# EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION "ALIKHAN BOKEIKHAN UNIVERSITY"

### **Humanitarian Faculty Department of Philology**

## PROGRAM GROUP B017 - TRAINING OF TEACHERS OF RUSSIAN LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

### **EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM**

6B01733 - Russian language and literature in schools with Russian and non-Russian languages of instruction (IP)

(on the basis of secondary special education)

Form of education - full-time

# CATALOGUE OF ELECTIVE DISCIPLINES

Year of admission – 2024

# **Semey, 2024**

Reviewed and approved at a meeting of the educational and methodological council of the faculty

Minutes No. 5 of 24.05.2024
Approved at a meeting of the Educational and Methodological Council of the University Protocol No. <u>5</u> dated 28.05.2024
Awarded degree: Bachelor of Education in Educational Program 6B01733 - Russian language and literature in schools with Russian and non-

Nº EC	Name of discipline	Num ber of credi ts (EC TS)	Prerequisites –	Postrequisite s	Brief description indicating the purpose of the study, summary and expected results of the study
			BASIC DISCIPLINES		
1.	World Literature and Culture I (Antiquity - the beginning of the 21st century)	4	School literature course	Russian Literature (1st half), 20th century Russian Literature (2nd half), Modern Russian Literature (beginning of the 21st century) Theory and practice of teaching Russian literature. "World Literature and Culture 2 (Antiquity- the beginning of the 21st century", Classical Russian literature (19th century), 20th century Russian Literature (1st half), 20th century Russian Literature (2nd half), Modern Russian literature (beginning of the 21st century) Theory and practice of teaching Russian literature	Brief description: The discipline forms an idea of the holistic picture of the world artistic process and the place of Russian literature and art in it. Promotes understanding of the aesthetic and educational potential of works of world fiction and its connection with culture. Develops knowledge of key stages in the development of world literature and culture.  Expected results:  To know:  - to present a holistic picture of the world artistic process and the place of Russian literature and art in it;  - to understand the aesthetic and educational potential of works of world fiction and its connection with culture;  - demonstrate knowledge of key stages in the development of world literature and culture;  - basic concepts and terms of the discipline, theoretical foundations of a cultural approach to teaching literature at school;  Be able to:  - be able to use scientific methods of analyzing a literary text in a specific research context;  - to use the most effective methods and techniques for studying and analyzing works of art;  - to use terminology, to understand the specific means of expression of each literary period;  - apply your theoretical

1.	Mythology and World Literature I (Ancient literature - the beginning of the 21st century)	4	School literature course	Mythology and World Literature II (Ancient literature - the beginning of the 21st century) Russian Literature (19th century), Russian literature of the 20th century (1st half), Russian literature of the 20th century (2nd half), Modern Russian literature (early 21st century) Theory and practice of teaching Russian literature	knowledge according to the needs of the school;  to use the material studied in educational and pedagogical activities  Possess skills:  possess the aesthetic concepts and terms necessary for philological analysis, the methodology of a concrete historical and structural approach to artistic creation;  work with scientific literature on the subject;  analysis and generalization of historical, cultural and literary material;  public speaking with the protection of the results of their educational and research work.  collection and analysis of linguistic and literary facts using traditional methods and modern information technologies;  analysis of a literary text of various levels of complexity.  Brief description: The discipline forms an awareness of the importance of literary and historical processes from mythology to modern world literature. Develops an understanding of the main provisions and concepts in the field of knowledge of mythology, cultural studies, history and world literature; methods and directions in the work of writers of the designated period; possession of the conceptual and terminological apparatus of literary criticism. The ability to educate a creative reader and a
					of literary criticism. The ability to educate a

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2.	World Literature and	5	School literature course	Russian Literature (1st	generic and genre forms, style, artistic method); -the history of the development of ancient literature, the main genres, authors and works, terminology, the main scientific concepts related to the development of ancient literature;  Be able to: - to review the historical, current state and prospects for the development of mythology and literature; -to collect and analyze historical and literary facts using traditional methods and modern information technologies; - to comment on the texts of myths and world fiction from the point of view of literary, historical and cultural analysis; -apply knowledge of mythology and world literature when teaching literature at school; - to make a comparative analysis of Slavic and world mythology from a literary, historical and cultural point of view  Possess: the skills of literary analysis and interpretation of the text, bibliographic search and description, historical and literary interpretation of what was read.  Brief description: The
	Culture II (Antiquity - the beginning of the 21st century)	5	School include Course	half), 20th century Russian Literature (2nd half), Modern Russian Literature (beginning of the 21st century) Theory and practice of teaching Russian literature. "World Literature and Culture 2 (Antiquity- the beginning of the 21st century", Classical Russian literature (19th century), 20th century Russian Literature (1st half), 20th century Russian Literature (2nd half), Modern Russian literature (beginning of	discipline forms an idea of the holistic picture of the world artistic process and the place of Russian literature and art in it. Promotes understanding of the aesthetic and educational potential of works of world fiction and its connection with culture. Develops knowledge of key stages in the development of world literature and culture.  Expected results:  To know:  to present a holistic picture of the world artistic process and the place of Russian literature and art

			the 21st century)	in it;
			Theory and practice of	- to understand the
			teaching Russian	aesthetic and educational
			literature	potential of works of world
				fiction and its connection
				with culture;
				- demonstrate knowledge
				of key stages in the
				development of world
				literature and culture;
				1
				- basic concepts and terms
				of the discipline,
				theoretical foundations of a
				cultural approach to
				teaching literature at
				school;
				Be able to:
				- be able to use scientific
				methods of analyzing a
				literary text in a specific
				research context;
				- to use the most effective
				methods and techniques
				for studying and analyzing
				works of art;
				- to use terminology, to
				understand the specific
				means of expression of
				each literary period;
				- apply your theoretical
				knowledge according to
				the needs of the school;
				- to use the material
				studied in educational and
				pedagogical activities
				Possess skills:
				- possess the aesthetic
				concepts and terms
				necessary for philological
				analysis, the methodology
				of a concrete historical and
				structural approach to
				artistic creation;
				- work with scientific
				literature on the subject;
				- analysis and
				generalization of historical,
				cultural and literary
				material;
				- public speaking with the
				protection of the results of
				their educational and
				research work.
				- collection and analysis of
				linguistic and literary facts
				using traditional methods
				and modern information
				technologies;
				- analysis of a literary text
				of various levels of
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				complexity.
2. Mythology and World	5	School literature course	Mythology and World	complexity. <b>Brief description:</b> The

Literature II (Ancient	Literature II (Ancient	discipline forms an
literature - the beginning	literature - the	awareness of the
of the 21st century)	beginning of the 21st	importance of literary and
	century)	historical processes from
	Russian Literature	mythology to modern
	(19th century),	world literature. Develops
	Russian literature of	an understanding of the
	the 20th century (1st half), Russian literature	main provisions and concepts in the field of
	of the 20th century	knowledge of mythology,
	(2nd half), Modern	cultural studies, history
	Russian literature	and world literature;
	(early 21st century)	methods and directions in
	Theory and practice of	the work of writers of the
	teaching Russian	designated period;
	literature	possession of the
		conceptual and
		terminological apparatus
		of literary criticism. The
		ability to educate a
		creative reader and a
		connoisseur of world
		literature and culture who
		understands the
		importance of reading
		literary material as an
		intercultural dialogue. <b>To know:</b>
		-general patterns of literary
		development (formation of
		generic and genre forms,
		style, artistic method);
		-the history of the
		development of ancient
		literature, the main genres,
		authors and works,
		terminology, the main
		scientific concepts related
		to the development of
		ancient literature; <b>Be able to:</b>
		- to review the historical,
		current state and prospects
		for the development of
		mythology and literature;
		-to collect and analyze
		historical and literary facts
		using traditional methods
		and modern information
		technologies;
		- to comment on the texts
		of myths and world fiction
		from the point of view of
		literary, historical and
		cultural analysis;
		-apply knowledge of mythology and world
		mythology and world literature when teaching
		literature at school;
		- to make a comparative
		analysis of Slavic and
		world mythology from a
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					literary, historical and
					cultural point of view
					<b>Possess:</b> the skills of
					literary analysis and
					interpretation of the text,
					bibliographic search and
					description, historical and literary interpretation of
					what was read.
3.	Modeling of Russian	5	The science of	Assessment and	Brief description: The
	language and literature		education and key	development	course is aimed at
	lessons		learning theories	1	familiarizing with the most
				Pedagogical practice	effective technologies and
			Pedagogical practice	"Pedagogical	methods for developing
			"Introduction to the	approaches"	Russian language and
			teaching profession"	December describeration	literature lessons at school.
			Teaching methods and	Research, development and innovation	Future teachers are proficient in modern
			technologies	unu mnovation	technologies and methods
				Theory and practice of	of modeling Russian
				improving Russian	language and literature
				literature	lessons. They have the
					skills to work with
				Pedagogical practice	additional methodological
				"Research and	literature and didactic
				innovation in education"	materials.  Expected results:
				Education	To know:
					-patterns of the learning
					process in literature;
					-the main directions and
					prospects for the
					development of education
					and methodological
					science; -patterns of literary
					development of students;
					-modern concepts of
					literary education
					-key problems of the
					methodology of teaching
					literature: the history of the
					development of science; the relationship of
					perception and analysis of
					a literary work; the study
					of literature in the specifics
					of the genus and genre;
					-the specifics of students'
					speech activity, questions
					of the history and theory of literature in the school
					course, features of
					extracurricular reading
					lessons, modern
					approaches to the lesson
					and other organizational
					forms of classes;
					- learning tools and their
					didactic capabilities; - theoretical foundations of
					modern literary science;
		<u> </u>	1		modern merary science,

3.	Digital technologies in the practice of a teacher of Russian language and literature	5	The science of education and key learning theories  Pedagogical practice "Introduction to the teaching profession"  Teaching methods and technologies	Assessment and development  Pedagogical practice "Pedagogical approaches"  Research, development and innovation  Theory and practice of improving Russian literature  Pedagogical practice "Research and	-methods of literary text analysis.  Be able to: - plan and develop the stages of the Russian language and literature lesson; - to apply modern technologies and techniques in the development of Russian language and literature lessons, as well as for the implementation of research and project activities; - simulate Russian language and literature lessons  Own: - skills of philological characterization of works of Russian literature; -a system of subject, psychological, pedagogical and methodological knowledge; - skills of generating new pedagogical ideas and critical thinking; - the main methods and techniques of teaching literature in schools with a non-Russian language of instruction; -possess organizational skills, show high executive discipline.  Brief description: The course is aimed at familiarizing with the most effective technologies and methods for developing Russian language and literature lessons at school. Future teachers are proficient in modern technologies and methods of modeling Russian language and literature lessons. They have the skills to work with additional methodological literature and didactic
				Pedagogical practice	skills to work with additional methodological

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					learning process; - features of creating presentations using online and offline services.  Be able to: -to choose ICT tools in accordance with the requirements for the conditions of use in teaching the Russian language and literature; -plan and create electronic educational resources for students; -to organize the process of distance learning of the Russian language and literature; -use the teacher's methodological and reference information portals.  own: - the methodology of using ICT in the subject area; - skills in the development of pedagogical technologies based on the use of ICT; - skills of generating new pedagogical ideas and
					critical thinking.
			Core disciplines		
		Se	lectable Components	(CV)	
1.	Introduction to linguistics	5	School course of Russian language	Lexical system of the Russian language, Morphological system of the Russian language and word formation, Historical grammar and history of the Russian literary language, Historical commentary on the facts of the Russian language, Comparative grammar of Russian and Kazakh languages, Comparative grammar of languages with different structures.	Brief description: Studies the main sections of linguistics, trends and directions of development of world and domestic linguistics at the present stage; concepts and terms of linguistics; language as a system of signs and a level system, the structure of language, its basic units, their paradigmatic and syntagmatic properties, grammatical and syntactic categories, writing, genealogical and typological classification of languages; mechanisms of development and functioning language.  Expected results:  know:  - basic theoretical provisions on the sections of language (phonetics, lexicology, grammar), the

	system organization of
	language and types of
	relations in the language
	system;
	- questions of language
	theory (language and
	speech, language and society, language and
	society, language and thinking, language and
	culture);
	- classifications of the
	languages of the world, the
	main typologically
	relevant parameters of the
	Russian language; the
	relationship of linguistics
	with other sciences;
	linguistic traditions in the
	history of linguistics;
	- modern linguistic
	disciplines and their
	problems, cognitive, social and symbolic nature of
	language.
	be able to:
	- analyze and
	professionally interpret
	linguistic facts of different
	language levels;
	- characterize languages
	and determine their place
	in different classifications;
	- apply theoretical
	information and linguistic
	terms in the analysis of linguistic phenomena and
	facts;
	- competently comment on
	examples representing a
	variety of linguistic
	phenomena;
	- to describe the features of
	the Russian language in
	comparison with other
	Indo-European languages;
	- identify grammatical
	elements of various
	subsystems in the text; - to characterize the main
	theoretical issues, as well
	as the external and internal
	laws of language
	development;
	- summarize information,
	argue your own opinion
	and formulate specific
	conclusions.
	own:
	- the basic terms and
	theoretical foundations of
	this course;
	- ways of describing the

					main sections of the Russian language, skills of professional analysis of linguistic facts and phenomena, taking into account different approaches, - skills in transcribing individual words and text, - skills of oral and written speech using basic linguistic terms, - skills of comparative analysis of linguistic facts, - skills in working with sources of scientific and educational information, with linguistic dictionaries. Competencies: special
1.	Fundamentals of Linguistics	5	School course of Russian language	Lexical system of the Russian language, Morphological system of the Russian language and word formation, Historical grammar and history of the Russian literary language, Historical commentary on the facts of the Russian language, Comparative grammar of Russian and Kazakh languages, Comparative grammar of languages with different structures.	Brief description: Introduces the basic theories of linguistics, provides detailed information about the past history of linguistics, its current state, future tasks, solved and unresolved problems. Analyzes and explains new and emerging special methods and techniques used in the history of linguistics. Defines the place of linguistics in other social and technical sciences, their relationship with them. Introduces scientists and schools of linguistics who have contributed to the development of linguistics.  Expected results: know: - the subject and object of linguistics, the purpose and objectives of general linguistics; - the essence of language as a sign system, the system and structure of the language, the main and intermediate tiers of the language, the main tiers; - the main typologically relevant parameters of the Russian language, the place of linguistics in other sciences, their interrelation; - theoretical aspects of linguistics (language and

			society, language and
			thinking, language and
			speech, language and
			culture);
			- the history of linguistic
			studies (scientists and
			linguistic schools that have
			contributed to the
			development of
			linguistics), the directions
			of modern linguistics, their
			general provisions and
			problems (promising tasks,
			solved and unresolved
			linguistic problems);
			- basic terminology;
			- modern methods of
			linguistic research.
			be able to:
			- distinguish between the
			concepts of system and
			structure,
			- to characterize
			syntagmatic and
			paradigmatic relations,
			basic units of language,
			features of the main
			language tiers;
			- correlate language and
			speech; language and
			society;
			- use the conceptual
			apparatus correctly; - to describe the features of
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			against the background of
			the languages of the world
			as a whole, to be aware of
			the variety of varieties of
			language (literary norms,
			dialects, vernacular,
			colloquial speech), to
			identify grammatical
			elements of various
			subsystems in the text;
			- apply methods of
			obtaining and processing
			information;
			- to summarize educational
			and scientific information,
			- compare the positions of
			scientists, substantiate their
			own opinions and
			formulate conclusions.
			own:
			- modern scientific
			methods of language
			analysis and methods of
			describing phonetics,
			morphology, syntax,
			lexicology of the Russian
			language, pragmatics of
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2.	Introduction to Literary Studies	5	School literature course	Classical Russian literature (19th century), Classical Russian literature of the 20th century (1st half), Classical Russian literature of the 20th century (2nd half), Modern Russian literature (early 21st century)  Linguistic and cultural analysis of the text, Philological analysis of a literary text  Hermeneutical analysis of a literary text	the use of linguistic means; - skills in analyzing linguistic facts taking into account different approaches, - oral and written language skills using linguistic terms, - skills in working with educational, scientific and reference literature. Competencies: special.  Brief description: In the process of familiarization with the discipline, the artistic features of literature, a work of fiction as a whole, versification, problems of unity of theme and idea, composition and plot, the language of the work, the basics of poetry are studied. The place of literary criticism in the system of other scientific disciplines, the connection between literature and aesthetics, the concept of the art of the word, the stages of formation and development of literary criticism, literary criticism, literary and aesthetic thought, the history of the development of fiction, the artistic image, types and ways of
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					Be able to:
					- to search for and select
					information necessary to
					solve a specific cognitive
					task;
					- analyze a literary work as
					an artistic and aesthetic
					phenomenon;
					- to operate with
					knowledge about the
					poetics of a work, genre, kind;
					- to consider a literary
					work in the aspect of kind
					and genre;
					- analyze a literary text in a
					biographical, historical, literary context;
					- to use a terminological
					apparatus for the
					description, analysis and
					interpretation of a literary
					text;
					- distinguish between the
					main systems of versification and determine
					the rhythmic pattern of the
					verse;
					- select information
					resources to support the
					educational process;
					-engage in joint activities
					with members of your
					group;
					-organize subgroups of
					students in their group to
					master their experience of interaction in solving the
					proposed educational
					tasks;
					Possess:
					– a system of knowledge
					of a theoretical and literary
					nature that can be used to
					solve educational problems
					in the relevant professional
					field; –methods of literary
					<ul><li>–methods of literary analysis and interpretation</li></ul>
					of literary texts of various
					genres
2.	The basics of literary	5	School literature course	Classical Russian	Brief description: The
	criticism			literature (19th	discipline is aimed at the
				century), Classical	formation of knowledge
				Russian literature of	about fiction as an art
				the 20th century (1st	form. The content and
				half), Classical	form of a literary work,
				Russian literature of	categories of content,
				the 20th century (2nd half), Modern Russian	categories of artistic form, typology of a literary
				literature (early 21st	subject are considered. It
				century)	teaches to understand the
	I	l	I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	teaches to understand the

problems of artistic space Linguistic and cultural and artistic time, analysis of the text, generic features Philological analysis literature and the stadiality of a literary text of the literary process. **Expected results:** Hermeneutical analysis To know: of a literary text - basic and special terms and conceptual apparatus in the field of theory and history of literature, philological analysis and interpretation of the text; - the main stages of the history and patterns of development of domestic and foreign literature. Be able to: -draw up a general work plan in the field of theory and history of the main language being studied (languages) and literature (literatures), theory communication, philological analysis and interpretation of the text; - to choose research methods and methods of processing the results, to conduct local research according to a plan agreed with the head in the field of theory and history of the main studied language(s) and literature (literatures), communication theory, philological analysis and interpretation of the text. - to study literary texts on the basis of theoreticalliterary and historicalliterary categorical analysis, to conduct a comparative analysis of literature in the context of world literature and the general development of the literary process. Own: basic methods and special methodology and techniques in the field of theory and history of the main studied language(s) and literature(s), theory of communication, philological analysis and interpretation of the text;

					- in-depth knowledge in the chosen field of study, special professional skills in conducting research in the field of theory and history of the main studied language(s) and literature(s), theory of communication, philological analysis and interpretation of the text; - methods of philological hermeneutics and philological source studies.
3.	Fundamentals of ethnolinguistics	4	Cultural studies Psychology	Linguistic and cultural analysis of the text	Brief description: The discipline promotes the mastery of skills in operating with the basic concepts and terms of ethnolinguistics; practical skills in analyzing ethnocultural stereotypes of speech and non-speech behavior; skills in ethnolinguistic interpretation of facts of the Russian and Kazakh languages. Teaches you to use the facts of ethnolinguistics in the practice of teaching the Russian language.  Expected results: know:  - the relationship between the concepts of "language" and "ethnicity", "language" and "culture";  - the ethnic identity of the languages of the world;  - the origin of the language is the proto—language and prakulture. be able to: -to operate with the basic concepts and terms of ethnolinguistics; -to make an etymological analysis of the facts of the Russian and Kazakh languages and enthnolinguistic interpretation of linguistic facts; - to conduct ethnolinguistic observations within the framework of the Russian and Kazakh languages and cultures.  Own: - etymological analysis of

					the facts of language; - ethnolinguistic interpretation of linguistic facts.
3.	Psycholinguistics	4	Cultural studies Psychology	Linguistic and cultural analysis of the text	Brief description: The discipline teaches to operate with the basic concepts and terms of psycholinguistics, to model speech processes in real communication conditions, to conduct a psycholinguistic analysis of the processes of speech generation and perception, to analyze the difficulties of language development in various contexts of human activity, to use the facts of psycholinguistics taking into account modern ideas about speech development.  Expected results: To know:  - basic issues of speech activity and language ability in the context of various psycholinguistic approaches and schools;  - psycholinguistic methods and techniques;  - methodological aspects of psycholinguistic research.  Be able to:  -to operate with the basic concepts and terms of psycholinguistics;  -simulate speech processes in real communication conditions;  -to conduct a psycholinguistic analysis of the processes of speech generation and perception;  - analyze the difficulties of language development in various contexts of human activity;  - to use the facts of psycholinguistics, taking into account modern ideas about speech development.  Own:  - basic psycholinguistic methods and specific techniques.  Competencies: special
4.	Modern educational	4	Methods and	Modeling of Russian	Brief description: The
	technologies in a		technologies of	language and literature	discipline promotes

	Annahing des Deserts	1	overage of the
multicultural environment	teaching the Russian language,	lessons	awareness of the specifics of teaching Russian
	Theory and practice of		language and literature to
	teaching Russian		children for whom Russian
	literature		is not their native
			language. It forms an idea
			of the current situation of
			the Russian language and
			the peculiarities of its
			teaching in a modern
			Kazakh multicultural
			school, which is advisable
			for strengthening
			intercultural
			communication. Develops
			skills in using the basics of traditional methods of
			traditional methods of teaching Russian in a
			national school;
			contributes to
			understanding the
			language situation in
			Kazakhstan; teaches the
			principles of building
			modern programs,
			textbooks on the Russian
			language and literature in
			Kazakhstan.
			Expected results:
			To know:
			- methodological techniques and approaches
			used in textbooks, taking
			into account their
			effectiveness and
			pedagogical expediency;
			Be able to:
			- to make a methodical
			analysis of Kazakh
			textbooks on the Russian
			language and literature; - to create methodological
			materials for conducting
			educational and
			extracurricular work on the
			Russian language and
			literature for schools with
			a non-Russian language of
			instruction;
			- to conduct educational
			classes and extracurricular activities in the Russian
			language and literature in
			educational institutions;
			- to structure the
			educational material,
			create curricula and select
			appropriate methods and
			materials to achieve
			educational goals.
			Own: - skills in developing
			- skills in developing

					methodological materials
					that can be used in various
					educational situations, both
					inside and outside the
					classroom;
					- skills to convincingly
					demonstrate the
					compliance of the created
					materials with the
					educational requirements
					and objectives of the
					curriculum.
					Competencies: special
4.	Modern reading strategies	4	Methods and	Modeling of Russian	Brief description:
		-	technologies of	language and literature	Develops an understanding
			teaching the Russian	lessons	of reading as a universal
			language,	16550115	learning skill, a way of
			Theory and practice of		working with information
			teaching Russian		and a means of educating
			literature		and developing students.
			Incruture		Mastering modern
					educational technologies
					as a way to improve the
					reading culture of students;
					skills of analysis,
					comprehension and
					interpretation of
					information in the process
					of reading artistic,
					educational, scientific-
					cognitive, scientific texts
					in all academic subjects;
					the ability to solve
					educational-cognitive and
					educational-practical tasks
					that require a complete and
					critical understanding of
					the text.
					Expected results:
					To know:
					- modern strategies for
					reading and understanding
					texts of different speech
					styles and on different
					information media;
					- basic classifications and
					the basics of grouping
					strategies for reading and
					understanding texts of
					various speech styles.
					Be able to:
					-use modern strategies for
					reading, understanding and
					interpreting artistic,
					educational, scientific,
					cognitive, scientific texts;
					Russian Russian language
					and literature - to organize
					the work of students with
					sources of educational
					information in the process
	l			<u> </u>	of teaching Russian

					language and Russian literature, taking into account the basics of semantic reading; -convert and interpret text; Russian -to monitor the formation of reading literacy among students when teaching the Russian language and literature Own: - teaching techniques for intellectual and formalized ways of working with texts of different styles. Competencies: special
5.	Business communication culture: current trends	4	Psychology in education and concepts of interaction and communication	Speech culture and style Rhetoric and the basics of speechwriting	Brief description: The course is aimed at understanding the importance of language as a means of communication and interaction of people in society. The course develops skills for assessing sociopsychological and socioethical situations, compliance with the norms of the Russian language in the oral and written business sphere of communication, logically and stylistically justified presentation of thoughts in the process of oral and written communication.  Expected results:  To know:  - features of the language of business communication, stylistic and linguistic norms of scientific and official business style, the basics of composing, formatting and editing scientific and official business texts, features of communicative strategies and tactics in scientific and business spheres of professional activity.  Be able to:  - to carry out professional communication in compliance with the norms and rules of business communication in compliance with the norms and rules of business communication in Russian;  - to transmit information orally and in writing in compliance with the requirements of the culture

					of speech;
					- to defend your point of view in a reasoned manner in the correct form;
					- use basic communication techniques and techniques,
					including in professional situations.
					Own:
					- skills in using modern principles of
					communication in professional activities.
	The Metalanguage of	1	Kazakh languago	Pasaarch davalanment	Competencies: special
5.	The Metalanguage of science and academic writing	4	Kazakh language, English language	Research, development and innovation Final certification	Brief description: Forms an understanding of the features and possibilities of using different genres of written academic discourse. It helps to master the basic principles of written communication in an academic environment. Develops the ability to create written academic texts on philological subjects in Russian; mastery of the basic techniques of reading scientific texts and preparing educational research texts.  Expected results: To know: -basic concepts, types, forms and functions of academic communication; - various methods and methods of collecting, processing and storing information; - features of scientific style and ways of implementation in the field of educational and scientific academic communication; - the main genre varieties of academic communication, models and strategies of verbal
					and non-verbal communicative behavior in
					the academic environment, including ways to
					implement communicative intentions;
					<b>Be able to:</b> - demonstrate knowledge
					of the peculiarities of scientific discourse,
					different genres of written

6.	Hermeneutical analysis of a literary text	4	Introduction to Literary Studies The basics of literary criticism	Linguistic and cultural analysis of the text Philological analysis of the musical text Pedagogical practice " Research and innovation in education	academic discourse; - to improve the methodology of working with philological and methodological literature, including information retrieval and analytical processing of scientific texts in the modern information space; -create and edit professional written texts of various types and genres in Russian; - clearly, logically and argumentatively present in Russian in writing in various genre forms their knowledge, research results and critical assessment; - apply the acquired knowledge when creating educational research papers in a written format.  Own: - communicative, linguistic and intercultural competencies: special  Brief description: The course is designed to develop the skills of analyzing literary works in a broad socio-cultural context. Future teachers are familiar with the main aspects of hermeneutics as the science of understanding a literary text and the hermeneutic method of analysis and
	a literary text		The basics of literary	Philological analysis of the musical text Pedagogical practice " Research and	develop the skills of analyzing literary works in a broad socio-cultural context. Future teachers are familiar with the main aspects of hermeneutics as the science of understanding a literary text and the hermeneutic

7.	Historical grammar and history of the Russian literary language	6	Introduction to Linguistics  The phonetic system of the Russian language	Final certification	understanding and interpretation, the main historical stages of the formation of hermeneutical theory; - basic techniques of hermeneutical text analysis; - the methodology of the hermeneutical approach to works of art and the theory of literary structuralism.  Be able to: -conduct hermeneutical analysis of literary works; -use the studied concepts and categories to analyze any literary texts; -develop a lesson scenario using hermeneutical text analysis  Own: - the conceptual apparatus of hermeneutics; - the skills of literary analysis of a literary text; - basic skills in collecting linguistic and literary facts. hermeneutical text analysis skills  Competencies: special  Russian language is studied in order to form knowledge about the basic laws of the development of the phonetic system, yocabulary and word
			The lexical system of the Russian language		vocabulary and word formation, the history of the formation of parts of speech, forms, processes of development and folding of the modern syntactic system of the Russian language, the main trends in the development of the language; historical commentary on the phenomena of the modern Russian language.  Expected results: know:  - theoretical foundations of the course: the main processes that occurred in the lexical, phonetic, grammatical system of the Old Russian language;  - the terminological apparatus of the discipline;  - types of ancient Russian written monuments, features of East Slavonisms and Old

Slavonisms; - Proto-Slavic phonetic processes reflected in the Old Russian language; - periods of development of the Russian language, the original layers of the levical composition of the Old Russian language, the original layers of the levical composition of the Old Russian language, - the essence of the comparative historical method and the main issues of the historical development of language in the works of the historical development of language in the works of the historical grammar with other sciences, to find and competently analyze ancient Russian phenomena; - reconstruct ancient forms of works and comment on the facts of the modern Russian language from the perspective of a diachronic approach demand ancient Russian jan understanding of language as a historical phenomenon; - correctly apply terms in the earlysis of historical facts; read and understanding an understanding an understanding an understanding an inchession designation of language and the earlysis of historical facts; read and understand ancient Russian phenomena with similar phenomena with similar phenomena with similar phenomena of languages, and the results of the Russian; - describe the features of the Russian; - describe the features of the Russian language in comparison with other Slavic languages, - to correlate the literary norm with dialectal phenomena colloquialisms.  Own: - the theoretical foundations of the course and the terminological apparatus of the course and the terminological apparatus of the course.		
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Old Russian language;		
- periods of development of the Russian language, the original layers of the lecical composition of the Old Russian language, - the comparative historical method and the main issues of the historical development of language in the work of linguists.  **Bealt to: - to establish the connection of historical grammar with other sciences, to find and comperently analyze ancient Russian phenomena; - reconstruct ancient forms of words and comment on the facts of the modern Russian language from the perspective of a diachronic approach, demonstrating an understanding of language as a historical phenomenom; - correctly apply terms in the analysis of historical facts; read and understand ancient Russian texts; - compare ancient Russian phenomena with similar phenomena with similar phenomena in Old Slavonic and in modern Russian language; - describe the features of the Russian language, in comparison with other Slavic languages, - to correlate the literary form with dialectal phenomena, colloquialisms.  **Own:*  - the theoretical foundations of the course and the terminological apparatus of the course and the terminological apparatus of the course; - the skill of finding and the course and the terminological apparatus of the course.		
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analysis of linguistic facts,		
determining the origin of		
the word,		
- skills in obtaining,		- skills in obtaining,

					processing, analyzing and systematizing information, working with scientific and educational literature, as well as ancient Russian and etymological dictionaries.  Competencies: special
7.	Historical commentary on the facts of the Russian language	6	Introduction to Linguistics  The phonetic system of the Russian language  The lexical system of the Russian language	Final certification	Brief description: The discipline forms skills in applying knowledge of the main stages of the history of the Russian literary language in teaching the Russian language; explaining the origin and nature of the linguistic phenomenon, the use of historical dictionaries, data from published written monuments of different periods of the Russian language.  Expected results:  To know:  - the place of language history topics are included in educational process; Russian language history topics are included in educational and methodical complexes on the Russian language  - the elementary conceptual apparatus of linguistic science; the specifics of linguistic research; the main methods of studying philological sciences  To be able to: Russian Russian - apply knowledge of the main stages of the history of the Russian literary language in teaching the Russian language;  -explain the origin and nature of the linguistic phenomenon, answer questions on the history of the Russian language in a reasoned manner;  -to use historical dictionaries, data from published monuments of writing from different periods of the existence of the Russian language.  Own:  -the skills of conducting historical and linguistic

					commentary on the text; -skills of working with information to solve cognitive, communicative, professional tasks Competencies: special
8.	Linguistic and cultural analysis of the text	4	Introduction to Literary Studies The basics of literary criticism	Pedagogical practice "Research and innovation in education"	Short description: The course introduces linguistic and cultural analysis, identifies the possibilities of its application in the field of text analysis and commentary. A holistic view of the text, the basics of linguoculturology, principles, logic and methods of linguoculturological analysis of the text is being formed.  Expected results: To know: -the main approaches and tools of linguistic and cultural analysis; -principles and schemes of text analysis using lexicography and phraseology data.  Be able to: - to use modern methodologies and technologies in the course of linguistic and cultural analysis of the text; - to explain the mechanisms of artistic and aesthetic nomination, the properties and signs of the textual structure, the consistency of linguistic means, which are ways of formalizing the author's idea; -apply knowledge about linguistic theories of text decoding and the basic concepts of these theories in solving professional tasks; -perform linguistic and cultural analysis of the text; -apply the basic methods and techniques of research and practical work in the field of philology, apply the knowledge gained in practice when solving professional tasks; -perform linguistic and cultural analysis of the text; -apply the basic methods and techniques of research and practical work in the field of philology, apply the knowledge gained in practice when solving professional tasks within the framework of oral and

Brillogical analysis of a   Introduction to Literary   Pedagogical practice   Studies   Theory and practice of teaching Russian   literature   Methodo and technologies of teaching the Russian language   International analysis of a literary text   Brief description: The country of the reaching the Russian language   Theory and practice of teaching the Russian language   Theory and practice of the print text and the text and the methodology of the print text and the text and the methodology of the text as a special form of communication and cultural phenomenon;   Dasign principles of the construction of literary text   The text printing text plans   Theory and practice of a literary text as a unit of the text and their rectaforming capabilities;   Language units of different levels of text and their rectaforming capabilities;   Language units of different levels of text and their rectaforming capabilities;   Language units of different levels of text and their rectaforming capabilities;   Language units of different levels of text and their rectaforming capabilities;   Language units of different levels of text and their rectaforming capabilities;   Language units of different levels of text and their rectaforming capabilities;   Language units of different levels of text and their rectaforming capabilities;   Language units of different levels of text and text an						ı
8. Philological analysis of a literary text  A literary text  A literary text  The basics of literary criticism Theory and practice of teaching Russian literature  Methods and technologies of teaching language  Methods and technologies of teaching language  A language  A language  A literary text an object of linguistic analysis of a literary text. The methodology of linguistic analysis of a literary text. The methodology of linguistic analysis of a literary text. The methodology of linguistic states and price of linguistic analysis of a literary text. Analysis of the picture of the price level. Analysis of the picture of the price level. Analysis of the picture to the price level. Analysis of the picture to the price level. Analysis of the picture to the picture of the text and the methodology of its research, the specifics of the text and the methodology of its research, the specifics of the text and analysis of the picture text. Analysis of the picture to the price levels of the picture of the text and the methodology of its research, the specifics of the text and analysis of a literary text. Analysis of the picture text. Analysis of the picture language.  B literary text and the methodology of the picture language.  B literary text and the methodology of the picture language units of the text as a special form of communication and cultural phenomena and cultural phenomena and cultural phenomena communication and cultural phenomena communication. And continue the picture is text. In a language units of different levels of text and their text-forming capabilities;  - language units of different levels of text and the picture is the picture of the verbalingurarive compositional-thematic plans of a work of art; be able to:  - the text and the methodology of the picture of the verbalingurarive communication and culture the picture of the verbalingurarive.  - I language units of different levels of text and the methodology of a second the picture of the verbalingurarive.  - I language units of different levels of						Own: - methods of interpreting the linguistic data of the text, taking into account social and cultural factors; - methods of linguistic and cultural analysis and commenting on the text.
The basics of literary criticism  Theory and practice of teaching Russian literarure  Methods and technologies of teaching the Russian language  Methods and technologies of the lyrical text. The Analysis of the cyrical text. The Analysis of the cyrical text. The Analysis of the lyrical te	8	Philological analysis of a	1	Introduction to Literary	Pedagogical practice	
that led to the choice of				Studies The basics of literary criticism Theory and practice of teaching Russian literature  Methods and technologies of teaching the Russian	"Research and innovation in	course is designed to form ideas about the linguistic analysis of a literary text. A literary text as an object of linguistic research. Methodology of linguistic analysis of a literary text. The methodology of linguistic analysis. Strategies for understanding a literary text. Analysis of a dramatic work. Analysis of the epic text. Analysis of the lyrical text. The change of aesthetic forms and artistic languages. Expected results:  know:  -the theoretical foundations of the modern communicative theory of the text and the methodology of its research, the specifics of the text as a special form of communication and cultural phenomenon;  - basic principles of the construction of literary texts;  - language units of different levels of text and their text-forming capabilities;  - features and significance of a literary text as a unit of culture;  - the ratio of the verbal-figurative and compositional-thematic plans of a work of art;  be able to:  - scientifically define the concept of "text", indicate

					particular linguistic means;
9.	The Russian language in its functional varieties	5	Practical Russian language course	Pedagogical "Research and innovation in	of the text, -various methods and techniques of philological analysis of texts of different styles and genres; - skills of secondary textual activity (perception, interpretation, understanding of the text). Competencies: special.  Short description: The discipline develops an
			inigauge course	education" practice Final certification	understanding of the theoretical foundations of the stylistics of the modern Russian language; linguistic and extralinguistic features of the functional styles of the modern Russian language. It teaches you to use the stylistic possibilities of language in different areas of communication to solve problems of interpersonal and intercultural interaction.  Expected results:  To know:  - theoretical provisions of the discipline and basic concepts and categories (stylistic norm, stylistic errors, stylistic norm and its variability, stylistic
					resources, functional style, connotation, evaluativeness, emotionality, stylistic synonymy); - the system of functional styles of the Russian

					language and the principles of style classification, genre diversity of styles; - stylistic resources of the Russian language (phonetic stylistics, lexical and phraseological stylistics, stylistic possibilities of word formation, stylistics of parts of speech, stylistics of syntax, stylistics of text).  Be able to: - to transmit information orally and in writing in compliance with the requirements of culture, speech styles and the region; - to carry out a stylistic analysis of statements, texts, taking into account the communicative goals of the author; - use stylistically colored units in different areas of communication, taking into account the nature of the addressee; - create texts of different styles and genres.  Possess skills: - editing the text taking into account the stylistic norms of this style; - determining the style of the text based on the identified language tools; - comparative analysis of texts of different genres and styles; - works with linguistic literature and linguistic dictionaries; - search and systematization of scientific information. Competencies: special
9.	Speech culture and style	5	Practical Russian language course	Pedagogical "Research and innovation in education" practice Final certification	Brief description: The study of pronunciation norms, principles of theoretical stylistics and the practice of stylistic analysis of oral and written texts. The skills of independent recognition of neutral and stylistically colored means of language, the basics of speech culture are being formed. Mastering the

	principles of theoretical
	stylistics and the practice
	of stylistic analysis of oral
	and written texts.
	Expected results:
	know:
	-functional varieties of the
	modern Russian language;
	-the style system of the
	modern Russian literary
	language and its
	intrastructural
	organization;
	-stylistic resources of the
	language and its stylistic
	norms;
	-principles of the
	organization of speech
	means within a certain
	functional and stylistic
	unity;
	- patterns of using
	synonymous ways of
	expression in
	accordance with the
	conditions and goals of
	communication;
	-normative,
	communicative and ethical
	levels of speech culture;
	-spelling, punctuation,
	orthoepic, lexical, etc.
	types
	of norms of the Russian
	literary language;
	-patterns of the
	construction of texts of
	scientific, journalistic,
	artistic, conversational,
	everyday and official
	business styles
	Be able to:
	-to identify the functional
	styles of the Russian
	literary language, to
	recognize their
	features and delimit the
	scope of application, to see
	the possibilities
	of interaction of functional
	styles;
	- to identify the features of
	official business, scientific,
	journalistic, artistic and
	conversational styles;
	own:
	- to master the stylistic
	resources of the language;
	- identify stylistic features
	of the text;
	- identify visual and
	expressive means and be

			T	T	
					able to use them;
					- to give a stylistic
					characterization of
					linguistic units, variants;
					- to carry out a stylistic
					analysis of texts of various
					stylistic affiliation.
					Competencies: special
9.	Rhetoric and the basics of	5	Fundamentals of	Pedagogical	Brief description:
	speechwriting		Linguistics	practice "Research and	This course helps students
				innovation in	to form and develop a
			Business	education"	pedagogical culture of
			communication culture:		communication and is
			current trends	Final certification	aimed at developing the
					skills of future philologists
					in professional preparation
					of texts for public
					speaking. Future teachers
					have the skills of effective
					verbal interaction with a
					mass addressee, as well as
					standard methods for
					creating texts of speeches
					and public delivery of
					prepared speech.
					Expected results:
					To know:
					-principles, methods and
					forms of communication in
					oral and written forms;
					- communication strategies
					and tactics, rhetorical,
					stylistic and linguistic
					norms and techniques
					adopted in various fields of
					communication;
					-principles and methods of
					preparation and editing of
					scientific publications.
					Be able to:
					-create texts of different
					genres and styles, taking
					into account the culture of
					pedagogical
					communication, speech
					conflictology and the
					portrait of the audience;
					-to perform in front of a
					mass audience;
					-analyze and evaluate the
					communication situation,
					the nature of
					communication,
					communicative intentions;
					-apply the rules of rhetoric
					in real speech practice.
					Own:
					- skills that allow the use
					of communication
					strategies and tactics,
					rhetorical, stylistic and
					linguistic norms and
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				techniques adopted in various fields of communication. Competencies: special
10. Difficult spelling and punctuation issues	5	The morphological system of the Russian language and word formation  The lexical system of the Russian language	Pedagogical practice "Research and innovation in education"  Final certification	Brief description: The discipline develops the ability to recognize orthograms and punctograms, teaches how to work with reference material, improves the skills of fluency in the written form of a literary language, develops the ability to structural-semantic, linguistic analysis of the text, develops the ability to choose the most appropriate options for punctuation of written speech, depending on the perception of the text.  Expected results: know: - sections and principles of spelling and punctuation; - spelling options, spelling rule; - conditions for the choice of orthograms, their designation by graphic means; - spelling errors, standards for assessing spelling literacy; - the basic unit of punctuation.  be able to: - find orthograms in words; - to justify the choice of spelling; - to justify the use of punctuation marks; - do punctuation analysis; - to describe the features of the Russian language against the background of other Slavic, Indo-European languages and languages of the world as a whole; - identify grammatical elements of various subsystems in the text.  own: - skills in finding spelling and punctuation errors and correcting them; - skills of spelling and punctuation analysis;

					1
10.	Practical Russian language course	5	Russian language School course  The phonetic system of the Russian language  The morphological	Pedagogical practice "Research and innovation in education" Final certification	- modern scientific methods of language analysis, as well as the pragmatics of using language tools; - skills in working with various dictionaries and reference manuals.  Competencies: special.  Brief description: The discipline systematizes and deepens knowledge of the Russian language; forms the understanding, perception and production of texts of different genres and styles the uses of
			system of the Russian language and word formation  The lexical system of the Russian language  The syntactic structure of the Russian language I, II		and styles, the use of cliched speech formulas in oral and written form, the study, analysis and compilation of business documentation of different genres.  Expected results: know: - sections and principles of spelling and punctuation; - basic units of the phonetic level of the language, patterns of development and functioning of vocabulary; - norms in the field of word formation and morphology; - the syntactic system of the modern Russian literary language; - modern scientific methods of language analysis and methods of describing the phonetics, morphology, syntax, lexicology of the Russian language, as well as the pragmatics of using language tools; - the concept of the linguistic norm, its functions; - the functional and stylistic system of the Russian language; - norms of speech behavior in various spheres and situations of communication; - functional features of oral and written professionally oriented texts, including
					scientific and technical ones;

		- the main grammatical
		units characteristic of
		professional speech
		are to be able to:
		- perform phonetic,
		morphemic and word-
		formation analysis of the
		word;
		- perform morphological
		analysis of different parts of speech (independent and
		official);
		- perform syntactic
		analysis of simple and
		complex sentences, find
		and explain punctuation-related punctograms.
		- to apply the skills of
		conducting a constructive
		dialogue corresponding to
		the norms of the modern
		Russian literary language, communication in a
		communication in a multicultural, multiethnic
		and multi-confessional
		society using the real life
		experience of students;
		- to develop the language,
		communication,
		information, and professional competencies
		of students;
		- to make the right choice
		and use of language and
		speech tools to solve
		certain problems of communication and
		cognition based on
		knowledge of a sufficient
		amount of vocabulary, a
		system of grammatical
		knowledge, pragmatic
		means of expressing intentions;
		- evaluate linguistic
		phenomena and facts from
		the point of view of
		normativity, compliance
		with the sphere and situation of
		communication;
		- to distinguish between
		variants of norms and
		speech disorders;
		- to describe the features of the Russian language
		the Russian language against the background of
		other Slavic, Indo-
		European languages and
		languages of the world as a
		whole;

					- to be aware of the variety of varieties of language (literary norms, dialects, vernacular, colloquial speech) and identify grammatical elements of various subsystems in the text.  possess skills: - formation and development of language, communication, information, and professional competencies of students; - improving the culture of oral and written speech on
11	Comparative grammar of	6	Russian language	Pedagogical	the basis of mastering the necessary skills of using lexical and syntactic structures, expanding and activating vocabulary.  Competencies: special  Brief description: The
11.	Comparative grammar of Russian and Kazakh languages	6	Russian language School course  The phonetic system of the Russian language The morphological system of the Russian language and word formation  The lexical system of the Russian language The syntactic structure of the Russian language I, II	Pedagogical practice "Research and innovation in education"  Final certification	Brief description: The course is focused on a systematic comparative description of the grammar of the Russian and Kazakh languages, identifying similarities and differences at different levels of the structure and functioning of the compared languages. Future teachers are familiar with the grammatical systems of the Russian and Kazakh languages in a comparative aspect. They apply the linguistic terminology of the Russian and Kazakh languages.  Expected results: To know:  - the ratio of comparative language learning and bilingualism;  - national peculiarities of the compared languages;  - methods and techniques of comparative language learning; be able to:  -to conduct a comparative analysis of the Russian and Kazakh languages;  - classify the linguistic phenomena of the Russian and Kazakh languages;  - to describe the

11.	Comparative grammar of different structured languages	6	Russian language School course  The phonetic system of the Russian language  The morphological system of the Russian language and word formation  The lexical system of the Russian language  The syntactic structure of the Russian language I, II	Pedagogical practice "Research and innovation in education"  Final certification	grammatical structure of the Russian and Kazakh languages in a comparative way;  Russian Russian and Kazakh languages as elements of the national linguistic picture of the world and as signs of belonging of the Russian and Kazakh languages to different linguistic types to establish similarities and differences of the Russian and Kazakh languages as elements of the national linguistic picture of the world and as signs of belonging of the Russian and Kazakh languages as elements of the national linguistic picture of the world and as signs of belonging of the Russian and Kazakh languages to different linguistic types.  own:  - practical skills in the application of various types of comparative analysis;  - using methods and techniques of comparative language learning.  Competencies: special  Brief description:  The discipline involves a systematic consideration of issues of development and interaction of languages, the study of problems of comparative research of synthetic and analytical languages. Formation of students' knowledge about the features of language systems, the functioning of different structural languages (Russian, Kazakh and English) based on linguistic material at all levels of the language system, grammatical features of languages in a comparative aspect.  Expected results:  To know:  - general principles of comparing languages at different language levels;  - basic universals of all language studied;  - the main differences and similarities between the languages studied;  - differences in verbal and non-verbal design of the
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behavior. Competencies: special
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### LIST

# of components by choice for educational program $% \left\{ \left( 1\right) \right\} =\left\{ \left($

6B01732 "Russian language and literature in the school with non-russian language of training"

	Year of admission							
			Number					
Nº	Name of Discipline	Discipline Code	of credits	Semester				
Basic disciplines								
	Component by choice 1							
1	World Literature and Culture I (Antiquity - the beginning of the 21st century)	WLC(1) 2225	4					
1	Mythology and World Literature I (Ancient literature - the beginning of the 21st	MWAT (1) 2225		2				
	century)	MWL (1) 2225						
	Component by choice 2							
2	World Literature and Culture II (Antiquity - the beginning of the 21st century)	WLC (2) 2226	5	3				
	World Literature and Culture II (Antiquity - the beginning of the 21st century)	WLC (2) 2226						
	Component by choice 3							
3	Modeling of Russian language and literature lessons	MRLLL 3227	5	4				
	Digital technologies in the practice of a teacher of Russian language and literature	DTPTRLL 3227						
Main disciplines								
	Component by choice 1							
1	Introduction to Linguistics	IL 1302	5	1				
	Fundamentals of Linguistics	FL 1302	1					
	Component by choice 2							
2	Introduction to Literary Studies	ILS 1303	5	2				
	The basics of literary criticism	BLC 1303	1					
	Component by choice 3							
3	Fundamentals of ethnolinguistics	FE2304	4	3				
	Psycholinguistics	Psy 2304	1	i				
	Component by choice 4	- 55 = 5 5 1						
4	Modern educational technologies in a multicultural environment	METME 2305		3				
	Modern reading strategies	MRS2305	4					
	Component by choice 5							
5	Business communication culture: current trends	BCCCT 2306		4				
	The Metalanguage of science and academic writing	MSAW 2306	4					
	Component by choice 6							
6	6 Hermeneutical analysis of a literary text HALT3307		4	5				
	Component by choice 7	11.11.10007						
7	Historical grammar and history of the Russian literary language	HGHRLL4308	6	5				
, ,	Historical commentary on the facts of the Russian language	HCFRL 4308	1 ~					
	Component by choice 8	1101112 1000						
8	Linguistic and cultural analysis of the text	LCAT4309						
	Philological analysis of a literary text	PhALT4309	4	5				
	Component by choice 9	111111111111111111111111111111111111111						
	The Russian language in its functional varieties	RLFV 4310		5				
9	Speech culture and style	SCS 4310	5					
	Rhetoric and the basics of speechwriting	RBS 4310	1					
	Component by choice 10	100 1010	<del>                                     </del>					
10	ult spelling and punctuation issues DSPI 4311							
10	Practical Russian language course	PRLC 4311	5	6				
	Component by choice 11							
11	Comparative grammar of Russian and Kazakh languages	CGRKL 4312	6	6				
11	Comparative grammar of different structured languages	CGDSL 4312	†	U				
	Comparative Branishin of ameretic structured tanguages	GGD3L <del>4</del> 312						
T1-	head of the department							
	e head of the department							
1116	e dean of the faculty							