ALIKHAN BOKEIKHAN UNIVERSITY Faculty of Humanities Pedagogy and psychology department

CATALOG OF ELECTIVE DISCIPLINES 6B01201 – «PRESCHOOL EDUCATION AND UPBRINGING» Year of admission - 2024

Semey 2024

Reviewed and approved at the meeting of the Faculty's Educational and Methodological Council

Protocol No. 3 of 29.01.2024

Chairman of the UMS Faculty _____

Approved at the meeting of the Educational and Methodological Council of the University Protocol No. 5 of 28.05.2024

Chairman of the UMS of the University _____

Degree awarded: Bachelor of Education

According to the educational program: 6B01201 - "Preschool education and upbringing

| Nº component of choice | Name of the discipline or module | Number of credits | Prerequisites | Post- requirements PLINES | A brief description indicating the purpose of the study, brief content and expected results of the study (knowledge, skills, skills, competencies) |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| - | | | Components of choi | | |
| 1 | Psychological and pedagogical diagnostics of preschool children | 3 | self-knowledge according to the school curriculum | Psychological readiness for school | The purpose of the study: the formation of skills of psychological and pedagogical study and development of children, teaching effective practical ways of obtaining and interpreting information about a person both in the process of direct interaction and on the basis of non-contact study of it. Summary of the course: In the course of studying this discipline, the classifications of psychodiagnostic tools, the technology of creating and adapting tests, the requirements for psychodiagnoses are considered. The technology of applying psychological and pedagogical diagnostics in a preschool institution is shown. Ethical and professional issues of psychodiagnostics are revealed. Expected results: To know: theoretical and methodological foundations of |

| | | | 1 1 2 1 1 |
|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| | | | psychological and |
| | | | pedagogical |
| | | | diagnostics; modern |
| | | | approaches to the |
| | | | organization of |
| | | | |
| | | | methodological support |
| | | | and research of |
| | | | preschool children; |
| | | | basic psychodiagnostic |
| | | | methods of studying the |
| | | | |
| | | | child's personality, the |
| | | | place, role and |
| | | | significance of |
| | | | psychological |
| | | | diagnostics in the |
| | | | system of psychological |
| | | | |
| | | | and pedagogical |
| | | | diagnostics, as well as |
| | | | theoretical, |
| | | | methodological and |
| | | | ethical principles of |
| | | | behavior. |
| | | | |
| | | | Be able to: conduct a |
| | | | psychological and |
| | | | pedagogical study of |
| | | | the development of |
| | | | - |
| | | | preschool children; |
| | | | process and analyze the |
| | | | results of psychological |
| | | | and pedagogical |
| | | | diagnostics; determine |
| | | | the ways of correctional |
| | | | |
| | | | and developmental |
| | | | work based on |
| | | | diagnostics. |
| | | | Skills: selection of |
| | | | diagnostic methods |
| | | | - |
| | | | 1 0 |
| | | | mental development of |
| | | | the child; skills of |
| | | | conducting quantitative |
| | | | and qualitative analysis |
| | | | of the results of |
| | | | |
| | | | psychological and |
| | | | pedagogical research, |
| | | | in order to include the |
| | | | data obtained in the |
| | | | |
| | | | overall picture of the |
| | | | child's development; |
| | | | determining ways of |
| | | | correctional work based |
| | | | on diagnostics. |
| | | | on anabitobitob. |

| | | | | Competencies: Special |
|--------------|---|-------------------|------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | competence: |
| | | self-knowledge | Game | The purpose of the |
| | | according to the | Psychology | study: the formation of |
| | | school curriculum | 5 05 | students' theoretical |
| | | | | knowledge that |
| | | | | contributes to: |
| | | | | strengthening their |
| | | | | psychological training; |
| | | | | in-depth study of the |
| | | | | scientific and |
| | | | | theoretical foundations |
| | | | | |
| | | | | 1 5 |
| | | | | psychodiagnostics; |
| | | | | mastering practical |
| | 2 | | | skills to improve the |
| | 3 | | | training of specialists in |
| | | | | psychological |
| | | | | assistance. |
| | | | | Summary of the |
| | | | | course: This discipline |
| | | | | is aimed at studying the |
| | | | | characteristics of |
| | | | | personality and |
| Diagnosti | | | | interpersonal |
| personality | | | | relationships of |
| 1 interperso | | | | preschool children, the |
| relations | | | | formation of |
| childre | n | | | communication skills, |
| | | | | culture, different levels |
| | | | | of psychological |
| | | | | development, the |
| | | | | formation of |
| | | | | consciousness and self- |
| | | | | awareness of the |
| | | | | individual, as well as |
| | | | | interaction with each |
| | | | | other in the process of |
| | | | | communication. |
| | | | | Expected results: |
| | | | | To know: the basic |
| | | | | concepts and |
| | | | | categorical apparatus of |
| | | | | the discipline; methods |
| | | | | of diagnostics of |
| | | | | personality and |
| | | | | interpersonal |
| | | | | relationships, |
| | | | | psychological features |
| | | | | of personality |
| | | | | 1 2 |
| | | | | development of |
| | | | | preschool children. |

| | | | | | Be able to: apply diagnostic methods for |
|---|--------------|---|-------------------|------------|---|
| | | | | | the study of personality |
| | | | | | and interpersonal |
| | | | | | relationships of |
| | | | | | preschool children; |
| | | | | | process and analyze the |
| | | | | | results of psychological |
| | | | | | and pedagogical |
| | | | | | diagnostics of |
| | | | | | preschool children; |
| | | | | | determine the ways of correctional and |
| | | | | | developmental work |
| | | | | | based on diagnostics. |
| | | | | | Skills: the use of |
| | | | | | psychodiagnostic tools |
| | | | | | in working with |
| | | | | | preschool children; |
| | | | | | processing and |
| | | | | | interpretation of the |
| | | | | | psychodiagnostic data |
| | | | | | obtained. |
| | | | | | Competencies: Special competence: |
| - | | | | | The purpose of the |
| | | | | | study: the formation of |
| | | | | | students' pedagogical |
| | | | | | worldview, pedagogical |
| | | | literature on the | History of | culture and general |
| | | 6 | school curriculum | pedagogy | professional |
| | | | | | competence on the |
| | | | | | basis of studying the general foundations of |
| | | | | | ethnopedagogy of |
| | | | | | Kazakhstan should be |
| | | | | | aimed at mastering |
| | Etnonadagagy | | | | common cultural |
| 2 | Etnopedagogy | | | | values, at creative |
| | | | | | mutual enrichment of |
| | | | | | ethnic cultures, at |
| | | | | | stimulating the |
| | | | | | development of each ethnic group inhabiting |
| | | | | | the Republic of |
| | | | | | Kazakhstan. |
| | | | | | Summary of the |
| | | | | | course: This discipline |
| | | | | | forms students ' |
| | | | | | pedagogical worldview, |
| | | | | | pedagogical culture and general professional |
| | | | | | Sellerar professional |

| | | | | competence on the |
|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------|
| | | | | basis of studying the |
| | | | | general foundations of |
| | | | | ethnopedagogy of |
| | | | | |
| | | | | Kazakhstan, knowledge |
| | | | | about the culture and |
| | | | | traditions of the ethnic |
| | | | | groups of the Republic |
| | | | | of Kazakhstan, as well |
| | | | | as understanding the |
| | | | | main ways, methods, |
| | | | | forms and means of |
| | | | | |
| | | | | introducing |
| | | | | ethnopedagogy |
| | | | | materials into the |
| | | | | practice of educational |
| | | | | activities of institutions. |
| | | | | Expected result |
| | | | | To know: the concept |
| | | | | - |
| | | | | of ethnopedagogy, |
| | | | | content, means, factors, |
| | | | | methods and functions |
| | | | | of folk pedagogy and |
| | | | | their application in the |
| | | | | educational process. |
| | | | | Be able to: critically |
| | | | | and creatively |
| | | | | comprehend various |
| | | | | |
| | | | | 1 |
| | | | | pedagogy, analyze |
| | | | | specific |
| | | | | ethnopedagogic |
| | | | | material; independently |
| | | | | interpret folk |
| | | | | pedagogical |
| | | | | phenomena; analyze, |
| | | | | compare and evaluate |
| | | | | - |
| | | | | 1 0 |
| | | | | of folk education of |
| | | | | various ethnic groups, |
| | | | | practically use |
| | | | | ethnopedagogic |
| | | | | knowledge in solving |
| | | | | pedagogical tasks. |
| | | | | Skills: demonstration |
| | | | | of knowledge and |
| | | | | 0 |
| | | | | understanding of |
| | | | | ethnopedagogic |
| | | | | concepts and the role of |
| | | | | folk pedagogy in the |
| | | | | educational process. |
| | | | | Competencies: |
| L | I | l | l | - Jan Providences |

| General professional competence. The purpose of the study: the formation of artistic and pedagogical knowledge, skills and abilities, the development of the artistic aspects of the student's personality through acquaintance |
|---|
| The purpose of the study: the formation of artistic and pedagogical knowledge, skills and abilities, the development of the artistic aspects of the student's personality |
| study: the formation of artistic and pedagogical knowledge, skills and abilities, the development of the artistic aspects of the student's personality |
| abilities, the development of the artistic aspects of the student's personality |
| development of the artistic aspects of the student's personality |
| artistic aspects of the student's personality |
| student's personality |
| through acquaintance |
| through acquaintairee |
| with oral folk art |
| Summary of the |
| course: This discipline |
| 6 literature on the Production is aimed at developing |
| school curriculum practice the child's interest in |
| oral folk art, means of folk pedagogy, which |
| include rules of |
| behavior and moral |
| norms, as well as to |
| enrich children's |
| knowledge about the |
| Artistic means surrounding world |
| of OFA in the advection of |
| 2 education of and theatrical activities |
| children of Expected results: |
| preschool age To know: the problem |
| of the development of |
| artistic means in the |
| education of preschoolers, the role of |
| oral folk art in the |
| organization of the |
| educational process in |
| preschool institutions. |
| Be able to: practically |
| apply the artistic means of oral folk art in the |
| education and |
| upbringing of |
| preschoolers. |
| Skills: demonstration |
| of knowledge and |
| practical skills in the |
| use of artistic means of oral folk art in the |
| educational process. |
| Competencies: Special |
| competence: |
| 3 The purpose of the |

| Workshop on child psychology | 6 | literature on the school curriculum | Production practice | study: formation of children's ideas about the leading patterns of mental development, stages of development, the new structure of psychology and the development of skills to conduct psychological research methods Summary of the course: In the modern educational field the subject of the |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| | | | | field, the subject of the workshop on child psychology is the main course, the purpose of which is to familiarize psychology students with the basic methods of the youth workshop, their types, classification, features and adoption of the basic skills of scientific research of the psychological laws of experimental work. This course will provide knowledge about the sound methods of the child psychology workshop, methods of organizing psychomotor work, methods of diagnosing cognitive development; skills of method selection are formed in accordance with the purpose |
| | | | | with the purpose of the study. Expected results: To know: methods of child psychology and patterns of mental development (features of self- knowledge, motives of behavior, emotions |

| | | 1 | |
|---|----------------|---|--------------------------|
| | | | and feelings), |
| | | | features of the child's |
| | | | relationship with |
| | | | adults and peers, |
| | | | cognitive processes |
| | | | |
| | | | of personality |
| | | | (attention, speech, |
| | | | perception, memory, |
| | | | imagination, |
| | | | thinking), features of |
| | | | mental development |
| | | | of children. |
| | | | To be able to: |
| | | | |
| | | | identify and analyze |
| | | | the manifestations of |
| | | | the child's psyche, |
| | | | taking into account |
| | | | age and individual |
| | | | characteristics in |
| | | | educational work |
| | | | with children, to |
| | | | instill skills of |
| | | | working with the |
| | | | - |
| | | | preschool staff, |
| | | | family, effectively |
| | | | manage the process |
| | | | of group and |
| | | | interpersonal |
| | | | interaction; to be able |
| | | | to build trusting |
| | | | relationships based |
| | | | on interaction and |
| | | | joint activities. |
| | | | Skills: analysis of |
| | | | 2 |
| | | | scientific and |
| | | | methodological |
| | | | literature on child |
| | | | psychology, planning |
| | | | and analysis of |
| | | | pedagogical activities |
| | | | in the field of |
| | | | psychology of |
| | | | preschoolers, |
| | | | preparation of plans, |
| | | | lesson notes, games |
| | | | |
| | | | with children, materials |
| | | | for working with |
| | | | parents and teaching |
| | | | staff. |
| | | | Competencies: Special |
| | | | competence: |
| 3 | Art therapy in | | The purpose of the |
| | | | |

| preschool | | | | study: to familiarize |
|------------|---|---------------------|------------|--|
| presenteer | | | | students with one of the |
| | | | | newest directions used |
| | | | | in the pedagogical |
| | | literature on the | | practice of preschool |
| | 6 | school curriculum | Production | organizations, Art |
| | 0 | School curriculuiti | practice | - |
| | | | practice | 15 |
| | | | | preschoolers is |
| | | | | considered.Art therapy |
| | | | | is a method of treating |
| | | | | and developing a |
| | | | | person with the help of |
| | | | | artistic creativity, and is |
| | | | | considered one of the |
| | | | | mildest, but effective |
| | | | | methods used in the |
| | | | | work of psychologists |
| | | | | and educators. |
| | | | | Summary of the |
| | | | | course: During the |
| | | | | study of this course, |
| | | | | students get acquainted |
| | | | | with the types and |
| | | | | forms of art therapy, |
| | | | | the features of their |
| | | | | correctional and |
| | | | | therapeutic effects. The |
| | | | | theoretical and |
| | | | | methodological issues |
| | | | | of art therapy, the |
| | | | | organization of work in |
| | | | | the preschool |
| | | | | institution with the use |
| | | | | of art-therapeutic |
| | | | | techniques are |
| | | | | considered. The skills |
| | | | | and abilities of |
| | | | | applying various |
| | | | | techniques of art- |
| | | | | tarapia are formed. |
| | | | | Expected results: |
| | | | | To know: the main |
| | | | | types, forms and modern models of art |
| | | | | |
| | | | | therapy, the purpose, objectives and main |
| | | | | methods of art therapy, |
| | | | | |
| | | | | the methodology of using art thereasy in |
| | | | | using art therapy in |
| | | | | preschool activities, the |
| | | | | necessary conditions |
| | | | | for providing |

| | | psychological |
|--|--|---------------------------|
| | | assistance and means of |
| | | establishing and |
| | | maintaining |
| | | consultative |
| | | communication, |
| | | |
| | | 1 |
| | | personal qualities, |
| | | knowledge and |
| | | experience of an art |
| | | therapist; theoretical |
| | | and |
| | | practicalmethodological |
| | | approaches and current |
| | | |
| | | development trends. |
| | | Be able to: solve |
| | | typical tasks of |
| | | organizing professional |
| | | activities related to the |
| | | use of art therapy in |
| | | preschool activities, |
| | | effectively use the basic |
| | | methods of art therapy, |
| | | |
| | | establish and maintain |
| | | psychotherapeutic |
| | | contacts, carry out |
| | | systematic observation, |
| | | purposeful active and |
| | | empathic listening, |
| | | provide emotional |
| | | support to a person in a |
| | | |
| | | difficult life situation, |
| | | psychologically |
| | | influence to optimize |
| | | mental human work |
| | | when using |
| | | psychotechnics of art |
| | | therapy, to analyze the |
| | | theoretical and |
| | | methodological |
| | | |
| | | approaches of various |
| | | schools of |
| | | psychological |
| | | counseling using art |
| | | therapy methods. |
| | | Skills: the use in the |
| | | activities of preschool |
| | | institutions of the most |
| | | |
| | | important means of |
| | | establishing and |
| | | maintaining |
| | | relationships with the |
| | | |

| | | | | | use of art therapy, conducting art- therapeutic methods of emotional and cognitive regulation of mental state in the psychological service of preschool institutions, art- therapeutic techniques and techniques to activate the creative potential of the individual. Competencies: Special competence: |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|----------|--------------------|---|
| 4 | Family education and psychology | 5 | Pedagogy | Social pedagogy | The purpose of the study: Formation of students' ideas about the field of scientific knowledge and practical activities in family pedagogy and psychology, about the object and subject of its research and the main categories; - To systematize the psychological and pedagogical knowledge of students on family education and family relations; - Formation of psychological and pedagogical skills in working with the family, identification of problems of family education and demonstration of ways to solve them. Summary of the course: This discipline reveals the leading role of the family as a social institution of personality formation. Examines the current problems and features |

| | | of family education in |
|--|--|-------------------------|
| | | the historical aspect, |
| | | innovative approaches |
| | | to various forms of |
| | | |
| | | psychological and |
| | | pedagogical assistance |
| | | to the family. Also |
| | | examines the |
| | | |
| | | prospects and |
| | | psychological and |
| | | pedagogical features |
| | | of family education at |
| | | the present stage. |
| | | |
| | | Expected results: |
| | | To know: patterns of |
| | | personality |
| | | development and |
| | | manifestations of |
| | | |
| | | personal properties; |
| | | features of the |
| | | content and |
| | | organization of the |
| | | |
| | | pedagogical process |
| | | in preschool |
| | | educational |
| | | institutions; forms, |
| | | methods and means |
| | | |
| | | of teaching and |
| | | upbringing, their |
| | | pedagogical |
| | | capabilities and |
| | | conditions of |
| | | |
| | | application; patterns |
| | | of formationand |
| | | development of the |
| | | functional role |
| | | structure of the |
| | | |
| | | family at various |
| | | stages of the life |
| | | cycleof preschool |
| | | children; |
| | | - |
| | | psychological |
| | | features of marital |
| | | and child-parental |
| | | relations, problems of |
| | | family pedagogy and |
| | | |
| | | psychology as a |
| | | sphere of scientific |
| | | and practical activity; |
| | | methods of providing |
| | | psychological and |
| | | |
| | | pedagogical |

| | | counseling to the |
|----------|--|---------------------------------------|
| | | family. |
| | | Be able to: |
| | | determine the |
| | | psychological and |
| | | pedagogical |
| | | |
| | | capabilities of |
| | | various methods, |
| | | techniques, |
| | | techniques, forms of |
| | | organization of |
| | | education and |
| | | upbringing; analyze |
| | | pedagogical activity, |
| | | |
| | | pedagogical facts and |
| | | phenomena; select |
| | | diagnostic tools, |
| | | analyze methods of |
| | | family |
| | | psychotherapy, |
| | | practical application |
| | | of methods of |
| | | |
| | | diagnosis of family |
| | | relations, conducting |
| | | psychological |
| | | diagnostics of the |
| | | family, psychological |
| | | counseling of the |
| | | family and its |
| | | |
| | | individual members, |
| | | the implementation |
| | | of communication |
| | | with my family. |
| | | Skills: |
| | | implementation of |
| | | psychological and |
| | | pedagogical support |
| | | and support for |
| | | |
| | | preschool children, |
| | | possession of methods |
| | | of psychological and |
| | | pedagogical research, |
| | | diagnosis of family |
| | | problems, identification |
| | | of their causes and |
| | | search for solutions, |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | | analysis of the family |
| | | situation based on the |
| | | basic principles and |
| | | algorithms of modern |
| | | psychological |
| | | knowledge about the |
| <u> </u> | | Kilowicuge about the |

| | | | | | family, solving practical problems related to counseling, providing psychological and pedagogical assistance to parents, planning and conducting various forms of interaction. Competencies: General professional competence. |
|---|--|---|----------|--|---|
| 4 | Psychology and ethics of family life | 5 | Pedagogy | Socialization of children of earlyand preschool age | The purpose of the study: to familiarize students with the most relevant problems of modern psychological and pedagogical science concerning the psychology of the family, as well as to prepare them for practical activities Summary of the course: This discipline forms theoretical knowledge about the family as a social institution; introduces the moral norms of marriage in traditional culture; the basics of relationships between boys and girls, develops ideas about various social roles of people in the family. Expected results: To know: the theoretical foundations of the family as a social institution, the moral norms of marital relations, approaches to understanding the essence of family relations that contribute to the development of family culture and its psychological climate among students. Be able to: distinguish |

| | | | | | between the social roles of people in the family, their responsibility for the life and health of children, conduct psychological techniques related to family issues, form ethical norms, prevent conflict situations. Skills: interaction with different types of families, identification of the typology of families and marital relations, regulation of conflict situations in families. Competencies: General professional competence |
|---|--|---|----------------|------------------------|---|
| 5 | Development of communication and communicative competence of preschool children | 5 | Age psychology | Production practice | The purpose of the study: the formation of professional competence of teachers, which will allow them to effectively develop the communication skills of preschoolers and organize correctional and developmental classes with children Summary of the course: This discipline is aimed at studying the abilities, knowledge, skills, attitudes, initiatives and communicative experience of a person necessary for understanding others and producing their own programs of speech behavior that are adequate to the goals, spheres, situations of communication; for active interaction with other speech subjects. |

| | | Expected results: |
|--|--|---|
| | | Know: functional and |
| | | semantic types and |
| | | styles of speech; norms |
| | | and rules of speech |
| | | etiquette, principles of |
| | | effective |
| | | communication with |
| | | preschoolers, parents |
| | | and colleagues; the |
| | | main types of |
| | | communication used in |
| | | professional activities; |
| | | barriers preventing |
| | | effective |
| | | communication |
| | | between the educator |
| | | and preschool children. |
| | | Be able to: organize |
| | | communication in |
| | | accordance with the age |
| | | and individual |
| | | characteristics of |
| | | |
| | | preschoolers; use methods of verbal and |
| | | |
| | | nonverbal |
| | | communication with |
| | | children; form effective |
| | | ways of relationships |
| | | between children and |
| | | parents. |
| | | Skills: demonstrate the |
| | | ability to establish |
| | | relationships between |
| | | children and master the |
| | | work on the |
| | | development of |
| | | communicative |
| | | competencies; the use |
| | | of effective approaches |
| | | to building |
| | | relationships between |
| | | the educator and |
| | | children; continuous |
| | | improvement of |
| | | communicative |
| | | competence; the use of |
| | | |
| | | 1 |
| | | etiquette depending on |
| | | the situation; |
| | | continuous |
| | | improvement of |

| | | | | | aammuniaatiwa |
|---|-----------------|---|----------------|------------|--|
| | | | | | communicative |
| | | | | | competence in the |
| | | | | | professional activities of the educator. |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | Competencies: Special |
| | | | | | competence: |
| | | | | | The purpose of the |
| | | | | | study: the formation of |
| | | | | | professional |
| | | | | | competence in the |
| | | | | | organization of |
| | | | | | activities and |
| | | | | | interaction of children |
| | | | | | Summary of the |
| | | | | | course: This discipline |
| | | | | | examines the |
| | | | | | possibilities and |
| | | _ | Age psychology | Production | conditions for the |
| | | 5 | | practice | development of |
| | | | | | cooperation of |
| | | | | | preschool children, |
| | | | | | their ways of |
| | | | | | interaction during the |
| | | | | | organization of the |
| | | | | | main types of activities, |
| | | | | | determines the impact |
| | Organization | | | | of joint actions of |
| | of activities | | | | children with each |
| 5 | and interaction | | | | other on overcoming |
| C | of children | | | | egocentrism and the |
| | or ennuren | | | | development of creative |
| | | | | | abilities of the child in |
| | | | | | individual activities |
| | | | | | Expected results: |
| | | | | | To know: principles of |
| | | | | | organization, main |
| | | | | | directions, tasks and |
| | | | | | forms of individual |
| | | | | | work of a teacher with |
| | | | | | children; organization |
| | | | | | of joint activities of |
| | | | | | preschool children, |
| | | | | | ways of relationships |
| | | | | | with peers and |
| | | | | | interaction of preschool |
| | | | | | children. |
| | | | | | Be able to: form |
| | | | | | communication skills |
| | | | | | necessary for preschool |
| | | | | | children with peers and |
| | | | | | adults; create |
| | | | | | conditions for friendly |
| J | L | 1 | 1 | 1 | J |

| | | | | Organization | relations between children in appropriate activities; create pedagogical conditions for communication and development of children in accordance with their age and individual characteristics and inclinations. Skills: active communication with peers and adults, mastering initiative and independence in various activities – play, communication, cognitive research activities. Competencies : Special competence: |
|---|----------------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| 6 | Modern pedagogical systems | 6 | literature on the school curriculum | Organization and management of preschool education | The purpose of the study: the formation of students' ideas about modern pedagogical technologies implemented in primary school; the development of a conscious attitude to their choice; Summary of the course: This discipline is aimed at familiarizing with various types of pedagogical systems, their historical formation and pedagogical value, as well as with the peculiarities of their application at the present stage of education and training of preschool children. Expected results: To know: the content and concepts of pedagogical systems, and the history of their |

| | | | | | development in preschool education, the features of the use of pedagogical systems in the educational work of preschool institutions. Be able to: classify effective methods and techniques of education in the organization of educational activities of preschool institutions, use scientific knowledge about pedagogical systems. Skills: application of educational work in preschool institutions. Competencies: General professional competence. |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|
| 6 | Innovations in preschool education | 6 | literature on the school curriculum | Development of communication and communicative competence of preschool children | The purpose of the study: the formation of the student's professional competence in the field of innovation in the field of Summary of the course: This discipline considers relevant innovations that arise on the basis of a variety of initiatives and innovations that become promising for the evolution of education, positively affect the development of all forms and methods of teaching. Expected results: To know: To know: current trends in the development of the education system, innovative criteria of the educational process, innovative approaches |

| | | | | | to the pedagogical process in order to create conditions for effective motivation of students. Be able to: apply innovative methods of teaching and educating preschoolers, new ways, methods of interaction between educators and students to ensure effective achievement of the result of pedagogical activity in a preschool institution. Skills: demonstration of the skills of using innovative teaching methods and control of educational technologies in the educational process of preschool institutions. Competencies: Special competence: |
|---|--|---|----------|------------------------|---|
| 7 | Features of the teacher's work in pre-school groups | 5 | pedagogy | Production practice | The purpose of thestudy is to form asystem of knowledgeabout interrelatedactions aimed atcomprehensivelyimproving theprofessional skills ofeach teacher,generalizing anddeveloping the creativepotential of theteaching staff as awhole.Summary of thecourse: The disciplineis aimed at studying thepeculiarities ofpreparing for schoolchildren of 5-7 years ofage who attendpreschool institutionsand pre-school trainingclasses, which, alongwith literacy training, |

| | | | largely provides for |
|---|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| | | | play, visual and musical |
| | | | activities, motor |
| | | | activity, which |
| | | | contributes to the |
| | | | overall development of |
| | | | the child and interest in |
| | | | further education at |
| | | | school. |
| | | | Expected results: |
| | | | To know: to know the |
| | | | To know: the specifics |
| | | | of the organization of |
| | | | the process of teaching, |
| | | | upbringing and |
| | | | development of |
| | | | children at the stage of |
| | | | preschool education, |
| | | | taking into account the |
| | | | needs and capabilities |
| | | | of children of this age; |
| | | | the structure and |
| | | | content of the work of |
| | | | the educator in groups |
| | | | of preschool training. |
| | | | Be able to: develop |
| | | | various types of |
| | | | documentation |
| | | | necessary for a teacher |
| | | | in pre-school |
| | | | preparation of children, |
| | | | as well as use teaching |
| | | | methods and techniques |
| | | | for children of pre- |
| | | | school groups. |
| | | | Skills: organization of |
| | | | cognitive activity of |
| | | | children, allowing to |
| | | | improve the |
| | | | pedagogical skills of |
| | | | the teacher of preschool |
| | | | groups. |
| | | | Competencies: Special |
| | Professional | | competence: |
| | interaction of a | | The purpose of the |
| | | | study is to consider the |
| | preschool teacher with | | system of professional |
| 7 | | | activity of a teacher |
| 1 | participants of the educational | | aimed at creating socio- |
| | | | psychological conditions for the |
| | process | | |
| | | 1 | psychological |

| | | 5 | Age psychology | Production practice | development of a child in a situation of interaction. Summary of the course: This discipline examines the main mechanisms of organizing the interaction of the subjects of the pedagogical process in kindergarten, forms the skills of searching for new forms, methods and technologies for organizing the interaction of a preschool teacher with the subjects of the pedagogical process. Expected results: To know: features of the preschool teacher's work; the specifics of his interaction with children and their parents, for the organization of the |
|---|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | | | | | mechanisms for organizing the interaction of subjects of the pedagogical process in kindergarten. Skills: search for new forms, methods and technologies of organizing interaction of preschool teachers with subjects of the pedagogical process; organization of joint activities and interpersonal interaction of subjects of the educational environment Competencies: Special |
| 8 | Psychological readiness for | 5 | Psychologica l and pedagogical | Psychology andpedagogy | competence: The purpose of the study: teaching |

| school | diagnostics of | of giftedness | effective psychological |
|--------|--------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| School | preschool children | orgineediess | support, theoretical |
| | presenteer ennuren | | preparation for personal |
| | | | and social adaptation of |
| | | | children in the process |
| | | | of learning at school |
| | | | Summary of the |
| | | | course: This discipline |
| | | | considers the main |
| | | | types of a child's |
| | | | readiness for school |
| | | | (intellectual, |
| | | | motivational, physical, |
| | | | speech, readiness for |
| | | | communication) and is |
| | | | aimed at forming the |
| | | | readiness of the child's |
| | | | psyche for the |
| | | | transition to a new |
| | | | stage of development – |
| | | | educational activity. |
| | | | Expected results: |
| | | | To know: basic |
| | | | principles of |
| | | | psychological support |
| | | | of personality; features |
| | | | of its development; |
| | | | causes of problems in |
| | | | the development of |
| | | | personality; moral |
| | | | norms and foundations |
| | | | of moral behavior; |
| | | | regularity of the |
| | | | dynamics of cognitive |
| | | | functions in preschool |
| | | | age; psychological |
| | | | foundations of |
| | | | preschool preparation |
| | | | for school. |
| | | | Be able to: analyze the |
| | | | main problems of a |
| | | | child's readiness for |
| | | | school; use theoretical |
| | | | knowledge of the |
| | | | psychological aspects |
| | | | of preschool children's |
| | | | health; evaluate the |
| | | | content, tasks and |
| | | | problems of preschool |
| | | | children's education; |
| | | | use proven standard methods and |
| | | | memous anu |

| | | | | | technologies that allow solving the problems of organization, diagnosis and correction, development of individual and joint activities in accordance with the age norms of preschool children's development. Skills: knowledge of methods and techniques of analysis of psychological phenomena and processes; implementation of psychological education of educators and parents on the mental development of preschool children. Competencies: Special competence: |
|---|--------------------|---|------------------|--|--|
| 8 | Game Psychology | 5 | Workshop onchild | Technology of work with giftedchildren | The purpose of the study: to equip students with knowledge of the theoretical foundations of game teaching methods, features of the organization of play activities of preschool children; Summary of the course: This discipline considers the features of the game as a universal, specifically human activity, which ensures the full-fledged mental development of the child, its forms, types, psychological aspects of the effectiveness of gaming activities and features of their application in the training and upbringing of preschool children. Expected results: |

| | to know psychological |
|--------------|------------------------------|
| | foundations of the |
| | game, features of the |
| | organization of play |
| | activities of |
| | preschoolers and its |
| | |
| | types, the influence of |
| | the game on the |
| | socialization of the |
| | personality of a |
| | preschooler, |
| | psychodiagnostic |
| | possibilities of the |
| | game in identifying the |
| | personal characteristics |
| | |
| | of the child. |
| | Be able to: manage the |
| | game based on |
| | knowledge about the |
| | individual and social |
| | differences of children, |
| | organize the play |
| | interaction of preschool |
| | children in the |
| | |
| | educational process of |
| | preschool |
| | Skills: apply methods |
| | and techniques of |
| | organizing play |
| | activities of preschool |
| | children in preschool. |
| | Competencies: Special |
| | · · |
| | competence: |
| | The purpose of the |
| | study: the formation of |
| | a system of historical |
| | and pedagogical |
| | knowledge; |
| | acquaintance with |
| | outstanding thinkers of |
| | various historical |
| History of | |
| | epochs and peoples. |
| 9 pedagogy | Summary of the |
| | course: This discipline |
| | introduces students to |
| | the theoretical |
| | foundations of the |
| 6 Pedagogy S | ocial development of |
| 8 85 | agogy pedagogical science |
| | from ancient times to |
| | |
| | the present day, with |
| | the knowledge |

| | | | |
|---------|--|--|---------------------------|
| | | | advanced in the past by |
| | | | progressive teachers |
| | | | and prominent thinkers; |
| | | | - |
| | | | promotes the ability to |
| | | | comprehend and |
| | | | identify historical |
| | | | patterns of the |
| | | | development of the |
| | | | theory and practice of |
| | | | |
| | | | education. It teaches to |
| | | | identify the main and |
| | | | relevant for the present |
| | | | in the pedagogical |
| | | | theories of outstanding |
| | | | teachers. |
| | | | |
| | | | Expected results: |
| | | | To know: the |
| | | | theoretical foundations |
| | | | of the development of |
| | | | pedagogical science |
| | | | from ancient times to |
| | | | |
| | | | the present day, the |
| | | | stages of the |
| | | | development of |
| | | | pedagogical science, |
| | | | the pedagogical activity |
| | | | of leading scientists and |
| | | | |
| | | | teachers. |
| | | | Be able to: extract the |
| | | | necessary information |
| | | | from sources, highlight |
| | | | the main and relevant |
| | | | for the present in the |
| | | | - |
| | | | pedagogical theories of |
| | | | outstanding teachers, |
| | | | critically evaluate the |
| | | | reliability of the |
| | | | information received. |
| | | | Skills: to analyze |
| | | | 5 |
| | | | historical retrospect |
| | | | using materials from |
| | | | past and modern |
| | | | sources, to develop |
| | | | skills of working with |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | pedagogical literature, |
| | | | to independently |
| | | | evaluate historical and |
| | | | pedagogical ideas. |
| | | | |
| | | | Competencies: |
| | | | General professional |
| | | | competence |

| | | | | | The purpose of the |
|----|------------|---|----------|----------------|---|
| | | | | | study: the formation of |
| | | | | | professional |
| | | | | | competence of students |
| | | | | | in the fieldof |
| | | | | | personality-oriented |
| | | | | | education of young |
| | | | | | children |
| | | | | | Summary of the |
| | | | | | course: This discipline |
| | | | | | studies the features and |
| | | | | Socialization | patterns of education |
| | | | | of children of | and training of children |
| | | 6 | Pedagogy | earlyand | of the first 3 years of |
| | | | | preschool age | life, highlights the |
| | | | | | problems of |
| | | | | | periodization of child |
| | | | | | development, considers |
| | | | | | the main aspects of the |
| | | | | | development of various |
| | | | | | types of activities in |
| | | | | | preschool children. |
| | | | | | Expected results: |
| | Early | | | | To know: - the basic |
| 9 | childhood | | | | concepts of the course, |
| 9 | pedagogy | | | | the theoretical foundations of early |
| | | | | | foundations of early development and |
| | | | | | upbringing of children, |
| | | | | | the goals, objectives |
| | | | | | and content of work |
| | | | | | with young children, |
| | | | | | modern pedagogical |
| | | | | | systems and |
| | | | | | technologies of |
| | | | | | education. |
| | | | | | Be able to: plan the |
| | | | | | pedagogical process in |
| | | | | | early age groups, work |
| | | | | | with young children, |
| | | | | | identify ways to |
| | | | | | individualize the |
| | | | | | educational process and |
| | | | | | its effectiveness. |
| | | | | | Skills: determine the |
| | | | | | content of work with |
| | | | | | young children, use |
| | | | | | effective methods and |
| | | | | | technologies. |
| | | | | | Competencies: Special |
| 10 | Davahal | | | | competence: |
| 10 | Psychology | | | | The purpose of the |

| and pedagogy of giftedness | | Psychological readiness for school | Organization ofscientific research on the | study is to form the basis of students' theoretical knowledge about the psychological and pedagogical foundations of working |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| | 6 | Psychological readiness for school | - | about the psychological |
| | | | | regulatory documents Skills: to be able to choose suitable types, |
| | | | | methods and forms of work with gifted children, |
| | | | | communication and interaction with |

| | | | | | children, parents and teachers; establishing an emotional connection with preschool children; creating an atmosphere of cooperation with children. Competencies General professional competence. |
|----|---|---|-----------------|--|---|
| 10 | Technology of work with gifted children | 6 | Game Psychology | Theory and methodology ofpedagogical research | Purpose: formation of professional competence of students in the main issues of creative learning and development of gifted schoolchildren Summary of the course: The discipline is aimed at mastering the technology of effective interaction of a teacher with parents, psychologists on the problems of teaching and raising gifted children, promotes the disclosure of practical skills and abilities of organizing the activities of a teacher in interaction with gifted children, readiness to interact with gifted children taking into account age, individual characteristics and potential opportunities. Expected results: To know: technology of psychological and pedagogical work with gifted children in preschool. Be able to: apply technologies of effective interaction of a teacher with parents, psychologists on the problems of teaching |

| | | | | | and upbringing of gifted children, interact with gifted children taking into account age, individual characteristics and potential opportunities. Skills: organization and implementation of pedagogical support for gifted children in the process of education and upbringing. Competencies: Special competence: |
|----|---|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| 11 | Methodical work in a preschool institution | 5 | Family education and psychology | Production practice | The purpose of the study: to acquaint students with the main directions of methodological work in a preschool institution, ensuring the effectiveness of the preschool institution. Summary of the course: This discipline considers the main directions of methodological work in a preschool institution (educational, didactic, psychological, technical, etc.), forms and methods of organizing methodological work, the main types of documentation, advanced training of preschool teachers. Expected results: To know: types, forms, main directions of methodical work in a preschool institution, the content of methodical work of a senior educator; functions, planning and organization of work of methodical cabinets; |

| | | | | | Be able to: plan, organize and perform methodical work in a preschool institution; organize individual and group forms of methodical work; evaluate the activities of the methodical cabinet of the preschool educational institution; Skills: working with documentation of preschool institutions; planning methodological work in preschool institutions; working in the preschool education system. Competencies: Special competence: |
|----|---|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| 11 | Design and monitoring of the educational process in pre- school institutions | 5 | Psychologyand ethics offamily life | Production practice | The purpose of the study: to familiarize with the design and expertise of educational systems Summary of the course: This discipline is aimed at studying pedagogical monitoring, during which the assessment of the personal qualities of children, their knowledge and skills, the effectiveness of the pedagogical process, tracking the dynamics and conditions for the development of personal qualities of pupils, the peculiarities of the course of the pedagogical process, taking into account the upcoming educational and cognitive activity, is given. Expected results: know - modern trends in the development of |

| | | | | | the educational process in the preschool educational institution, criteria for innovative processes in education, principles of designing new curricula and developing innovative methods of organizing the educational process, the main directions of designing educational systems at the present stage of development of Kazakhstan education. Be able to: master the resources of educational systems and design their development, introduce innovative techniques into the pedagogical process in order to create conditions for effective motivation of preschool children. Skills: design and analyze quality monitoring systems in DOW, using information and communication technologies |
|----|--|---|----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | | | | | technologies. Competencies: Special competence: |
| 12 | Organization and management of preschool education | | | | The purpose of the study: to equip students with the necessary knowledge in the field of organization of work on preschool education and its management in its various links. Summary of the |
| | education | 5 | Modern pedagogical systems | Production practice | course: This discipline is aimed at revealing the content of the management of a preschool institution. The content of the main theories and concepts |

| | | | of management of |
|----------|--|---|---------------------------|
| | | | educational systems, |
| | | | psychological aspects, |
| | | | principles and |
| | | | mechanisms of |
| | | | |
| | | | managerial activity, as |
| | | | well as the specifics of |
| | | | the organization and the |
| | | | peculiarities of the |
| | | | work of the head of a |
| | | | preschool educational |
| | | | institution are revealed. |
| | | | |
| | | | Expected results: |
| | | | To know: theoretical |
| | | | and methodological |
| | | | foundations of the |
| | | | organization and |
| | | | management of |
| | | | preschool education, |
| | | | functions and methods |
| | | | |
| | | | of work of the head, |
| | | | methodologist in a |
| | | | preschool organization; |
| | | | psychological aspects, |
| | | | principles and |
| | | | mechanisms of |
| | | | management activities, |
| | | | as well as the specifics |
| | | | |
| | | | of the organization and |
| | | | the head of a preschool |
| | | | institution |
| | | | Be able to: plan the |
| | | | work of the staff of |
| | | | preschool institutions, |
| | | | the interaction of |
| | | | |
| | | | managers and educators |
| | | | in the process of |
| | | | pedagogical activity. |
| | | | Skills: providing |
| | | | methodological |
| | | | assistance to educators, |
| | | | guiding educational |
| | | | work in preschool |
| | | | institutions. |
| | | | |
| | | | Competencies: Special |
| <u> </u> | | | competence: |
| | | | The purpose of the |
| | | | study: the formation of |
| 12 | | | a system of scientific |
| 12 | | | and theoretical |
| | | | knowledge among |
| | | | students on the |
| | | 1 | students on the |

| | | | | | Skills: organization of partnerships with the family, involvement of parents in partnership with subjects of preschool institutions. Competencies: Special competence: The purpose of the |
|----|--------------------|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| 13 | Social pedagogy | 5 | Family education and psychology | Production practice | study: to expand the understanding of the impact of the social environment on the upbringing and formation of personality; to develop systems of measures to optimize the upbringing of personality, taking into account the specific conditions of the social environment. Summary of the course: This discipline introduces students to the basics of social pedagogy, its subject, content, principles, factors, stages of the socio-pedagogical process, as well as to the peculiarities of social development of the individual, the influence of family and upbringing on the socialization of the individual, with the activities of educational institutions in the direction of socialization of the younger generation. Expected results: To know: the essence, content, principles, factors, stages of the socio-pedagogical process, patterns of social development of the individual, the influence of family and upbringing on the socialization of the individual, with the activities of educational institutions in the direction of socialization of the younger generation. |

| | | | | | socialization of the family, social anomalies of children's development and technologies of socio- pedagogical activity. Be able to: comprehend and analytically evaluate theoretical and applied problems of socio-pedagogical practice; independently analyze materials, develop and apply methods of socio- pedagogical study of various phenomena. Skills: organization of work on the socialization of children, provision of social and pedagogical assistance. Competencies: General professional competence |
|----|---|---|--------------------|------------------------|---|
| 13 | Socialization of children of early and preschool age | 5 | Inclusiveeducation | Production practice | The purpose of the study: to form students' ability to use psychological and pedagogical technologies in professional activities necessary for individualization of learning, development, education, including students with special educational needs Summary of the course: This discipline reveals the essence of the concept of "socialization", factors, types and features of socialization of children of early and preschool age in the family and preschool institution, promotes the ability to create conditions for the full-fledged social |

| development of children: to provide the opportunity to show social motivation, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior adequaet to the situation, to improve personal relationships with others. Expected results: to know: pattens, content, mechanisms and types of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschoolers; the main development of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschoolers; the main development of preschool children; the socialization of preschool children, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior appropriate to the situation, improve personal relationships with others; carry out joint activities with preschool for the development of personal relationships with others. Competences: Special compictence: | | | |
|--|--|--|---------------------------|
| child with the opportunity to show social motivation, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior adequate to the situation, to improve personal relationships with others. Expected results: to know: patterns, content, mechanisms and types of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschool children; the role of the family in the socialization of preschool children. Be able to: create a positive psychological atmosphere for the full social motivation, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior appropriate to the situation, improve personal relationships with others; carry out joint activities with preschool children; or problematic conditions that contribute to the development of interaction and improvement of personal relationships with others. | | | development of |
| child with the opportunity to show social motivation, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior adequate to the situation, to improve personal relationships with others. Expected results: to know: patterns, content, mechanisms and types of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschool children; the role of the family in the socialization of preschool children. Be able to: create a positive psychological atmosphere for the full social motivation, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior appropriate to the situation, improve personal relationships with others; carry out joint activities with preschool children; or problematic conditions that contribute to the development of interaction and improvement of personal relationships with others. | | | |
| opportunity to show social motivation, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior adequate to the situation, to improve personal relationships with others. Expected results: to know: patterns, content, mechanisms and types of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschoolers; the main social development of children: provide the child with the ability to independently choose a style of behavior appropriate to the situation, improve personal relationships with others. Stills: organization of interaction and improvement of personal relationships with others. | | | - |
| social motivation, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior adequate to the situation, to improve personal relationships with others. Expected results: to know: patterns, content, mechanisms and types of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschool children; the role of the family in the socialization of preschool children. Be able to: create a positive psychological atmosphere for the full social development of children: provide the child with the opportunity to show social motivation, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior appropriate to the situation, improve personal relationships with others; carry out joint activities with preschool children, of socialines in the conditions that contribute to the development of personal relationships with others. Competencies: Special | | | |
| ability to independently choose a style of behavior adequate to the situation, to improve personal relationships with others. Expected results: to know: patterns, content, mechanisms and types of socialization of preschoolerist; the main institutions of socialization of preschool children, the role of the family in the socialization of preschooleriden; the role of the family in the socialization of preschooleriden; the role of the family in the social development of children: provide the child with the child with the ability to independently choose a style of behavior appropriate to the situation, improve personal relationships with others; carry out joint activities with preschool children, create problematic conditions that contribute to the development of netw ways of interaction. Skills: organization of interaction and improvement of personal relationships with others. | | | |
| choose a style of behavior adequate to the situation, to improve personal relationships with others. Expected results: to know: patterns, content, mechanisms and types of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschool children; the role of the family in the socialization of preschool children. Be able to: create a positive psychological atmosphere for the full social development of children: provide the child with the opportunity to show social motivation, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior appropriate to the situation, improve personal relationships with others; carry out joint activities with preschool children to the development of netraction and improvement of personal relationships with others. Competencies: Special | | | - |
| choose a style of behavior adequate to the situation, to improve personal relationships with others. Expected results: to know: patterns, content, mechanisms and types of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschool children; the role of the family in the socialization of preschool children. Be able to: create a positive psychological atmosphere for the full social development of children: provide the child with the opportunity to show social motivation, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior appropriate to the situation, improve personal relationships with others; carry out joint activities with preschool children to the development of netraction and improvement of personal relationships with others. Competencies: Special | | | ability to independently |
| behavior adequate to the situation, to improve personal relationships with others. Expected results: to know: patterns, content, mechanisms and types of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of socialization of preschool children; the role of the family in the socialization of of preschool children. Be able to: create a positive psychological atmosphere for the full social development of children: provide the child with the opportunity to show social motivation, the stuation, improve personal relationships with others; carry out joint activities with preschool children, create problematic conditions that contribute to the development of new ways of interaction. Skills: organization of interaction and improvement of personal relationships with others. Competencies: Special | | | choose a style of |
| the situation, to improve personal relationships with others. Expected results: to know: patterns, content, mechanisms and types of socialization of preschoolers; the main institutions of preschool children; the role of the family in the socialization of preschool children. Be able to: create a positive psychological atmosphere for the full social development of children: provide the child with the opportunity to show social motivation, the ability to independently choose a style of behavior appropriate to the situation, improve personal relationships with others; carry out join activities with preschool children, create problematic conditions that contribute to the development of nereaction. Skills corganization of interaction and improvement of personal relationships with others. Competencies: Special | | | 5 |
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| IdFundamentals of pediatrics and hygiene of children of early and preschool age5Age-related physiology, anatomy, and hygieneProduction practicedetection of diseases, teaches practical skills in the organization of first aid.14early and preschool age5Age-related physiology, anatomy, and hygieneProduction practiceExpected results: To know: physiological features of children of early and preschool age, hygienic requirements for the protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the evelopment of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | knowledge about the |
| IdFundamentals of pediatrics and hygiene of children of early and preschool age5Age-related physiology, anatomy, and hygieneProduction practicedetection of diseases, teaches practical skills in the organization of first aid.14early and preschool age5Age-related physiology, anatomy, and hygieneProduction practiceExpected results: To know: physiological features of children of early and preschool age, hygienic requirements for the protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the evelopment of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | prevention and timely |
| 14of pediatrics and hygiene of children of early and preschool age5Age-related physiology, anatomy, and hygieneProduction practiceteaches practical skills in the organization of first aid.14early and preschool age5Age-related physiology, anatomy, and hygieneProduction practiceExpected results: To know: physiological features of children of early and preschool age, hygienic requirements for the prevention and health protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | Fundamentals | | | | |
| 14 and hygiene of children of early and preschool age 5 Age-related physiology, anatomy, and hygiene Production practice in the organization of first aid. 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 4 preschool age 5 Age-related physiology, anatomy, and hygiene Production practice in the organization of first aid. 20 | | of pediatrics | | | | |
| 14 children of early and preschool age 5 physiology, anatomy, and hygiene practice first aid. Expected results: To know: physiological features of children of early and preschool age, hygienic requirements for the provention and health protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | 1. | | ~ | Age-related | Production | |
| early and preschool age and hygiene Expected results: To know: physiological features of children of early and preschool age, hygienic requirements for the prevention and health protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | 14 | | 3 | - | practice | |
| preschool age preschool age To know: physiological features of children of early and preschool age, hygienic requirements for the prevention and health protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | early and | | | 1 | Expected results: |
| physiological features of children of early and preschool age, hygienic requirements for the prevention and health protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | - | | | | - |
| of children of early and preschool age, hygienic requirements for the prevention and health protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | 1 0 | | | | physiological features |
| preschool age, hygienic requirements for the prevention and health protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| requirements for the prevention and health protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | 5 |
| prevention and health protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | 1 0, 10 |
| protection of preschool children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| children, age-related changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| changes in the child's physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| physique, deviations in the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| the physical development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | - |
| development of preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| preschool children. Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | 1 5 |
| Be able to: conduct comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| comprehensive monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| monitoring of the health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| health and physical development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | - |
| development of children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| children of early and preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| preschool age, conduct hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| hygienic control, carry out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| out prevention and timely detection of | | | | | | |
| timely detection of | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | out prevention and |
| disease | | | | | | timely detection of |
| uiscases. | | | | | | diseases. |

| | | | | | Skills: to justify and implement preventive measures aimed at improving the hygiene and health of children of early and preschool age; organization of first aid. Competencies: Special competence: |
|----|---|---|--|------------------------|---|
| 14 | Fundamentals of medical knowledge and fundamentals of child protection | 5 | Age-related physiology, anatomy, and hygiene | Production practice | The purpose of the study: the formation of conscious motivation aimed at preserving, strengthening, and shaping health; the formation of skills and abilities to use health improvement methods in a preschool environment in the mode of training, work and recreation; the formation of sustainable principles of healthy lifestyle in order to preserve and strengthen health. Summary of the course: This discipline considers the conditions for organizing the work of preschool institutions in accordance with hygienic requirements, the levels of functional capabilities of the child's body, the state of health, the creation of external favorable conditions for preschool children, forms the skills of first aid. Expected results: to know: anatomical and physiological features of preschool children, their physical and mental state, factors |

| | | | | | affecting health, features of preserving, strengthening and multiplying the health of preschool children. Be able to: provide first aid when foreign bodies get into the respiratory tract, eyes, ears, nose; determine physical well-being, psycho- emotional state with the help of psychological tests, apply rehabilitation methods in a preschool environment, at work and at rest. Skills: first aid and prevention of diseases of preschool children. Competencies: Special competence: |
|----|---|---|--|------------------------|---|
| 15 | Organization of scientific research on the problems of preschool education | 5 | Organization of educational and cognitive activities of children of preschool groups | Production practice | The purpose of the study: To equip future specialists with knowledge on the history of general and preschool pedagogy, the formation of a scientific worldview; theoretical foundations of teaching and upbringing of preschool children in our country and abroad; Summary of the course: This discipline studies the meaning of scientific knowledge, the concept of methodology, methods of modern scientific and pedagogical research in the field of preschool education; methodological principles, methods and methods of organizing scientific and pedagogical research; forms the ability to |

| | | | | | analyze, process and interpret scientific and pedagogical research. Expected results: To know: - the concept of scientific research, features of the organization and types of research; the main methods of organizing scientific research in the field of preschool education. Be able to: use modern scientific knowledge to choose methods of pedagogical activity; use methods and methods of organizing scientific and pedagogical research; process and interpret scientific and pedagogical research. Skills: organizing and conducting research activities in the course of performing professional functions. Competencies: Special |
|----|---|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 15 | Theory and methodology of pedagogical research | 5 | Early childhood pedagogy | Production practice | competence:The purpose of thestudy: To teach theskills of researchplanning, obtaining andprocessing empiricaldata, usingmethodologicaltechniques, organizingexperiments, mini-research, solvingspecific tasks.Summary of thecourse: This disciplineexamines the problemsof methodology, logicand organization ofpedagogical research,research activityprocedures, forecastingprocesses, modeling inthe preparation of |

| | | | | | pedagogical projects |
|---|----------------|---|--------------------|--------------|--|
| | | | | | and programs, |
| | | | | | experimental work |
| | | | | | procedures, is aimed at |
| | | | | | organizing independent, |
| | | | | | creative, educational, |
| | | | | | scientific and practical |
| | | | | | activities of students. |
| | | | | | Expected results: |
| | | | | | To know: typology of |
| | | | | | psychological and |
| | | | | | pedagogical research; |
| | | | | | specifics and criteria of |
| | | | | | scientific cognition; |
| | | | | | explanatory and |
| | | | | | methodological |
| | | | | | principles of |
| | | | | | psychology, structure |
| | | | | | of research activities, |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | pedagogical research. |
| | | | | | Be able to: identify |
| | | | | | scientific problems of |
| | | | | | pedagogy; |
| | | | | | independently plan and |
| | | | | | organize pedagogical |
| | | | | | research; highlight the |
| | | | | | main points of the |
| | | | | | scientific apparatus of |
| | | | | | research. |
| | | | | | Skills: using basic |
| | | | | | pedagogical research |
| | | | | | methods, experimental |
| | | | | | work, methods of |
| | | | | | processing empirical |
| | | | | | data, conducting |
| | | | | | quantitative and |
| | | | | | qualitative analysis and |
| | | | | | bringing them to the |
| | | | | | interpretative level. |
| | | | | | Competencies: |
| | | | | | - |
| | | | | | 1 |
| | | | PROFILE DISCIP | L LINES | competence. |
| | | | Components of choi | | |
| | | | | | The purpose of the |
| | | | | | study: formation, |
| | Children's | | | language | |
| 1 | literature for | 2 | litanatur 41 | development | development and |
| 1 | preschool | 3 | literature on the | of preschool | improvement of skills |
| | - | | school curriculum | | and abilities of |
| | children | | | children | 1 |
| | children | | | children | analyzing works of children's literature |

| | | | <u> </u> |
|---|---|---|---------------------------|
| | | | from an artistic, |
| | | | educational point of |
| | | | view and from the point |
| | | | of view of their |
| | | | significance in the |
| | | | formation of a child's |
| | | | personality, skills of |
| | | | expressive reading of |
| | | | literary texts. |
| | | | Summary of the |
| | | | course: This course |
| | | | introduces students to |
| | | | |
| | | | literature specially |
| | | | designed for children; |
| | | | examines works |
| | | | intended for children's |
| | | | reading, written in an |
| | | | artistic language, |
| | | | performs tasks of |
| | | | upbringing and |
| | | | education of children, |
| | | | forms skills of working |
| | | | with children's text. |
| | | | Expected results: |
| | | | To know: : the main |
| | | | stages of the history of |
| | | | children's literature and |
| | | | current trends in its |
| | | | development, the main |
| | | | literary terms, the |
| | | | classification of genres |
| | | | of children's folklore, |
| | | | - |
| | | | the specifics of |
| | | | children's literature. |
| | | | Be able to: |
| | | | independently analyze |
| | | | and evaluate works of |
| | | | children's literature of |
| | | | different types and |
| | | | genres, select works in |
| | | | accordance with the age |
| | | | of preschool children |
| | | | and the tasks of the |
| | | | work. |
| | | | Skills: application of |
| | | | knowledge in practice, |
| | | | to carry out training and |
| | | | education of preschool |
| | | | children. |
| | | | Competencies: |
| | | | Special competence: |
| 1 | 3 | | The purpose of the |
| | 5 | I | -ne purpose of the |

| | | | study: Improving the aesthetic culture of students and teaching methods of education and training of preschool children by means of fiction |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Methods of familiarization with the fiction of preschool children | literature on the school curriculum | Workshop on expressive reading | Summary of the course: During the study of this course, students get acquainted with the methodology of working with fiction, the peculiarities of understanding a literary text, methods and techniques of analyzing a work of art in accordance with the age characteristics of preschool children. |
| | | | Expected results: To know: various forms of work with fiction in preschool institutions, the role of fiction in the speech development of children, the methodology of reading |
| | | | and telling a work of art in the classroom in preschool, the structure of classes to familiarize children with the genres of prose and poetry, the methodology of preliminary and final conversations with children on the content |
| | | | of the work of art. Be able to: apply communication skills, methods of introducing preschool children to fiction, expand the vocabulary of a preschooler; form initial ideas about the |
| | | | features of fiction: about genres (prose, poetry, about their |

| | | | | | specific features; about composition; about the simplest elements of imagery in language; educate literary and artistic taste, the ability to understand and feel the mood of the work. Skills: demonstrate communication skills necessary to familiarize preschool children with fiction. Competencies: Special competence: |
|---|---|---|--|-----------------------|--|
| 2 | Development of speech of children of preschool age | 5 | Children's literature for preschool children | Correctional pedagogy | The purpose of the study: to form a set of theoretical knowledge about the means and methods of mastering the technique of speech, practical skills and abilities that develop professional qualities of speech: Summary of the course: This discipline considers the features of the formation of speech skills, the introduction of a child to the world of culture, universal values, methods of speech development (verbal, visual, game) and the features of their application in classes with children of early and preschool age. Expected results: To know: scientific foundations of the methodology of children's speech development; the role of the native language and speech in the development of the child; the main methodological techniques of speech |

| | | | |
|---------|--|--|--------------------------|
| | | | development and native |
| | | | language teaching in |
| | | | the history of foreign |
| | | | and domestic |
| | | | |
| | | | pedagogy; current |
| | | | modern ideas about the |
| | | | ontogenesis of speech |
| | | | and the main areas of |
| | | | research of children's |
| | | | speech; rules and |
| | | | |
| | | | features of vocabulary, |
| | | | grammar, phonetics, |
| | | | coherent speech of |
| | | | preschoolers; criteria |
| | | | assessment of the level |
| | | | of speech development |
| | | | of children of different |
| | | | |
| | | | age groups; the basics |
| | | | of continuity of work |
| | | | on the development of |
| | | | spoken language and |
| | | | native language |
| | | | teaching in |
| | | | - |
| | | | kindergarten and |
| | | | elementary school; |
| | | | modern trends in the |
| | | | development of |
| | | | preschool education, |
| | | | educational programs |
| | | | aimed at educating the |
| | | | |
| | | | speech language of |
| | | | children. |
| | | | Be able to: study and |
| | | | determine the features |
| | | | of children's mastery of |
| | | | their native language, |
| | | | analyze the features of |
| | | | |
| | | | speech development; |
| | | | create a developing |
| | | | speech environment |
| | | | and conditions for |
| | | | children's practical |
| | | | development of |
| | | | |
| | | | vocabulary, phonetics, |
| | | | grammatical structure |
| | | | of their native |
| | | | language, coherent |
| | | | speech; |
| | | | - |
| | | | implementation of |
| | | | activities for the |
| | | | selection and use of |
| | | | didactic material; |
| · I | | | . , |

| | | | | | execution of works on |
|---|-------------|---|----------------------|----------------|---|
| | | | | | speech development, |
| | | | | | lesson plans, games, |
| | | | | | scenarios, etc. with |
| | | | | | preschool children. |
| | | | | | development; |
| | | | | | conducting expertise on |
| | | | | | speech development |
| | | | | | programs; conducting |
| | | | | | experimental work in |
| | | | | | the field of children's |
| | | | | | speech development; |
| | | | | | providing work on |
| | | | | | children's speech |
| | | | | | development with |
| | | | | | methodological |
| | | | | | equipment; professional |
| | | | | | development of |
| | | | | | educators in the field of |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | children's speech development, assistance |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | in the development of |
| | | | | | innovative pedagogical |
| | | | | | technologies. |
| | | | | | Skills: communication |
| | | | | | with children, parents, |
| | | | | | teachers; establishing |
| | | | | | an emotional |
| | | | | | connection with |
| | | | | | preschool children; |
| | | | | | creating an atmosphere |
| | | | | | of cooperation with |
| | | | | | children; organizing |
| | | | | | work to improve |
| | | | | | conversational culture; |
| | | | | | applying theoretical |
| | | | | | knowledge in the |
| | | | | | practice of preschool |
| | | | | | institutions and general |
| | | | | | education institutions. |
| | | | | | Competencies: Special |
| | | | | | competence: |
| | | | | Features of | The purpose of the |
| | | | | working with | study: to improve the |
| | | | | the family and | skills of fluency in |
| | | | Methods of | counseling | voice, to develop skills |
| 2 | | 5 | familiarization with | parents of | that form the |
| 4 | | 5 | the fiction of | children with | professional qualities of |
| | | | preschool children | special | speech of future |
| | | | | educational | educators |
| | | | | needs | Summary of the course: |
| | Workshop on | | | | This discipline aims to |
| | - | | | • | |

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | I | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| expressive | | provide students with |
| reading | | theoretical knowledge |
| | | on the problems of |
| | | educator activity in the |
| | | field of expressive |
| | | reading as an art, on the |
| | | technique of speech, on |
| | | |
| | | the means of speech |
| | | expressiveness, and |
| | | also equips them with |
| | | practical skills of |
| | | analysis and expressive |
| | | performance of works |
| | | of various literary |
| | | genres. |
| | | Summary of the |
| | | course: |
| | | |
| | | This discipline is aimed |
| | | at obtaining students ' |
| | | theoretical knowledge |
| | | on the problems of the |
| | | teacher's activity in the |
| | | field of expressive |
| | | reading as an art, on the |
| | | technique of speech, on |
| | | the means of speech |
| | | expressiveness, and |
| | | also equips them with |
| | | practical skills of |
| | | 1 |
| | | analysis and expressive |
| | | performance of works |
| | | of various literary |
| | | genres. |
| | | Expected results: |
| | | To know: the basic |
| | | principles of expressive |
| | | reading; types of |
| | | theater used in |
| | | preschool institutions; |
| | | analysis of literary text; |
| | | |
| | | basic requirements for |
| | | performance analysis, |
| | | its characteristic |
| | | features and differences |
| | | from literary analysis, |
| | | the main criteria for |
| | | evaluating the |
| | | expressive performance |
| | | of literary works, |
| | | |
| | | 1 |
| | | improving speech |
| | | techniques using a set |

| | | | | | of special exercises, the main methods and techniques used in teaching preschoolers performing analysis and expressive reading of texts of various genres. Be able to: expressively read literary works of various genres; analyze literary texts as works of art, perform their performing analysis, objectively and reasonably evaluate their own expressive reading of texts and reading of classmates; select and correctly perform exercises on speech techniques; – organize independent work that contributes to the assimilation of the content of the discipline being studied. Skills: expressive reading skills; fundamentals of performance and leadership work with children; the ability to analyze their activities |
|---|---|---|--|------------------------|--|
| | | | | | leadership work with children; the ability to |
| 3 | Physical education and health- improving technologies in preschool institutions | 5 | Theory and methodology of educational work | Production practice | The purpose of the study: to form students' scientific worldview and understanding of the theoretical foundations of physical education and child development Summary of the course: This discipline is aimed at physical development and strengthening the health of the child: the development of |

| | | | physical qualities, |
|---|--|--|--------------------------|
| | | | motor activity and the |
| | | | formation of physical |
| | | | culture of preschoolers, |
| | | | education habits of |
| | | | daily physical activity |
| | | | through the use of |
| | | | recreational |
| | | | |
| | | | technologies in |
| | | | preschool. |
| | | | Summary of the |
| | | | course: |
| | | | This discipline is aimed |
| | | | at the physical |
| | | | development and |
| | | | strengthening of the |
| | | | child's health: the |
| 1 | | | development of |
| 1 | | | physical qualities, |
| 1 | | | motor activity and the |
| 1 | | | formation of physical |
| 1 | | | |
| 1 | | | culture of preschoolers, |
| | | | education of the habit |
| 1 | | | of daily physical |
| 1 | | | activity through the use |
| 1 | | | of wellness |
| 1 | | | technologies in |
| 1 | | | preschool institutions. |
| 1 | | | . Expected results: |
| | | | To know: features of |
| | | | the organization of |
| | | | work on physical |
| | | | education of preschool |
| | | | children and advanced |
| | | | health-saving |
| | | | |
| | | | preschool educational |
| | | | 1 |
| | | | institution. |
| | | | Be able to: diagnose the |
| | | | levels of |
| | | | psychophysical and |
| | | | sensorimotor |
| | | | development of |
| | | | children, implement |
| | | | ways of physical |
| | | | education and health |
| | | | protection of preschool |
| | | | children; form practical |
| | | | skills aimed at |
| | | | |
| | | | diagnosing and |
| | | | evaluating the |
| | | | effectiveness of the |

| | | | | | process of physical education in preschool. Skills: physical education of preschool children through wellness technologies in preschool and in everyday life, planning physical education lessons. Competencies: Special competence: |
|---|--|---|--|------------------------|--|
| 3 | Theory and methodology of physical education of children | 5 | Theory and methodology of educational work | Production practice | The purpose of the study: to carry out professional training of students in the field of physical education of preschool children. Summary of the course: This discipline equips students with theoretical knowledge in the field of physical culture, its role in the formation of the foundations of a healthy lifestyle in children, through the use of physical culture and interactive games, exercises and classes, as well as in the organization of all types of children's activities through physical minutes, didactic games with elements of movement, outdoor games. Expected results: To know: theoretical foundations in the field of physical education of preschool children, its role in the formation of the foundations of a healthy lifestyle in children, through effective methods of techniques and forms of organization of the educational process. |

| | | | | | Be able to: introduce forms and methods of organizing physical education of preschool children in the educational process of preschool education; carry out consulting activities on the organization and conduct of individual and collective physical culture and sports activities of persons of different ages. Skills: strengthening the health of preschoolers, improvement of the health-saving culture, organization of comprehensive control in physical culture and sports training. Competence: Special competence: |
|---|---|---|--------------------|------------------------|--|
| 4 | Fundamentals of Natural Science and methods of familiarizing children with nature | 5 | Preschool pedagogy | Production practice | The purpose of the study: to study the current state and negative factors of the environment, bioecology, the biosphere and humanity. Summary of the course: This discipline equips students with knowledge in the field of perspiration techniques aimed at forming preschool children's ideas about objects and phenomena of living and inanimate nature, introduces them to the world of plants and animals, promotes a humane attitude to the surrounding nature, the formation of skills to work with natural materials. |

| | | | | | Expected regults. |
|---|---------------|---|--------------------|------------|---|
| | | | | | Expected results: Know: objects and |
| | | | | | 5 |
| | | | | | phenomena of living and inanimate nature, |
| | | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | formation of preschool children's ideas about |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | the environment and methods of |
| | | | | | familiarization with the |
| | | | | | nature of children of |
| | | | | | different age groups of |
| | | | | | preschool education |
| | | | | | institutions; ways of |
| | | | | | organizing various |
| | | | | | forms of familiarization |
| | | | | | of preschool children |
| 1 | | | | | with nature and their |
| 1 | | | | | environmental |
| | | | | | education. |
| | | | | | Be able to: apply |
| | | | | | modern teaching |
| | | | | | methods and |
| 1 | | | | | technologies in |
| | | | | | teaching and natural |
| 1 | | | | | science in preschool |
| 1 | | | | | institutions; organize |
| | | | | | the process of |
| 1 | | | | | familiarization with |
| 1 | | | | | nature for preschool |
| | | | | | children - create |
| | | | | | conditions for |
| | | | | | familiarization with |
| | | | | | nature and |
| | | | | | environmental |
| | | | | | education. |
| | | | | | Skills: to possess the |
| | | | | | skills of classification |
| | | | | | of effective methods |
| | | | | | and techniques of |
| | | | | | teaching natural science |
| | | | | | in the DOW, as well as |
| | | | | | working with natural |
| | | | | | materials. |
| | | | | | Competencies: Special competence: |
| | Actual | | | | The purpose of the |
| | Problems of | | | Due to of | study: formation of |
| 4 | environmental | 5 | Duranta 1 1 | Production | students' knowledge of |
| | protection | | Preschool pedagogy | practice | the principles and rules |
| | * | | | | of environmental |
| | | | | | protection and rational |

| | | |
|--|--|---------------------------|
| | | use of its resources, as |
| | | well as environmental |
| | | awareness |
| | | |
| | | Summary of the |
| | | course: This discipline |
| | | is aimed at forming a |
| | | system of knowledge |
| | | about nature and |
| | | |
| | | educating a conscious |
| | | attitude to it in |
| | | preschool children, |
| | | equips them with a |
| | | system of |
| | | environmental |
| | | |
| | | 0 |
| | | them to gain practical |
| | | experience, teaches |
| | | them to learn about the |
| | | world of nature and try |
| | | their hand at preserving |
| | | and multiplying it. |
| | | |
| | | Expected results: |
| | | Know: theoretical |
| | | foundations of |
| | | environmental |
| | | protection, the main |
| | | anthropogenic-caused |
| | | |
| | | negative processes in |
| | | various environmental |
| | | objects (hydrosphere, |
| | | atmosphere and soil) |
| | | and in ecosystems; |
| | | principles and methods |
| | | of protection of flora |
| | | |
| | | and fauna, conservation |
| | | of their biodiversity and |
| | | productivity; global |
| | | environmental |
| | | problems of our time, |
| | | prospects for their |
| | | 1 1 |
| | | development and |
| | | solutions. |
| | | Be able to: use the |
| | | acquired knowledge for |
| | | environmental |
| | | protection and rational |
| | | |
| | | use of natural |
| | | resources; predict and |
| | | evaluate possible |
| | | negative consequences |
| | | of human activities for |
| | | the environment. |
| | | |

| | | | | | Skills: formation of a positive attitude to the environment, competent participation in the discussion and solution of modern environmental problems generated by new technologies in the context of global industrialization and urbanization of the planet. Competencies: Special competence: |
|---|--|---|--------------------|------------------------|--|
| 5 | Development of children's visual art | 5 | Preschool pedagogy | Production practice | The purpose of the study: - to prepare students for the development, preparation and conduct of classes in visual activities within the framework of various educational programs Summary of the course This discipline examines the features of the development of visual creativity in preschool children; the role and importance of visual art in the system of artistic and aesthetic education of preschool children; forms students ' skills to independently design the process of ethetic education and training of visual activities of preschoolers. Expected results: to know: methods and means of developing fine arts in children, methods of conducting classes in fine arts and other forms of organization of artistic and aesthetic education of children. Be able to: use visual |

| | | | | | activity as a means of aesthetic education and artistic education of preschoolers, independently choose methods, forms and means of teaching for a specific lesson, activation of creative abilities of children. Skills: the use of expressive means characteristic of each field of fine art. Competencies: Special competence: |
|---|--------------------------------|---|--------------------|------------------------|---|
| 5 | Workshop on visual activity | 5 | Preschool pedagogy | Production practice | The purpose of the study is to prepare students for creative pedagogical activity, mastering knowledge, practical skills and necessary skills for teaching and educating preschool children in the field of artistic and aesthetic education, taking into account their age characteristics. Summary of the course: This course is aimed at training preschool specialists who are able to professionally carry out artistic and aesthetic education of preschoolers, forming their skills to use expressive visual means in drawing, painting, thematic composition and decorative work. Expected results: know: theoretical foundations of fine art; terminology and means of artistic expression used in the process of visual activity; features of the development of |

| | | | | | visual creativity in preschool children; the role and significance of fine art lessons in the system of aesthetic education of preschoolers. Be able to: apply expressive visual means in drawing, painting, thematic composition and decorative work, make thematic plans for the course of visual creativity in preschool. Skills: organization of practical visual activities with preschool children Competencies: Special competence: |
|---|--|---|------------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| 6 | Theory and methodology of musical education of preschool children | 6 | Fundamentals of teaching skills | Production practice | The purpose of the study: the formation of musical pedagogical knowledge, skills and abilities, the development of the artistic aspects of the student's personality through acquaintance with the basics of musical art Summary of the course: This discipline is aimed at solving the main tasks of musical education of preschool children, reveals the methods and techniques of musical education as a way of interrelated activity of the teacher and children, aimed at developing musical abilities, forming the foundations of musical culture of preschool children. Expected results: To know: theoretical foundations of the management of musical |

| | | | | | activity, methods and techniques of musical education of preschoolers, methodological foundations of the organization and conduct of matinees, theatrical events. Be able to: stimulate independent musical and musical entertainment activities taking into account the individual characteristics of preschool children, organization of children's leisure; analysis of the preparation and conduct of matinees; demonstration of ways to work with different types of theaters with different attributes. Skills: planning and organization of preschoolers in musical and theatrical games; organization of preschoolers in musical activities; participation in the preparation and conduct of matinees; control over the formation of skills of musical activity, |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| | | | | | musical activity, creative activity. Competencies: Special competence: |
| 6 | Musical art in pre-school education | 6 | Fundamentals of teaching skills | Production practice | The purpose of the study: to familiarize students with the main foreign and domestic theoretical concepts and models of family psychotherapy. formation of musical pedagogical knowledge, skills and abilities, development |

| r | |
|---|----------------------------|
| | of the artistic aspects of |
| | the student's personality |
| | through acquaintance |
| | with the basics of |
| | musical art |
| | |
| | Summary of the |
| | course: This discipline |
| | is aimed at forming a |
| | common culture of |
| | children through the |
| | development of |
| | musicality, musical and |
| | |
| | artistic activity of |
| | children and the ability |
| | to emotionally perceive |
| | music, introduction to |
| | the musical art. It |
| | enriches the aesthetic |
| | feelings of the child, |
| | develops musical |
| | ± |
| | thinking, creative |
| | imagination and an idea |
| | of the beauty of music. |
| | Expected results: |
| | To know: The |
| | theoretical foundations |
| | of musical art, the |
| | |
| | history of music, its |
| | features, the influence |
| | of representatives of |
| | Kazakh art on the |
| | development of the |
| | cognitive sphere of |
| | preschool children. |
| | Be able to: introduce |
| | |
| | 1 |
| | the art of music through |
| | the development of |
| | aesthetic, musical |
| | thinking. |
| | Skills: formation of a |
| | high level of moral |
| | feelings, the ability to |
| | |
| | evaluate the phenomena |
| | of musical life; |
| | identification of |
| | musical abilities in a |
| | preschool child |
| | Competencies: Special |
| | |
| | competence: |

LIST

of components by choice for an educational program 6B01201 "Preschool education and upbringing"

Duration of training: 2 years Form of study: full-time

Year of admission: 2024

| Nº | Name of the discipline | code of discipline | number of credits | semester |
|----|---|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|
| | Basic discipli | ne | 1 | |
| | Elective course 1 | | | |
| 1 | Psychological and pedagogical diagnostics of preschool children | PPDPCh 1213 | | |
| | Diagnostics of personality and interpersonal relations in children | DPIRCh 1213 | 3 | 1 |
| | Elective course 2 | | | |
| 2 | Etnopedagogy | Etn 1214 | | |
| 2 | Artistic means of OFA in the education of children of preschool age | AMCNTSEChPA 1214 | 6 | 1 |
| | Elective course 3 | | | |
| 3 | Workshop on child psychology | WChP 1215 | | |
| | Art therapy in preschool | ATP 1215 | 6 | 1 |
| | Elective course 4 | | | |
| 4 | Family education and psychology | FEP 1216 | | |
| | Psychology and ethics of family life | PEFL 1216 | 5 | 2 |
| | Elective course 5 | | | |
| 5 | Development of communication and communicative competence of preschool children | DCCCPCh 1217 | | |
| | Organization of activities and interaction of children | OAICh 1217 | 5 | 2 |
| | Elective course 6 | | | |
| 6 | Modern pedagogical systems | MPS 1218 | | |
| | Innovations in preschool education | IP 1218 | 6 | 1 |
| | Elective course 7 | | | |
| 7 | Features of the teacher's work in pre-school groups | FTWPG 1219 | | |
| | Professional interaction of a preschool teacher with participants of the educational process | PIDOWTPEP 1219 | 5 | 2 |
| | Elective course 8 | | | |
| 8 | Psychological readiness for school | PRSch 1220 | | |
| - | Game Psychology | GP 1220 | 5 | 2 |
| | Elective course 9 | | | |
| 9 | History of pedagogy | HP 2221 | | |
| | Early childhood pedagogy | EChP 2221 | 6 | 3 |

| | Elective course 10 | | | 1 |
|----|--|---|---|---|
| 10 | Psychology and pedagogy of giftedness | chology and pedagogy of giftedness PPG 2222 | | |
| | Technology of work with gifted children | | | 3 |
| | Elective course 11 | | | |
| | Methodical work in a preschool institution | MWDOW 2223 | | |
| 11 | Design and monitoring of the educational process | | | |
| | in pre-school institutions | DMEPPI 2223 | 5 | 3 |
| | Elective course 12 | | | |
| | Organization and management of preschool | | | |
| 12 | education | OMPE 4224 | | |
| | Partnership interaction with parents of preschool | | | |
| | children | PIPPCh 4224 | 5 | 3 |
| | Elective course 13 | | | |
| 13 | Social pedagogy | cial pedagogy SP 2225 | | |
| 15 | Socialization of children of early and preschool | | | |
| | age | SChEPA 2225 | 5 | 4 |
| | Elective course 14 | | | |
| | Fundamentals of pediatrics and hygiene of | | | |
| 14 | children of early and preschool age | FPHChEPA 2226 | | |
| | Fundamentals of medical knowledge and | | - | |
| | fundamentals of child protection | FMKFChP 2226 | 5 | 4 |
| | Elective course 15 | | | |
| 15 | Organization of scientific research on the | OCDDDE 2227 | | |
| | problems of preschool education | OSRPPE 2227 | - | |
| | Theory and methodology of pedagogical research | TMPR 2227 | 5 | 4 |
| | Main subjec | t | | |
| 1 | Children's literature for preschool children | ChLPCh 1305 | | |
| _ | Methods of familiarization with the fiction of | | | |
| | preschool children | | | 1 |
| | Elective course 2 | | | |
| | Development of speech of children of preschool | | | |
| 2 | age | DSChPA 2306 | | |
| | Workshop on expressive reading | WER 2306 | 5 | 3 |
| | Elective course 3 | | | |
| | Physical education and health-improving | PEHITDOW | | |
| 3 | technologies in preschool institutions | 2307 | | |
| | Theory and methodology of physical education of | | | |
| | children | TMPECh 2307 | 5 | 3 |
| | Elective course4 | | | |
| 4 | Fundamentals of Natural Science and methods of | FNSMFChN | | |
| 4 | familiarizing children with nature | | | |
| | Actual Problems of environmental protection APE 2308 | | 5 | 3 |
| | | APE 2308 | 3 | - |
| | Elective course 5 | | | - |
| 5 | | DChVA 2309 | | |
| 5 | Elective course 5 | | 5 | 4 |

| Theory and methodology of musical education of | | | |
|--|--------------|---|---|
| preschool children | TMMEPCh 2310 | | |
| Musical art in pre-school education | MPE 42310 | 6 | 4 |