history; effectively use the methods of source and historiographical analysis in research work, freely operate with the basic theoretical concepts of the course; Own: skills of internal and external criticism of historical sources, skills of analysis of source studies and historiographical facts, skills of identifying both general trends and idiosyncrasies in approaches to assessing certain historical processes in historical concepts of historians, skills of interpretation and analysis of historiographical languages, skills of collecting and analyzing information on the history of historical science, to possess the acquired knowledge in the educational, teaching and research activities. Competence: Special competencies
14	The Republic of Kazakhstan in the world community	5	Modern history of Kazakhstan	Actual problems of national history	Content: The academic discipline examines the main directions of state policy, on the basis of which Kazakhstan determines its place in the world society during the period of sovereignty. Over the years of independence, Kazakhstan has been developing a domestic and foreign policy of the state, so that the country occupies a worthy place in the world community due to its stability, peace-loving policy and good-neighborly relations with other states. The discipline studies the main problems of Kazakhstan's development in the context of its role and participation in the world community. Expected result: To know: the main patterns and trends in the formation and development of the foreign policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the modern period; directions of the foreign policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the modern period; directions of the foreign policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the modern period; directions of the foreign policy and mutual influence; stages of Kazakhstan's entry into the world community, mechanisms for the foreign policy and the creation of a foreign policy concept, features of the geopolitical, geo-

					economic and geostrategic position of Kazakhstan, problems diversity and originality of forms and methods of cooperation between Kazakhstan and individual countries; issues of regional cooperation, international and regional security; the importance for Kazakhstan's foreign policy of expanding cooperation with international organizations, the position of Kazakhstan in the UN; theoretical and applied, instrumental components of world politics, their role and functions in the preparation and provision of political decisions; Be able to: to be guided in the foreign policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan; to understand both general and specific problems of the discipline studied; to use the knowledge gained in analyzing the current situation of the Republic of Kazakhstan; to analyze the peculiarities of the development of the foreign policy course of the Republic of Kazakhstan; the leading trends in the development of cooperation of the Republic of Kazakhstan with individual countries; to have a systematic idea of the main forms and methods of cooperation with individual countries, so it is with international organizations; be able to understand international political life, the geopolitical situation in Kazakhstan, the place and status of Kazakhstan in the modern world; Possess: the categorical and conceptual apparatus of the historical discipline; methods of historical analysis of the main stages of the foreign policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan; the basics of analyzing historical sources and documents, the basics and systematization of scientific research and publications; skills of comparative and systematic analysis of the historical process; skills of selecting and studying scientific literature and its
					use in educational and research activities;
					Competence: Special competenciesContent:Thesubjectofthehistoryof
14	History of Independent Kazakhstan	5	Modern history of Kazakhstan	Actual problems of national history	Content: The subject of the firstory of Independent Kazakhstan is the study of the laws of the historical process and cause-and-effect relationships that led to the collapse of the Soviet state and the formation of sovereign states in the post-Soviet space. The discipline examines the understanding of the objectivity of the creation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the theoretical aspects of national - state construction. Expected result: To know: the history of the formation of independent Kazakhstan; various scientific directions in the

					study of independent Kazakhstan, related
					approaches, methods and issues; historical
					foundations and periods of the formation of
					independent Kazakh statehood in the context of
					the world and Eurasian historical process; specific
					reasons, conditions and time frames of
					functioning, features of the internal structure of
					power relations and the mechanism of state
					bodies, patterns of their evolution and change,
					processes of establishing objectivity and patterns
					of approval and development of the Republic of
					Kazakhstan as an independent and sovereign state,
					tracing the process of formation of its legal
					system.
					Be able to:
					to show the continuity and interrelation of the
					previous stages of development of Kazakhstan
					with the sovereign, independent Kazakhstan; to
					analyze scientific directions in the study of
					modern Kazakhstan, related approaches, methods
					and issues; to analyze modern theoretical and
					methodological perspectives in the study of the
					history of modern Kazakhstan; historical and
					political processes and practices in Kazakhstan; to
					be able to objectively and comprehensively
					comprehend the inherent advantages, features and
					significance of Kazakhstan's development model;
					to form a holistic view of the history of the state
					and law of the Republic of Kazakhstan; a holistic
					view of the general and specific laws of the
					evolution of state-legal phenomena in Kazakhstan;
					Own:
					the corresponding conceptual and terminological
					apparatus; analytical and axiological analysis in
					the study of complex historical processes of
					modern Kazakhstan; scientific method of
					historical cognition, work with historical sources,
					educational and scientific literature, Internet
					sources, extract and interpret information from
					them; skills of comparative and systematic
					analysis of the historical process; the ability to
					critically comprehend historical events and
					phenomena of modernity.
					Competence: Special competencies
					CIPLINES ourses (EC)
					Content Studies the content of education on the
	Criteria-			Productio	technology of criteria-based assessment, the models
	based		Methods	n	and essence of criteria-based assessment; assimilation
	assessment		of	(pedagogi	and implementation of the system of criteria-based
1	and	6	teaching	cal)	assessment of students ' academic achievements,
	technologies		history	practice	highlights the methodological foundations of criteria-
		1	1 ²	-	
	in history			of the	based assessment, technologies of criteria-based

				certificati	in personality-based learning, the functions of
				on	pedagogical assessment, types of assessment and
					design technologies forms the skills of developing
					methodological support for criteria-based assessment
					Expected result:
					To know:
					the content characteristic of the concept of "criterion
					evaluation of educational achievements"; scientific
					foundations of measuring technologies for evaluating educational achievements; a process based on
					comparing students' educational achievements with
					certain criteria, contributing to the formation of
					educational and cognitive competence of students;
					models and essences of evaluation; assimilation and
					implementation of a system for evaluating students'
					educational achievements; methodological
					foundations and technologies of criterion-oriented
					learning, features of the assessment system in
					personality-oriented learning, the functions of pedagogical assessment; functions of pedagogical
					assessment, types of assessment and design
					technologies; I know formative assessment, as part of
					the learning process; summative assessment, as a
					process that determines and fixes the level of
					assimilation of the content of the curriculum by
					students for a certain period;
					Be able to:
					describe and organize the learning process using criteria assessment technology; apply measurement
					assessment technologies in the learning process; plan
					criteria for evaluating subject and meta-subject results;
					develop a criteria assessment system that meets the
					requirements of the education system; use a diagnostic
					method for the development, communication,
					behavior of children in different age groups; organize
					various activities of children; evaluate subject results educational activities based on the proposed criteria
					and norms;
					Own:
					the mechanism of assessment and self-assessment,
					forming the key competencies of students; to possess
					the pedagogical methodological foundations of
					measuring assessment technologies, to possess new
					forms and development of measuring technologies for
					assessing students in history subjects; specifics, functions and methods of designing and conducting
					developmental control lessons; the technique of
					formative and summative assessment; the principles
					of knowledge control organization, assessment goals;
					Competence: Special competencies
					Content: Studies the educational information
1	IT in history	6	Informatio	Productio	environment of an educational institution, its
_	training	-	n and	n (padagagi	components: informatization of education,
			communic	(pedagogi	information technologies of training, traditional and

			ation technolog y (on angl.)	cal) practice of the Final certificati on	modern pedagogical technologies, reveals the essence and varieties of information and communication technologies, their place in the educational activities of a modern educational organization, the role of ICT in creating conditions for students to achieve educational goals, the conditions for technologizing the process of teaching history, the study, description of innovative experience in teaching history, the use of digital technologies. Expected result: To know: the educational information environment of an educational institution, its components: informatization of education, information technologies of education, traditional and modern pedagogical technologies; the essence and varieties of information and communication technologies, their place in the educational activities of a modern educational organization; the role of ICT in creating conditions for students to achieve educational goals, conditions for the technologization of the process of teaching history, studying, description of the innovative experience of teaching history, the use of digital technologies. Be able to: to introduce new information technologies into the educational process; to use traditional and innovative methods in teaching history, to use audiovisual means in teaching history; to apply IT technologies in the process of independent work of students; to design the educational process using modern information technologies that correspond to general and specific patterns and features of age-related personality development; to use in educational andeducational process modern educational electronic resources; Own: skills of orientation in professional sources of information (magazines, websites, educational portals); skills of using catalogs of information resources of electronic libraries; demonstrate remote access to theoretical and practical material; apply IT technologies in extracurricular work on the subject:
					technologies in inclusive education; use IT technologies in extracurricular work on the subject; organization of distance learning of history, organization of communication through forums, chats
			Pedagogic	Productio	and video conferences. Competence: Special competencies
2	Modern of course of history in the secondary education system	6	Pedagogic s Methods of teaching history	n (pedagogi cal) practice of the Final	Content: Studies the problems of the development of the secondary education system, modern trends in the field of updating the content of school historical education, selecting the content of historical education for the main and specialized schools, highlights the subject content of the history course, the transformation of the content aspects of historical

To know: objectives, general strategy of teaching, of and development of students, by means educational subject "History"; general chare of the course of history, the place of the "History" in the school education system; the of school historical education; objectives of bistory at the levels of secondary educa content of the educational subject of History trends in updating school historical education of subject teachers of grades 5 and 7 accordi updated educational program; changes in the basic secondary school subjects, new approaches to expected learning outcomes based on concepts, differentiation of learning, the intro of a system of criteria-based assessment. Be able to: Be able to: analyze current trends in the field of upd content of school historical education of the organize the educational process in such a students can develop the skills and abhistorical and critical thinking in each lesso the formation of a scientific understanding of an espect for both national history and peoples; organize the pt eaching subjects "History Kazakhstan" and "Wold" based on six historical concepts (concard adventage of the spiral curriculum possess: new approaches to teaching history (value activity-oriented actional program; methodod transparent system for evaluating student communicative); methods of organizing subjects "History Kazakhstan" and "Wold" based on six historical concepts; possess a store activity ordinet do six historical concepts; posses a store activity ordinated on six historical concepts; possess a store activity is stored or six history for avaluating student cachievernents; skills of draving up a short-t leasons;	e purpose studying tion; the y; current ; training ng to the study of paches to oriented, learning l method planning historical roduction ating the republic; way that lities of n; ensure of history nistory of rocess of l "World epts); be n; oriented, and teaching History" piral way ogy of a academic erm plan
model of s n students ' ideas about the model of historical e	education
2 historical 6 Methods (pedagogi as the organization of the educational proc	ess as a
education of cal) whole, as the implementation of a certain	scientific
teaching practice approach, as a special way of organize	

history	of the	educational space; considers the directions of updating
history	Final	and reforming historical education in the context of
	certificati	modern innovative processes.
		Expected result:
	on	To know:
		national priorities and values of historical education
		and public education; about the modern model of
		historical education as the organization of the
		educational process as a whole, as the implementation of a certain scientific approach, as a special way of
		organizing the educational space; current trends in the renewal of school historical education; directions of
		updating and reforming historical education, the
		context of modern innovative processes; goals and
		objectives of school historical education, the main
		content lines of school historical education; trends in
		the renewal of school historical education; the modern
		concept of historical education; different levels of
		representation of history - world history, history of
		states and peoples, domestic history and regional
		history, the content of school curricula on history;
		changes in the approach to teaching history at school.
		Be able to:
		apply national priorities and values of historical
		education and public education; form students' ideas
		about the modern model of historical education as an
		organization of the educational process as a whole; be
		able to organize the process of teaching subjects
		"History of Kazakhstan" and "World History" on the
		basis of six historical concepts (concepts); be able to
		introduce innovative learning technologies into the
		pedagogical process with the purpose of creating
		conditions for effective motivation of students; to
		comply with the requirement regarding the unified
		content of the historical material involved; to form in
		students: the basics of historical thinking; knowledge
		of the basic concepts, categories and laws of the
		historical process and ideas on the theory of historical
		cognition; to be able to design elements of the
		educational program, formulate didactic goals and
		objectives of learning and implement them in the
		educational process;
		Own:
		skills of building a nurturing educational environment,
		the implementation of spiritual and moral education of
		students; the use of interactive methods of teaching
		history, educational opportunities of school history
		courses; to design the educational process using
		modern information technologies; skills to study and
		apply innovative pedagogical experience, high
		motivation for pedagogical activity, the desire for self-
		education and self-realization; introduction of new
		pedagogical technologies into the school practice of
		historical education, including those based on the use

					of Internet resources.
					Competence: Special competencies
3	Nomadism in the context of world history	5	Ancient History of Kazakhsta n History of the Ancient World Medieval History of Kazakhsta n History of the Middle Ages	Actual problems of national history	Content: The course reveals the origin and development of nomadic societies in the context of world history, the phenomenon of nomadism, its specificity, the conditions for the existence and development of nomadism as a special type of producing economy, its role as a link between different societies and cultures; shows the processes of the origin of nomadic cattle breeding, reveals the social prerequisites for the relationship of nomads with the outside world; defines the features of genealogy, families and communities in nomadic societies. Expected result: To know: theoretical and methodological approaches, concepts and their evolution in the study of nomadism in the context of world history, - a variety of approaches, concepts and theories of typological analysis of nomadic society; the phenomenon of nomadism, its role as a link between different societies and cultures; patterns and features of the origin and development of the nomadic mode of production; conditions for the existence and development of nomadism as a special type of producing economy; problems of the conomy of pre-industrial societies; social prerequisites for the relationship of nomads with the outside world; types, trends in the context of world history; Be able to: to formulate and generalize the main laws and features of the origin and development of the origin and development of the nomadic mode of producting; to reveal the phenomenon of nomadism, to determine the role of nomadism as a link between different societies and cultures; to trace the historical ways of development of the development of the economic and cultural life of nomadic peoples; to reveal the essence of nomadism as a special and special patterns and paradigms of world-historical development; Own: skills of theoretical generalization and comparative analysis of nomadic societies on the territory of Kazakhstan, the Eurasian and other regions of the world; skills of presenting a holistic picture of the historical stages of the development of nomadism as a special way o

					study of the problem; selection of scientific information; skills of applying theoretical knowledge of the discipline in research, educational activities and teaching; Competence: Special competencies
3	Nomadic civilization of the Kazakhs	5	Medieval History of Kazakhsta n The New History of Kazakhsta n	Actual problems of national history	Content: The course examines the problems of studying nomadic civilizations in modern historiography, shows the main features of the functioning and life of the nomadic society of the Kazakhs, the system of nature management, economy, social organization and socio-economic relations. Analyzes the processes of adaptation of nomads to specific resources of arid ecosystems, socio-economic dispersion and concentration, community, various forms of ownership; forms a holistic view of the specifics of the nomadic civilization of the Kazakhs. Expected result: To know: theoretical and methodological approaches, concepts and their evolution in the study of nomadism in the context of world history - a variety of approaches, concepts and theories of typological analysis of nomadic society; the phenomenon of nomadism, its role as a link between different societies and cultures; patterns and features of the origin and development of nomadic mode of production; conditions for the existence and development of nomadism as a special kind the problems of the economy of pre-industrial societies; social prerequisites for the relationship of nomadis with the outside world; types, trends in the emergence and evolution of nomadic mode of production; to reveal the phenomenon of nomadism, to determine the role of nomadism as a link between different societies and cultures; to trace the historical ways of development of the nomadic mode of production; to reveal the phenomenon of nomadism as a special way of producing economy; to analyze the studied problems using the historical-comparative analysis of nomadic society; to show the features of the development; Possess: skills of theoretical generalization and cultural life of nomadic so is previal way of producing conomy; to analyze the studied problems and paradigms of world-historical development; possess: skills of theoretical generalization and comparative analysis of nomadic societies on the territory of Kazakhstan, the Eurasian and other regions of the world;

4	Historical destinies of the Kazakh Diaspora	5	The recent history of Kazakhsta n New	Actual problems of national history	researching the essence of nomadism as a special way of organizing society and life; skills of historiographical review, determining the degree of study of the problem; selection of scientific information; skills of applying theoretical knowledge of the discipline in research, educational activities and teaching; Competence: Special competencies Content: The content of the discipline is the consideration of the theoretical aspects: Diaspora studies, the definition of the historical processes that have shaped and developed the Kazakh Diaspora, its current state, the pressing socio-economic, political, psychological, and cultural and social problems of the Kazakhs abroad studying ethnic and intra-ethnic processes, based on changes in modern social- economic, political and cultural life of the Kazakhs abroad. Expected result: To know: the history of the formation and development of the modern branch in the humanities of Kazakhstan – diasporology, the concepts and categories of diasporology, the basic concepts of ethnic politics - diaspora and irredent, their theoretical and practical definition, the stages of the formation of the Kazakh diaspora and its current state; theoretical aspects of the problem, the definition of historical processes that formed and developed the Kazakh diaspora, the essence of socio-economic, political, psychological, cultural and everyday problems of Kazakhs abroad; modern interethnic and intraethnic processes based on changes in modern ecoip aconomic political apolitical and chazakhs abroad; modern interethnic and intraethnic processes based on
4	destinies of	5	history of Kazakhsta n	problems of national	processes, based on changes in modern social- economic, political and cultural life of the Kazakhs abroad. Expected result: To know: the history of the formation and development of the modern branch in the humanities of Kazakhstan – diasporology, the concepts and categories of diasporology, the basic concepts of ethnic politics - diaspora and irredent, their theoretical and practical definition, the stages of the formation of the Kazakh diaspora and its current state; theoretical aspects of the problem, the definition of historical processes that formed and developed the Kazakh diaspora, the essence of socio-economic, political, psychological, cultural and everyday problems of Kazakhs abroad; modern interethnic and intraethnic processes based on changes in modern socio-economic, political and cultural life. Be able to: to reveal the categorical structure of the science of diasporology; to analyze the nature of historical phenomena, the main stages of the formation of the Kazakh diaspora; historical patterns of the formation of diasporas in different periods of history; to highlight the current problems of the development of the Kazakh community abroad; to reveal the modern development of the Kazakh diaspora, to select and work with the research of leading domestic and foreign specialists in diasporology; demonstrate an understanding of ethnic processes in society, the ability to perceive diversity and difference of cultures, commitment to tolerance and tolerance, the ability to
					solve conflict situations; be able to structure the knowledge of the course; contribute to the development of methods and techniques of research work; Own: terminology, categorical apparatus of diasporology;

					historiographical approaches to the problem of the diaspora in domestic and foreign diasporology; possess knowledge about the development of the diaspora: diversity and interaction of cultures, civilizations, forms of social experience, about the place of Kazakhstan in the world-historical process; possess the content of the course of study, possess innovative teaching technologies. skills of practical application of knowledge in the field of interethnic relations. Competence: Special competencies
4	History of the Turkic peoples	5	Ancient History of Kazakhsta n Medieval History of Kazakhsta n	Actual problems of national history	Content: This discipline is interdisciplinary and includes historical, cultural, linguistic material. The study of the discipline provides knowledge of the history, culture and languages of the Turkic peoples to understand the origin of the Turkic peoples and their ethno-cultural traditions, the factors and conditions of the development of the indigenous population of a region that is part of the Turkic family of peoples; the question of the influence of the Turkic peoples on the course of world history, the contribution to the development of world civilization. Expected result: To know: the history and culture of the Turkic peoples as a single process, an integral part of world history; the history of the Kazakhs and Kazakhstan as an important part of the history of the Turkic states in the Middle Ages and modern times; fundamentals of theory and methodology of source studies, sources on the history of the Turkic peoples and Kazakhstan; unified conceptual approaches to the study of the culture of the Turkic ribes and peoples on the territory of Eurasia and Kazakhstan; about the processes and phenomena in the formation of Turkic tribes and peoples; the bristorical roots of the Turkic civilization; the historical roots of the origin of the Turkic peoples; the basic basic concepts and essence of political, economic and cultural processes in the early medieval Turkic state associations; Be able to: to reveal the unity of the Turkic community, to show the organic connection of the Turkic tribes and peoples; to show the history of the formation of Turkic tribes and peoples; to consider the socio-political life of the Turkic states at the present stage; to use the methods of socio-humanities in their professional activities; to acquire new knowledge on the history of the Turkic using modern educational technologies; to promote the effective application of the states and peoples in the early medieval turkic states at the present stage; to use the methods of socio-humanities in their professional activities; to acq

					knowledge and skills of the course in teaching activities; be able to structure the knowledge of the course; contribute to the development of methods and techniques of research work; Possess: skills of systemic knowledge of a worldview nature; practical work with sources - written, oral, ethnographic, linguistic, archaeological, while paying special attention to the Turkic written monuments and special historical literature of the Turkic peoples; skills to master the real picture of the development of the Turkic world; own the content of the course of study, own innovative teaching technologies. Competence: Special competencies
5	Cultural modernizatio n of Soviet Kazakhstan (20-80-ies of XX Century)	5	The recent history of Kazakhsta n New history of Kazakhstn	Actual problems of national history	Content: Provides information about the modernization of Kazakhstan's society during the twentieth century. The history of the twentieth century is filled with socio-political and cultural contradictions, political and economic transformations due to the revolutions of 1917 and the socialist construction. Socio-political, socio-economic and cultural situation of Kazakhstan in the 1920-80 years. The role of culture in protecting the Fatherland from fascist aggression. Expected result: To know: the theoretical and methodological concept of "cultural modernization", its place in the overall strategy of the Soviet government; the content and main goals of the cultural policy of the Soviet state through the prism of the ideas of the cultural revolution, a wide range of innovations in the field of culture, the issues of the deification of many concrete historical material on the cultural life of society; Be able to: to develop the skills of critical analysis of historical studies of the period of the totalitarian regime; to determine the criteria for evaluating historical transformations in the field of culture; the ability to generalize and systematize concrete historical material; to reveal methodological problems of the course; to present a modern interpretation of the real historical process of cultural transformations in the period under consideration, to build prospects for individual scientific work; Own: the skills of nistorical analysis in research work; the methodology of comparative analysis of a variety of cultural processes in different periods of cultural construction; modern approaches to the study and evaluation of the Soviet experience of socialist transformations in the field of culture; the study and evaluation of the Soviet experience of socialist transformations in the field of culture; the study and evaluation of the Soviet experience of socialist transformations in the field of culture; the study and evaluation of the Soviet experience of socialist transformations in the field of culture; t

5 Soviet Competence: Special competences 5 Soviet Content: Examines the issues of cultural development of the Kazakhs in the context of the problems of the genesis of industrialization, collectivization and cultural modernization of Kazakhsta in the Soviet period, as well as consider the theoretical and methodological problems of the genesis of industrialization and cultural modernization of Kazakh society during the socialist reconstruction. 5 The recent history of Kazakhsta in the conceptual provisions of Soviet, modernization of the Kazakh region; conceptual provisions of Soviet, modernization of the Kazakh region; conceptual provisions of Soviet modernization and collectivization in Kazakhstan and the tragic consequences of Soviet modernization of the region; scientific results obtained by historigraphy on the tragic consequences of Soviet modernization and collectivization in Kazakhstan and the tragic scientific results obtained by historigraphy on the tragic nonceptual provisions of Soviet power and the "modernization" of the region, speeches and works of national history of Kazakhstan 8 New of Kazakhstan 9 New of Kazakhstan 10 New of Kazakhstan 11 New of Kazakhstan 12 New of Kazakhstan 13 New of Kazakhstan 14 New of Kazakhstan 15 New of Kazakhstan 16 New of Kazakhstan 16 New of Kazakhstan 16 New of Kazakh						skills of acquiring additional expanded or in-depth
5 Soviet moderniza to of the recent history of Kazakhstan in the Soviet Prover in Kazakhstan and the region: so the stabilishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the stabilishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region with the works of representatives of the Zo-30s of the Xzakhstan and the "modernization" of the region: so the stabilishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region with the works of representatives of the Zo-30s of the twentieth century; thistorical significance of modernization of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region with the works of representatives of the Kazakh intelligentist, party and Soviet leaders of the 20-30s of the twentieth century; thistorical significance of modernization and the "modernization" of the region with the works of representatives of the Kazakh intelligentist, party and Soviet leaders of the 20-30s of the twentieth century; thistorical significance of modernization and the "modernization" of the region with the works of representatives of the Kazakh intelligentist, party and Soviet leaders of the 20-30s of the twentieth century; thistorical significance of modernization and the "modernization" of the region with the works of representatives of the Kazakh intelligentist, party and Soviet leaders of the 20-30s of the twentieth century; to trace fundamental changes in methodological analytis in research on the domesia and the roblems of the orgensity of the fustory of the establishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region; to identify conceptual trends in the story of the fustory of the fustory of the fustory of the torging the the tistory of the establishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region; to identify conceptual trends in the story of the fustory of the fustory of the fustory of the fustory of the turging the soviet historiography of the history of the establishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernizati						
5 Soviet modernization of kazakhs in the context of the problems of education and science. Students receive theoretical knowledge about the material and spiritual culture of Kazakhstan in the Soviet period, as well as consider the theoretical and methodological problems of the genesis of industrialization, collectivization and cultural modernization of Kazakh society during the socialist reconstruction. Expected result: To know: the main components and necessary conditions, goals and sources of Soviet modernization of the Kazakh region; conceptual provisions of Soviet, domestic and foreign historiography on the problems of studying the bistory of the socio-political life of the republic in the conditions of the socialist reconstruction. Expected result: To know: the main components and necessary conditions, goals and sources of Soviet modernization and collectivization in Kazakhstan and the tragic consequences of Soviet modernization of the region; speeches and works of representatives of the social by historiography on the establishment of Soviet power and the instory of Kazakhstan history of Kazakh intelligentsia, party and Soviet leaders of the 20-30s of the two the other the establishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region; to identify conceptual trends in the study of the history of the establishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region; to identify conceptual trends in the study of the history of the establishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region; to identify conceptual trends in the study of the history of the establishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region; to identify conceptual trends in the study of the history of the establishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region; to identify conceptual trends in the study of the history of the establishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region; to ident						
historical processes in various periods of Soviet	5	moderniza tion of	5	history of Kazakhsta n New history of	problems of national	Content: Examines the issues of cultural development of the Kazakhs in the context of the problems of education and science. Students receive theoretical knowledge about the material and spiritual culture of Kazakhstan in the Soviet period, as well as consider the theoretical and methodological problems of the genesis of industrialization, collectivization and cultural modernization of Kazakh society during the socialist reconstruction. Expected result: To know: the main components and necessary conditions, goals and sources of Soviet modernization of the Kazakh region; conceptual provisions of Soviet, domestic and foreign historiography on the problems of studying the history of the socio-political life of the republic in the conditions of the establishment of totalitarianism, analysis of the policy of industrialization and collectivization in Kazakhstan and the tragic consequences of Soviet modernization of the region; scientific results obtained by historiography on the establishment of Soviet power and the "modernization" of the region, speeches and works of representatives of the Kazakh intelligentsia, party and Soviet leaders of the 20-30s of the twentieth century; historical significance of modernization Be able to: to compare the scientific results of research on the establishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region with the works of representatives of the Kazakh intelligentsia, party and Soviet leaders of the 20-30s of the XX century; to trace fundamental changes in methodological approaches to the study of the history of the establishment of Soviet power in Kazakhstan and the "modernization" of the region; to identify conceptual trends in the study of the problems of the to present the historiography of the history of the formation of the USSR and the problems of the repressive policy of the Soviet state; to carry out a comparative analysis of the Soviet historiography of the history of industrialization and collectivization with the domestic and foreign historiograph

6 The history of spiritual culture of the Kazakh people 5 Medieval history of Kazakhstn n 6 Culture of the Kazakh 5 Medieval history of Kazakhstn n						construction; modern approaches to studying and
6 The history of spiritual spiritual spiritual spiritual culture of the Kazakhstn history of spiritual spiritual culture of the Kazakhstn history of Kazakhstn ne history has na history has history has						
6 The history of spiritual culture of the Kazakhsta people 5 Kazakhsta n 6 The history of spiritual culture of the Kazakhsta people 5 Kazakhsta n 6 The history of spiritual culture of the Kazakhsta people 5 Kazakhsta n						1 0
6 Competence: Special competencies 6 Content: Studies the process of development of intellectual and spiritual heritage of the Kazakh, the value of cultural increments and transformations. Considers the main content of the spiritual culture of the ancient period, the ancient Turkic era, the importance of the Muslim, tortacicions and trends of spiritual and cultural processes. 6 Medieval history of kazakhstin people Medieval history of Kazakhstin by Russia in the economic, social, political and spiritual culture of the sacient period, the concept of spiritual culture of the sacient period of the history of kazakhstin people 6 Culture of the Kazakh the people 6 Medieval history of kazakhstin people, to spiritual culture of the spiritual culture of the sake-Usun and ancient Turkic era; the consequences of the consequences of the cultural approtentia culture of the Kazakh, the economic, social, political and spiritual spheres, goals, content, reforms of the spiritual culture of the Kazakh, understanding of the laws of cultural ovolution, the essence and significance of the Muslim factor; unified conceptual approaches to the subtory of the bistory and and secio-cultural appects of manaly the isitory contradictions and trends of spiritual and cultural processes. 7 Modern history of kazakhstin national culture; ideological, moral and secio-cultural appects of the dusting fracture of the Muslim factor; unified conceptual approaches to the subtory of the bistory and evel the main content of the people in the light of civilizational theory, problems national culture in a general historical context; Be able to: analyze the historical and cultural aprocesses, reveal the masenco mitigating of the subtory and						
 6 The history 6 The history 6 The history 6 The history 6 Actual history of kazakhstin kazakhstin people. 5 Medieval history of Kazakhstin n New history of Kazakhstin n New history of kazakhstin n New history of kazakhstin n 1 6 Chazakhstin n 1 1 4 4						·
 6 The history of spiritual spects of history of spiritual spects of nomadism, the peculiarities of the data of the spiritual culture of the anional history of kazakhstin n 6 culture of the Kazakhstin node the spiritual culture of the anional spiritual spects of nomadism, the peculiarities of the cultural aspects of nomadism, the peculiarities of the davelopment of at and mythology of the Sakab-Suan norther and approximation, the peculiarities of the davelopment of an and ancient Turkic era; the consequences of the cultural aspects of nomadism, the peculiarities of the davelopment of at and mythology of the Sakab-Suan norther and ancient Turkic era; the consequences of the conjugest of Kazakhstan in norther and spiritual appress, goals, content, reforms of the Russian government in the field of education "foreigners"; value-semantic content and historicism of the spiritual culture of the Kazakhstan norther and spiritual appress, goals, content, reforms of the Russian government in the field of the bistory and culture of Kazakhstan; nerver and specific features of the cultural aspects of the davelopment of the people in the light of civilizational theory, problems national culture in a general historical context; Be able to: analyze the historical and cultural past, identify contradictions and trends of spiritual and cultural processes, reveal the essence of Kazakh enlight the ideological, moral and socio-cultural aspects of the Kazakh national culture in a general bistorical context; Be able to: analyze the history and culture to the fide of the spiritual culture in a general bistorical context; Be able to: analyze the history and culture in a general bistorical context; Be able to: analyze the history and culture in a general bistorical context; Be able to: analyze the history and culture to highli						
Islamization, to assess the importance of the Muslim	6	of spiritual culture of the Kazakh	5	history of Kazakhstn New history of Kazakhstn Modern history of Kazakhsta	problems of national	expanded or in-depth knowledge; conducting scientific discussion; research work. Competence: Special competencies Content: Studies the process of development of intellectual and spiritual heritage of the Kazakhs, the value of cultural increments and transformations. Considers the main content of the spiritual culture of the ancient period, the ancient Turkic era, the importance of the Muslim factor, Kazakh folklore, works of Zhyrau, akyns, biys, musicians, monuments of written literature, cultural heritage of the era of colonialism, contradictions and trends of spiritual and cultural processes. Expected result: To know: the concept of spiritual culture and structure, the main content of spiritual culture of the accient period of the history of the Kazakh people, to have an idea of the cultural aspects of nomadism, the peculiarities of the development of art and mythology of the Sako-Usun and ancient Turkic era; the consequences of the conquest of Kazakhstan by Russia in the economic, social, political and spiritual spheres, goals, content, reforms of the Russian government in the field of education "foreigners"; value-semantic content and historicism of the spiritual culture of the Kazakh, understanding of the kazakh tational culture; ideological, moral and socio-cultural aspects of Islamization, the role and significance of the Muslim factor; unified conceptual approaches to the study of the history and culture of Kazakhstan; general historical context; Be able to: analyze the historical and cultural past, identify contradictions and trends of spiritual and cultural processes, reveal the essence of Kazakh the role people, the originality of the Kazakh enlight the ideological, moral and socio-cultural aspects of the spiritual culture of the spiritual culture of the study of the historical and culture in a general historical context; Be able to: analyze the historical and cultural past, identify contradictions and trends of spiritual and cultural processes, reveal the essence of Kazakh enlight the ideolo

					Kazakh Khanate; Own: skills of systemic knowledge of ideological character; knowledge and understanding of the theory and history of Kazakh culture, the origins of the culture of the Kazakh people; achievements of world and Kazakh cultural thought; typology of traditional social, religious, artistic culture of the Kazakhs, skills to master the real picture of the historical and cultural development of the Kazakh people; methods of analysis of modern socio-cultural realities; own the content of the training course, own innovative learning technologies; Competence: Special competencies
6	History of material culture of the Kazakh people	5	Medieval history of Kazakhstn New history of Kazakhstn The recent history of Kazakhsta n	Actual problems of national history	Content: The course forms knowledge about the history of the material culture of the Kazakh people; covers the history of studying the traditional culture of the Kazakh people from the pre-revolutionary period; reveals how the phenomenon of the history of Kazakh culture characterizes the way of constructing a person in the context of national culture; analyzes, compares, and tracks the dynamics of changes, rationality and expediency of the organization of the life of the Kazakh people; Expected result: To know: the history, the main stages and features of the formation of the national culture of the Kazakh people; the main concepts of national culture; a general idea of the features of the material culture of the Kazakh people; the main elements of the material culture of the Kazakh people; the main economic types of material culture and their specifics; the place of Kazakh culture in the world civilizations; Be able to: to identify the common and special in the material culture of the Kazakh people; to correlate traditions and innovations of material culture; to identify current trends in the development of material culture of the Kazakh people; to analyze historical, ethnographic sources and materials, critically evaluate them, navigate the complex world of material culture kazakh people; to classify the types and forms of national culture; a ast of scientific methods for the study of the culture; a set of scientific methods for the study of the material culture of the Kazakh people; to classify the types and forms of national culture; a set of scientific methods for the study of the material culture of the Kazakh people; to classify the types and forms of national culture; a set of scientific methods for the study of the material culture of the Kazakh, people; to classify the types and forms of national culture; a set of scientific methods for the study of the material culture of the Kazakh, people; to classify the types and forms of national culture; a set of scientific methods for the study of the mate

7	Actual problems of national history	3	New history of Kazakhstn The recent history of Kazakhsta n	Final certificati on	and historical research of national culture; skills of scientific analysis of historical, ethnic, cultural processes in the history of the Kazakh people; Competence: Special competencies Content: The discipline focuses on solving the problem of reviving national history and historical memory in sovereign Kazakhstan, overcoming previous ideological approaches, rethinking the history of Kazakhstan from the standpoint of objectivity, truthfulness, documentality, from the standpoint of new information sources; focuses on the study and holistic presentation of the key fundamental problems of national history. Expected result: To know: a complete and complete system of knowledge about national history based on the main principles of historical knowledge; modern scientific positions on key problems of national history; current problems of theory and practice in the field of history; types and types of source studies and historiographical research; the essence and features of modern methodological approaches and paradigms, modern concepts of the development of the world historical process; the main stages of studying the history of Kazakhstan and the modern historiographical situation; Be able to: to use the categorical and conceptual apparatus of science, apply theoretical knowledge in the analysis of specific historical science; analyze the totality of historical approaches to the study of fundamental problems and categories of modern historical science; analyze the totality of historical approaches to the study of fundamental problems and categories of modern historical science; analyze the general and special in national history; determine the place of the history of the Kazakh people and nomadic civilization in the world-historical process; to show the organic interrelation of the regional and world historical process; so show the organic interrelation of the regional and world historical process; so show the organic interrelation of the regional and world historical process; so show the organic interrelation of t
					the organic interrelation of the regional and world historical process; Possess: skills of analysis, comprehension and modern interpretation of actual problems of national history;
	Current	3	The	Final	Competence: Special competencies Content: The content of the discipline is aimed at the
7	problems of	5	history of		formation of a holistic modern scientific

World history	the	on	understanding of the most pressing problems of
	countries	on	universal history, the assimilation of the modern
	of the East		conceptual apparatus of historical science; the study of
	and West		the main trends in the development of modern
	in modern		historical science, scientific interpretations of the most
	times		important phenomena and events of universal history;
	The		the assimilation of current theoretical and
	history of		methodological approaches in relation to the study of
	the		specific historical issues.
	countries		Expected result:
	of the East		To know:
	and West		important nodal problems of the world history of
	in modern		foreign countries of the West and East; the processes
	times		of the formation of an industrial society and the
			formation of the integrity of European civilization; the
			problems of transition to the "kingdom of reason"
			(socio-political revolutions of the XVII-XVIII conturies in European and North American history);
			centuries in European and North American history); the development of the spiritual world of man on the
			threshold of transition to an industrial society; the
			main trends in the development of world history in the
			nineteenth century, the creation of an industrial
			society, colonial expansion; the place of the twentieth
			century in the world-historical process; the crisis of
			modern civilization, its manifestations and the search
			for ways of development; a new level of historical
			synthesis; globalization of history, structural and
			technological restructuring, the development of a
			multipolar system of international relations,
			aggravation of world problems.
			Be able to:
			to understand the general course of the historical
			development of the countries of Europe and America
			in the twentieth century; to orient oneself in concrete historical processes and their country-specific
			specifics; to explain problem-theoretical and
			methodological issues; to master the main directions
			of modern domestic and foreign historiography; to
			independently pose a research problem; to select
			material characterizing the actual problems of world
			history; transform information into knowledge,
			comprehend processes, events and phenomena in their
			dynamics and interrelation, guided by the principles of
			scientific objectivity and historicism; apply
			knowledge about factors and models of historical
			development to explain current problems and trends in
			the development of world civilizations;
			Own:
			terminology in the discipline; knowledge of sources in
			the discipline; technologies, methods and techniques
			for analyzing the historiography of world history;
			skills for research work: the ability to make messages,
			reports, write reviews; conceptual and categorical apparatus of historical science, competently reproduce
		I	apparatus of instorical science, competently reproduce

					scientific information about the subject of study, to
					trace cause-and-effect relationships of historical events and processes, to identify the main trends of social development, to determine their specifics, to give an objective assessment taking into account the latest achievements of modern historiography. Competence: Special competencies
8	History of socio- economic development of the Semipalatins k Priirtyshye	3	New history of Kazakhstn The recent history of Kazakhsta n	Final certificati on	Content: The study of the history of socio-economic development of the Semipalatinsk Irtysh region is an integral part of the regional history of East Kazakhstan, which forms students ' understanding of the role and importance of trade and production for the development of Semipalatinsk and the Semipalatinsk region in the 18th and 20th centuries. in administrative-territorial, demographic and socio – economic aspects based on the analysis of a set of historical sources on this discipline. Expected result: To know: the laws of historical and economic development; the main categories and concepts of economic history; the main stages of the history of socio-economic development of the Semipalatinsk Irtysh region; the main facts and phenomena characterizing the integrity of the historical process; the genesis of agriculture, industry, trade, the place of the region in economic development and historically established originality in the economy of the republic; the main patterns of economic development, social policy of the state, historical experience of the most important economic evolution, chronological material; patterns of functioning of the modern economy at the micro and macro levels; the most important achievements and problems in the socio-economic development of the region. Be able to: to identify the main and specific moments of different economic epochs; to identify the characteristic features of the socio-economic development of the region; to compare structural changes in the process of transformation of the mechanisms of socio-economic development; to analyze economically significant problems; to comprehend the processes and phenomena of socio-economic history in their dynamics and interrelation; to apply historical methods to the analysis of economic phenomena; to analyze scientific literature in the areas of socio-economic development; to investigate the peculiarities of the social situation of the population of the region and determine the indicators; Possess:

					technologies for acquiring, using and updating humanitarian, social and economic knowledge; skills of searching and working with historical, economic literature, sources; modern methods of collecting, processing and analyzing economic and social data; modern methods of calculating and analyzing socio-economic indicators characterizing economic processes at the micro and macro levels; analysis and generalization of historical trends in the development of socio-economic processes; methods of comparative analysis when evaluating the results socio-economic development and the influence of historical experience and new factors in the development of countries; skills of elementary analysis of statistical data reflecting the dynamics of the most important economic indicators. Competence: Special competencies
8	Methodologi cal aspects of the study of ethnographic changes in the East Kazakhstan region (1920- 1959)	3	The recent history of Kazakhsta n	Final certificati on	Contents: This course, explaining the demographic situation of the 1920-1959 years of the twentieth century, will teach you to correctly assess the sociopolitical situation in the country, and will also allow you to study the consequences of population growth and decline and draw conclusions. Based on the data of the periodic All-Kazakhstan censuses, the ethnodemographic fluctuations in the population of the region and ethnic changes are analyzed. The social situation in the eastern region during this period is also considered. Expected result: To know: problems of methodology for the study of ethnodemographic processes; research approaches to its study; the main sources of knowledge about the population (censuses, registers, etc.), features of the ethnic composition of the population in the republic and the region, the main types of natural and spatial movement of the population; the ethnodemographic situation in the socio-political situation in the region; varieties of ethnic communities and ethnic processes; features of the functioning of ethnic groups; the history and current state of the East Kazakhstan region, migration processes in East Kazakhstan region; demographic processes; be able to: to characterize the state of the region, country, ethnos in the categories of demographic process; to apply socio-migration, demographic and ethnodemographic data in the historical, economic, historical and cultural context; to apply the acquired knowledge in the field of scientific research and professional activity; to analyze ethno-demographic fluctuations in the population of the region and ethnic changes based on

the data of periodic All-Kazakhstan population censuses; to understand the complex ethnodemographic problems of the republic and the
region that took place during the Soviet period of
development, to give them an expert assessment; to apply the knowledge gained in research and
educational activities, to think systematically,
perceive, generalize, analyze, and present information on ethnodemographic issues in a reasoned manner.
Own:
methods of scientific cognition, methods of research
of ethnodemographic changes; methods of studying the problems of ethnodemographic processes:
comparative —historical analysis of the evolution of
ethnodemographic processes; skills of using
methodological approaches and the theory of ethnodemography, its main categories and concepts to
explain modern ethnodemographic processes;
collection and analysis of ethnodemographic material,
its use for general scientific and applied purposes; skills and skills of independent work on the study of
ethnic and demographic processes; skills of
independent work with sources about the population
of the region; analysis and comprehension of events and phenomena occurring in the region;
argumentation, discussion on key problems of
ethnodemographic processes, compilation of
analytical reviews; systematization and analysis of information about ethnodemographic problems;
compilation of reviews, annotations, abstracts and
bibliography on the subject of research;
Competence: Special competencies

List of elective courses for the educational program 6B01606 - History

year of study- 4 year form of training:full-time Year of receipt 2021 g The name of discipline discipline code № Semester Credits **Basic disciplines** Elective course 1 History of the Ancient World 1 HAW 2215 3 6 History of the Ancient East HAE 2215 Elective course 2 2 Ancient History of Kazakhstan AHK 2216 3 6 Ancient civilizations in world history ACWH 2216 3 Elective course 3

	Archeology Arh 2217			_
	Archaeology Of Kazakhstan	AK2217	3	5
	Elective course 4			
4	Medieval History of Kazakhstan	MHK 2218		_
	History of the Kazakh Khanate	HKK 2218	- 4	5
	Elective course 5			
5	History of the Middle Ages	HMA 2219	- 4	_
	History of the Middle Ages of Europe	HMAE 2219		5
	Elective course 6			
6	Auxiliary historical disciplines	AHD 2220	- 4	
	Historical geography	HG 2220		5
	Elective course 7			
7	Basics of museology and archival studies	BMAS 2221		
	History of museums in the world	HMW 2221	- 4	5
	Elective course 8			
8	Fundamentals of scientific research	FSR 3222	- 5	5
	History and methodology of science	HMS 3222	5	5
	Elective course 9			
9	The history of the countries of the East and West in modern times	HCEWMT3224	5	5
	History of Asia and Africa in modern times	HAAMT3224		
	Elective course 10			
10	The New History of Kazakhstan	NHK 3223		
10	Current problems of Kazakhstan a new period of history CPKNPH 3223		5	5
	Elective course 11			
11	The history of the countries of the East and West in modern times	HCEWMT 3225	6	4
	Modern history of Asia and Africa	MHAA3225		
	Elective course 12			
12	The recent history of Kazakhstan	RHK 3226		5
	Actual problems of modern history of Kazakhstan	APMHK 3226	- 6	
	Elective course 13			
13	Historiography and source study of the history of Kazakhstan	SSHHK4228	7	5
	Source studies and historiography	SSH4228		
	Elective course 14			
14	The Republic of Kazakhstan in the world community	RKWC 4229	_ 7	5
	History of Independent Kazakhstan	THIK 4229		-

	Major disciplines			
	Elective course 1			
1	Criteria-based assessment and technologies in history	CBATH 3305	6	6
	IT in history training	ITHT 3305		
	Elective course 2			
2	Modern course of history in the secondary education system	MCHSES 3306	6	6
	Modern model of historical education	MMHE 3306		
	Elective course 3			
3	Nomadism in the context of world history	NCWH 4307	7	5
	Nomadic civilization of the Kazakhs	NCK 4307		
	Elective course 4			
4	Historical destinies of the Kazakh Diaspora	HDKD 4308	- 7	5
	History of the Turkic peoples	HTP 4308		5
	Elective course 5			
5	Cultural modernization of Soviet Kazakhstan (20- 80-ies of XX Century)	CMSK 4309	7	5
	Soviet modernization of Kazakhstan	SMK 4309		
	Elective course 6			
6	The history of spiritual culture of the Kazakh people	HSCKP 4310	7	
	History of material culture of the Kazakh people	HMCKP 4310		5
	Elective course 7			
7	Actual problems of national history	APNK 4311	- 8	
	Actual problems of world history	APWH 4311		4
	Elective course 8			
8	History of socio-economic development of the Semipalatinsk Priirtyshye	HSEDSP 4312	8	
0	Methodological aspects of the study of ethnographic changes in the East Kazakhstan region (1920-1959)	MASEChEKR 4312		4